

Designation: D7856 – 14

StandardSpecification for Color and Appearance Retention of Solid and Variegated Color Plastic Siding Products using CIELab Color Space¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7856; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification establishes requirements and test methods for the color and appearance retention of solid and variegated colored plastic siding products.

1.2 Color retention testing provides a method for estimating the acceptability of color change in a siding product over a period of years of service. The exposure locations and durations specified in this standard have been shown to provide a good estimation of the color change in a siding product over a period of years of service (see 2.2).

1.3 This specification is a successor to Specifications D6864 and D7251, which cover solid colors and variegated colors, respectively. This specification combines coverage for both, and has the same scope as those standards.

1.4 Specifications D6864 and D7251 use Hunter Lab color space for measurement of colors and evaluation of color change. These standards require classification of colors into regions based on the L, a, and b coordinates of the color, and evaluation of color changes is done using an ellipsoid value equation having unique coefficients for each color region. This specification uses CIE 1976 L* a* b* color space for measurement and evaluation of color change. Using this method, the need for separate color regions and evaluation equations has been eliminated.

1.5 Provisions for sample selection and preparation, and weathering are the same in this specification as in Specifications D6864 and D7251.

1.6 Characterization of color and appearance for variegated colors is complicated by the presence of multiple colors in a random pattern. The procedure for measuring variegated colors in this specification is based on using a template to reference six spots for color measurement.

1.7 This standard specifies outdoor weathering in three specific climate zones for a single 24-month exposure, and the color retention performance requirements under these condi-

tions are established to predict acceptable performance for the expected service life. However, nothing in this standard precludes the use of different or additional climate zones, or different exposure durations, so long as those conditions are clearly specified in any reports.

1.8 *Units*—The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.9 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

Note 1—There is no known ISO equivalent to this standard.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- D660 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Checking of Exterior Paints
- D661 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Cracking of Exterior Paints
- D662 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Erosion of Exterior Paints
- D714 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints
- D772 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Flaking (Scaling) of Exterior Paints
- D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics
- D1435 Practice for Outdoor Weathering of Plastics
- D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D2244 Practice for Calculation of Color Tolerances and Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates
- D4214 Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.24 on Plastic Building Products.

Current edition approved Feb. 1, 2014. Published February 2014. DOI: 10.1520/D7856-14.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- D6864 Specification for Color and Appearance Retention of Solid Colored Plastic Siding Products
- D7251 Specification for Color and Appearance Retention of Variegated Color Plastic Siding Products
- E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E805 Practice for Identification of Instrumental Methods of Color or Color-Difference Measurement of Materials
- G147 Practice for Conditioning and Handling of Nonmetallic Materials for Natural and Artificial Weathering Tests
- 2.2 Other Reference:
- VS2W Vinyl Siding Institute (VSI) Technical Research Report for Weatherability of Vinyl Siding Products³

Note 2—The report cited in 2.2 supports the conclusion that commercial vinyl siding products which demonstrate weathering behavior within conformance to these standards during a two year test program can be anticipated to provide acceptable color retention properties for the expected life of the product.

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminologies D883 and D1600 unless otherwise noted.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *temperate northern climate*—in weathering testing, a North American metropolitan area testing site within 73 to 100°W longitude and 37 to 45°N latitude.

3.2.2 *variegated plastic siding*—siding having discrete markings of different colors.

4. Sampling and Specimen Preparation

4.1 Samples shall be representative of the product to be evaluated. Samples shall be taken either from commercial products or from laboratory samples. Laboratory samples shall be produced in the same manner as the commercial products to be evaluated.

Note 3—Production of laboratory samples in the same manner includes use of the same method of forming the product. For example, if the commercial product is extruded, the laboratory specimen shall be extruded; if the commercial product is injection molded, the laboratory specimen shall be injection molded, and so forth.

4.2 Mark each specimen permanently to ensure retention of identity during and after exposure testing. Ensure that the identification marking is small and does not interfere with the color measuring area.

Note 4—Use of a vibratool leaves a permanent mark that satisfies this criterion.

4.3 Solid Color Specimens:

4.3.1 Prepare a minimum of four specimens per sample per test site to allow for three test specimens and one file specimen for each sample evaluated.

4.3.2 The file specimen will be measured for color at each test location and will serve as the reference color for evaluation of color changes in the three replicates after weathering.

4.3.3 Specimens shall be a flat section and a minimum of 2 by $3\frac{3}{4}$ in. (51 by 95 mm). If the normally-exposed surface of the siding is heavily textured to the extent that correct or consistent color measurements cannot be obtained, weathering test exposure of the back surface or other surface is permitted, so long as the surface is representative of the exposed surface.

4.4 Variegated Color Specimens:

4.4.1 Prepare a minimum of four specimens per sample per test site to allow for three test specimens and one file specimen for each sample evaluated.

4.4.2 The file specimen will be used for a visual assessment of variegation/contrast change. The test specimens will be measured for color and weathered.

4.4.3 Specimens shall be a flat section and a minimum of 3 by 10 in. (76 by 254 mm). The variegated pattern shall be parallel to the long edge of the specimen.

4.4.4 Use the Variegated Color Measurement Template to identify the six spots on each test specimen for color retention testing. The center points of these six spots are specified in Fig. 1. The diameter of the six spots is specified as 0.50 in. (12.2 mm) minimum. The actual diameter used shall be large enough to admit the aperture plate of the instrument used without extraneous light leakage.

4.4.5 The exact locations of these test spots must be determined and recorded for each test specimen to allow measurement of color change following exposure testing. The locations and spot sizes identified in 4.4.4 for each test specimen shall not change once the exposure test is started.

5. Procedure

5.1 Outdoor Weathering:

5.1.1 Samples shall be exposed at three test sites: Temperate Northern represented by a site located in near Louisville, KY or Cleveland, OH; hot, humid represented by a site located near Miami, FL; and hot, dry represented by a site located near Phoenix, AZ. Actual test locations are not limited to these representative cities so long as the location is representative of the indicated climate zone.

5.2 Color Measurement (General):

5.2.1 All color measurements are to be made in accordance with this section. Obtain test and file specimens in accordance with 4.3 or 4.4. The following procedure is used at each of the three weathering locations.

5.2.2 Color is measured using 8° sphere geometry, diffuse illumination, specular component included (di:8), Illuminant D65, and 10° observer, in accordance with Practice E805. For solid colors make at least three separate measurements on the specimen and average them. For variegated colors take one reading at each of the six spots identified in 4.4.4, and average them.

5.2.3 Calculate the CIE 1976 $L^*a^*b^*$ units in accordance with the "CIE 1976 $L^*a^*b^*$ Uniform Color Space and Color-Difference Equation" in Test Method D2244, using the average of the replicate measurements, and record them in a permanent record.

5.2.4 Measured specimen color values shall be reported to no more than two decimal places, in accordance with the rounding method in Practice E29.

³ Available from Vinyl Siding Institute (VSI), National Housing Center, 1201 15th Street NW, Suite 220, Washington, DC 20005, http://www.vinylsiding.org.