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Standard Specification for Slag Cement for Use in Concrete and Mortars¹

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This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers three strength grades of slag cement for use as a cementitious material in concrete and mortar.

Note 1—The material described in this specification may be used for blending with portland cement to produce a cement meeting the requirements of Specification C595 or as a separate ingredient in concrete or mortar mixtures. The material may also be useful in a variety of special grouts and mortars, and when used with an appropriate activator, as the principal cementitious material in some applications.

Note 2—Information on technical aspects of the use of the material described in this specification is contained in Appendix X1, Appendix X2, and Appendix X3. More detailed information on that subject is contained in ACI 233R-03.²

- 1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the inch-pound units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. Values are stated in only SI units when inch-pound units are not used in practice.
- 1.3 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods described in this specification. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.4 The text of this standard references notes and footnotes that provide explanatory information. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables) shall not be considered as requirements of this standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

C109/C109M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens)

C114 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Hydraulic Cement

C125 Terminology Relating to Concrete and Concrete Aggregates

C150 Specification for Portland Cement

C185 Test Method for Air Content of Hydraulic Cement Mortar

C188 Test Method for Density of Hydraulic Cement

C227 Test Method for Potential Alkali Reactivity of Cement-Aggregate Combinations (Mortar-Bar Method)

C204 Test Methods for Fineness of Hydraulic Cement by Air-Permeability Apparatus

C430 Test Method for Fineness of Hydraulic Cement by the 45-µm (No. 325) Sieve

C441 Test Method for Effectiveness of Pozzolans or Ground Blast-Furnace Slag in Preventing Excessive Expansion of Concrete Due to the Alkali-Silica Reaction

C452 Test Method for Potential Expansion of Portland-Cement Mortars Exposed to Sulfate

C465 Specification for Processing Additions for Use in the Manufacture of Hydraulic Cements

C595 Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements

C1012 Test Method for Length Change of Hydraulic-Cement Mortars Exposed to a Sulfate Solution

C1038 Test Method for Expansion of Hydraulic Cement Mortar Bars Stored in Water

C1260 Test Method for Potential Alkali Reactivity of Aggregates (Mortar-Bar Method)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C09 on Concrete and Concrete Aggregates and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C09.27 on Ground Slag.

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² ACI 233R-03 Slag Cement in Concrete and Mortar. Available from American Concrete Institute (ACI), P.O. Box 9094, Farmington Hills, MI 48333.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



C1293 Test Method for Determination of Length Change of Concrete Due to Alkali-Silica Reaction

C1567 Test Method for Determining the Potential Alkali-Silica Reactivity of Combinations of Cementitious Materials and Aggregate (Accelerated Mortar-Bar Method)

D3665 Practice for Random Sampling of Construction Materials

3. Terminology

3.1 For definitions of terms used in this test method, refer to Terminology C125.

4. Classification

4.1 Slag cement is classified by performance in the slag activity test in three grades: Grade 80, Grade 100, and Grade 120 (see Table 1).

5. Ordering Information

5.1 The purchaser shall specify the grade of slag cement desired and the optional chemical or physical data to be reported.

6. Additions

- 6.1 Slag cement covered by this specification shall contain no additions except as follows:
- 6.1.1 It is permissible to add calcium sulfate to slag cement provided it has been demonstrated by Test Method C1038 that a test mixture will not develop expansion in water exceeding 0.020 % at 14 days. In the test mixture, 50 % of the mass of portland cement shall be replaced by an equal mass of slag cement. The portland cement used in the test mixture shall meet the requirements of Specification C150. When the manufacturer supplies cement under this provision, upon request, supporting data shall be supplied to the purchaser.
- 6.1.2 When processing additions are used in the manufacture of slag cement, the maximum amount used shall comply with the requirements of Specification C465 when tested using a blend that is 50 % slag cement and 50 % portland cement by mass.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 Slag cement shall conform to the chemical requirements prescribed in Table 2.

8. Physical Properties

8.1 Slag cement shall conform to the physical requirements of Table 1.

9. Sampling

9.1 The following sampling and testing procedures shall be used by the purchaser to verify compliance with this specification. Note 3—Sulfur in granulated blast-furnace slag is present predominantly as sulfide sulfur. In most cases, instrumental analyses, such as x-ray fluorescence, cannot differentiate sulfide sulfur from sulfate. Determine and report the sulfide sulfur content separately, and do not include it in the SO₃ calculations.

TABLE 1 Physical Requirements

Item		
Fineness:		
amount retained when wet screened on a 45-µm (No. 325) sieve, max %		20
Specific surface by air permeability, Test Methods C204 shall be determined and reported although no limits are required.		
Air Content of Slag Mortar, max %		12
	Average of Last Five Consecutive Samples	Any Individual Sample
Slag Activity Index, min, %		
7-Day Index		
Grade 80		
Grade 100	75	70
Grade 120	95	90
28-Day Index	75	70
Grade 80	75	70
Grade 100	95	90
Grade 120	115	110