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Standard Specification for Laboratory Glass Conical Flasks¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This specification provides standard dimensional requirements for glass conical flasks suitable for general laboratory use.

NOTE 1—For packaging standards, choose the following standards; E920, E921, and E1133.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²

E438 Specification for Glasses in Laboratory Apparatus

E671 Specification for Maximum Permissible Thermal Residual Stress in Annealed Glass Laboratory Apparatus

E675 Specification for Interchangeable Taper-Ground Stopcocks And Stoppers

E676 Specification for Interchangeable Taper-Ground Joints

E920 Specification for Commercially Packaged Laboratory Apparatus

E921 Specification for Export Packaged Laboratory Apparatus

E1133 Practice for Performance Testing of Packaged Laboratory Apparatus for United States Government Procurements

E1157 Specification for Sampling and Testing of Reusable Laboratory Glassware

3. Classification

3.1 Conical flasks (Erlenmeyer) shall be in in the following types and capacities.

3.1.1 *Type I*—general purpose, with graduated scale.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E41 on Laboratory Apparatus and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E41.01 on Apparatus.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3.1.1.1 *Class 1*—Narrow mouth with heavy duty beaded top, in capacities of 25 mL, 50 mL, 125 mL, 250 mL, 300 mL, 500 mL, 1000 mL, 1500 mL, 2000 mL, 4000 mL, and 6000 mL.

3.1.1.2 *Class 2*—Wide mouth with heavy duty beaded top, in capacities of 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 1000 mL, and 2000 mL.

3.1.2 *Type II*—Tapered ground joint, with graduated scale.

3.1.2.1 *Class 1*—Outer Conical, joint without stopper, in capacities of 50 mL, 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 1000 mL, and 2000 mL.

3.1.2.2 *Class 2*—with stopper, in capacities of 25 mL, 50 mL, 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, and 1000 mL.

3.1.2.3 *Class 3*—For iodine determination, in capacities of 125 mL, 250 mL, and 500 mL.

3.1.3 *Type III*—Screw thread finish, with graduated scale, in capacities of 50 mL, 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 1000 mL, and 2000 mL.

3.1.4 *Type IV*—Culture;

3.1.4.1 *Class 1*—Long neck, plain top, in capacities of 50 mL, 125 mL, 250 mL, 500 mL, 1000 mL, and 2000 mL.

3.1.4.2 *Class 2*—Wide base (Fernbach), in capacity of 2800 mL.

3.1.4.3 *Class 3*—Wide base, low form, in a capacity of 2500 mL.

NOTE 2—The term milliliter (mL) is commonly used as a special name for the cubic centimeter (cm³) and similarly the liter (L) for 1000 cubic centimeters, in accordance with the International System of Units (SI).

4. Material and Manufacturing

4.1 Flasks shall be made of borosilicate glass conforming to the requirements of Type I, Class A of Specification E438.

4.2 Maximum residual thermal stress shall be such as to conform to Specification E671.

5. Appearance

5.1 The general appearance of the flasks shall be as illustrated in Fig. 1.

6. Design

6.1 Conical flasks shall have flat bottoms. However, concavity in the bottom shall be permitted. The flask shall stand vertically without rocking or spinning when placed on a level