Designation: $F467 - 13F467 - 13^{\epsilon 1}$

Standard Specification for Nonferrous Nuts for General Use¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F467; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

ε¹ NOTE—Table 2 was editorially corrected in February 2014.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers the requirements for commercial wrought nonferrous nuts 0.250 to 1.500 in. inclusive in diameter in a number of alloys in common use and intended for general service applications.
 - 1.2 Applicable bolts, cap screws, and studs for use with nuts covered by this specification are covered by Specification F468.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

Note 1—This specification is the inch-pound companion to Specification F467M; therefore, no SI equivalents are presented in the specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

B154 Test Method for Mercurous Nitrate Test for Copper Alloys

B574 Specification for Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum, Low-Carbon Nickel-Molybdenum-Chromium, Low-Carbon Nickel-Molybdenum-Chromium-Tantalum, Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Copper, and Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Tungsten Alloy Rod

D3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging

E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum-Base Alloys (Withdrawn 2017)³

E38 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Chromium and Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys (Withdrawn 1989)³

E53 Test Method for Determination of Copper in Unalloyed Copper by Gravimetry

E54 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Special Brasses and Bronzes (Withdrawn 2002)³

E55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition

E62 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods) (Withdrawn 2010)³

E75 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper-Nickel and Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloys (Withdrawn 2010)³

E76 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Copper Alloys (Withdrawn 2003)³

E92 Test Methods for Vickers Hardness and Knoop Hardness of Metallic Materials

E101 Test Method for Spectrographic Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique (Withdrawn 1996)³

E120 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys (Withdrawn 2003)³

E165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry

E227 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique (Withdrawn 2002)³

E354 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of High-Temperature, Electrical, Magnetic, and Other Similar Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.04 on Nonferrous Fasteners. Current edition approved April 1, 2013. Published May 2013. Originally approved in 1976. Last previous edition approved in 2006 as F467 − 08^{ε1}. DOI: 10.1520/F0467-13.10.1520/F0467-13E01.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.



E478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys

E1409 Test Method for Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Inert Gas Fusion

F468 Specification for Nonferrous Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, Socket Head Cap Screws, and Studs for General Use

F606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets (Metric) F0606_F0606M

F1470 Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection

2.2 ASME Standards:4

B 1.1 Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR Thread Form)

B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts

3. Ordering Information

- 3.1 Orders for nuts under this specification shall include the following information:
- 3.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of each item and size);
- 3.1.2 Name of item;
- 3.1.3 Size (diameter and threads per inch);
- 3.1.4 Alloy number (Table 1);
- 3.1.5 Stress relieving, if required (4.2.3);
- 3.1.6 "Shipment lot" testing, as required (Section 9);
- 3.1.7 Source inspection, if required (Section 14);
- 3.1.8 Certificate of compliance or test report, if required (Section 16);
- 3.1.9 Additional requirements, if any, to be specified on

the purchase order (4.2.1, 7.2, 8.2, 12.1, and 13.1),

- 3.1.10 Supplementary requirements, if any; and
- 3.1.11 ASTM designation (including year or published date).

Note 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: 10 000 pieces, Hex Nut, 0.250" -20, Alloy 270, Furnish Certificate of Compliance, Supplementary Requirement S 1, ASTM Specification F 467-XX

4. Materials and Manufacture https://standards.iteh.ai)

- 4.1 Materials:
- 4.1.1 The nuts shall be manufactured from material having a chemical composition conforming to the requirements in Table 2 and capable of developing the required mechanical properties for the specified alloy in the finished fastener. See Specification B574 for nickel alloys.
- 4.1.2 The starting condition of the raw material shall be at the discretion of the fastener manufacturer but shall be such that the finished products conform to all the specified requirements.
 - 4.2 Manufacture:
- 4.2.1 *Forming*—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall be hot pressed, cold formed, or machined from suitable material at the option of the manufacturer.
 - 4.2.2 Condition—Except as provided in 4.2.3, the nuts shall be furnished in the condition specified below:

Condition Copper (all alloys) As formed or stress relieved at manufacturer's option Nickel alloys 400 and 405 As formed or stress relieved at manufacturer's option Nickel alloy 500 Solution annealed and aged Aluminum allovs: 2024-T4 Solution treated and naturally aged 6061-T6 Solution treated and artificially aged 6262-T9 Solution treated, artificially aged, and cold worked Titanium As formed Annealed

4.2.3 Stress Relieving—When required, stress relieving shall be specified by the purchaser for all copper alloys and nickel alloys 400 and 405.

5. Chemical Composition

- 5.1 Chemical Composition—The nuts shall conform to the chemical composition specified in Table 1 for the specified alloy.
- 5.2 Manufacturer's Analysis:

⁴ Available from Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way, East Englewood, CO 80112-5704, http://global.ihs.com.



- 5.2.1 Except as provided in 5.2.2, when test reports are required on the inquiry or purchase order (3.1.8), the manufacturer shall make individual analyses of randomly selected finished nuts from the product to be shipped and report the results to the purchaser. Alternatively, if heat and lot identities have been maintained, the analysis of the raw material from which the nuts have been manufactured may be reported instead of product analysis.
- 5.2.2 For aluminum nuts, instead of 5.2.1, the manufacturer may furnish a certificate of conformance certifying compliance with the chemical composition specified in Table 1.
 - 5.3 Product Analysis:
- 5.3.1 Product analyses may be made by the purchaser from finished products representing each lot. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements in Table 1.
- 5.3.2 In the event of disagreement, a referee chemical analysis of samples from each lot shall be made in accordance with 12.1 and 13.1.

6. Mechanical Properties

- 6.1 The nuts shall be tested in accordance with the mechanical testing requirements for the applicable type and shall meet the mechanical requirements in Table 2 for the specified alloy.
- 6.2 Where both proof load and hardness tests are performed, the proof load test results shall take precedence for acceptance purposes.

7. Dimensions

- 7.1 Nuts—Unless otherwise specified, the dimensions of nuts shall be in accordance with the requirements of ASME B18.2.2.
- 7.2 Threads—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall have Class 2B threads in accordance with ASME B1.1.

8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

- 8.1 Workmanship—Nuts shall have a workmanlike finish free of injurious burrs, seams, laps, irregular surfaces, and other imperfections affecting serviceability.
 - 8.2 Finish—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall be furnished without any additive chemical or metallic finish.

9. Sampling

- 9.1 A lot, for the purposes of selecting test specimens, shall consist of not more than 100 000 pieces offered for inspection at one time having the following common characteristics:
 - 9.1.1 One type of item,
 - 9.1.2 Same alloy and temper, and
 - 9.1.3 One nominal diameter and thread series. 9.1.3 One nominal diameter and thread series.

10. Number of Tests and Retests

10.1 *Normal Testing*—The requirements of this specification shall be met in continuous mass production for stock (see Table 3). The manufacturer shall make sample inspections as specified below to ensure that the product conforms to the specified requirements. When tests of individual shipments are required, Supplementary Requirement S2 shall be specified.

	Acceptance Criteria								
Number of Pieces in	No. of	Accept-	Rejection						
Lot	Tests	ance No.	No.						
50 and under	2	0	1						
51 to 500	3	0	1						
501 to 35 000	5	0	1						
35 001 to 100 000	8	0	1						

10.2 Retests:

- 10.2.1 When tested in accordance with the required sampling plan, a lot shall be subject to rejection if any of the test specimens fails to meet the applicable test requirements.
- 10.2.2 If the failure of a test specimen is due to improper preparation of the specimen or to incorrect testing technique, the specimen shall be discarded and another specimen substituted.

11. Significance of Numerical Limits

11.1 For purposes of determining compliance with the specified limits for requirements of the properties listed in this specification, an observed value or calculated value shall be rounded in accordance with Practice E29.

12. Test Specimens

12.1 *Chemical Tests*—When required, samples for chemical analysis shall be taken in accordance with Practice E55 by drilling, sawing, milling, turning, clipping, or such other methods capable of producing representative samples.



- 12.2 Mechanical Tests:
- 12.2.1 Nuts shall be tested in full section.
- 12.2.2 The hardness shall be determined on the top or bottom face of the nut.

13. Test Methods

13.1 *Chemical Analysis*—When required, the chemical composition shall be determined by any recognized commercial test method. In the event of disagreement, the following test methods shall be used for referee purposes.

Alloy Copper Aluminum Nickel Titanium Test Method E53, E54, E62, E75, E478 E34, E101, E227 E38, E76, E354 E120, E1409

- 13.2 Mechanical:
- 13.2.1 The proof load or proof stress tests shall be determined in accordance with the appropriate methods of Test Methods F606. Loads to be determined using Table 2 and Table 4.
- 13.2.2 The hardness shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods E18 and E92. For sizes $\frac{1}{4}$ (0.250) to $\frac{7}{16}$ (0.4375) in. one reading shall be taken. For sizes $\frac{1}{2}$ (0.500) in. and larger the hardness shall be the average of four readings located 90° to one another.

14. Inspection

14.1 When specified on the inquiry or purchase order, the product shall be subject to inspection by the purchaser at the place of manufacture prior to shipment. The inspector representing the purchaser shall have controlled entry only to those parts of the manufacturer's operations that concern the manufacture of the ordered product and only when and where work on the contract of the purchaser is being performed. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the product is being furnished in accordance with this specification. All inspections and tests shall be conducted so as not to interfere unnecessarily with the operations of the manufacturer.

15. Rejection and Rehearing

15.1 Unless otherwise specified, any rejection based on tests specified herein and made by the purchaser shall be reported to the manufacturer as soon as practical after receipt of the product by the purchaser.

16. Certification and Test Reports

- 16.1 *Certificate of Compliance*—When specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall furnish certification that the product was manufactured and tested in accordance with this specification and conforms to all specified requirements.
- 16.2 Test Reports—When "Shipment Lot Testing" in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S2 is specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall furnish a test report showing the results of the mechanical tests for each lot shipped.

17. Product, Packaging and Package Marking

- 17.1 *Individual Nuts*—All products shall be marked with a symbol identifying the manufacturer. In addition, they shall be marked with the alloy/mechanical property marking specified in Table 1. The marking shall be raised or depressed at the option of the manufacturer.
 - 17.2 Packaging:
 - 17.2.1 Unless otherwise specified, packaging shall be in accordance with Practice D3951.
 - 17.2.2 When special packaging requirements are required by the purchaser, they shall be defined at the time of inquiry and order.
 - 17.3 Package Marking—Each shipping unit shall include or be plainly marked with the following:
 - 17.3.1 ASTM designation,
 - 17.3.2 Alloy number,
 - 17.3.3 Alloy/mechanical property marking,
 - 17.3.4 Size,
 - 17.3.5 Name and brand or trademark of the manufacturer,
 - 17.3.6 Number of pieces,
 - 17.3.7 Country of origin, and
 - 17.3.8 Purchase order number.

18. Keywords

18.1 general use; nonferrous; nuts

TABLE 2 Mechanical Property Requirements

Alloy	Mechanical Property Marking	Hardness, min ^A	Proof Stress, Hex Nut min, ksi	Proof Stress, Heavy Hex Nut min, ksi ^B			
Cu 110	F 467A	65 HRF	30	32			
Cu 260	F 467AB	55 HRF	60	65			
Cu 270	F 467B	55 HRF	60	65			
Cu 462	F 467C	65 HRB	50	54			
Cu 464	F 467D	55 HRB	50	54			
Cu 510	F 467E	60 HRB	60	65			
Cu 613	F 467F	70 HRB	80	86			
Cu 614	F 467G	70 HRB	75	81			
Cu 630	F 467H	85 HRB	100	108			
Cu 642	F 467J	75 HRB	75	81			
Cu 651	F 467K	75 HRB	70	76			
Cu 655	F 467L	60 HRB	50	54			
Cu 661	F467M	75 HRB	70	76			
Cu 675	F 467N	60 HRB	55	59			
Cu 710	F 467P	50 HRB	45	49			
Cu 715	F 467R	60 HRB	55	59			
Ni 59 Grade 1	F 467FN	21HRC	120	130			
Ni 59 Grade 2	F 467GN	23HRC	135	146			
Ni 59 Grade 3	F 467HN	25HRC	160	173			
Ni 59 Grade 4	F 467JN	80HRB	100	108			
Ni 335	F 467S	20 HRC	115	124			
Ni 276	F 467T	20 HRC	110	119			
Ni 400	F 467U	75 HRB	80	86			
Ni 405	F 467V	60 HRB	70	76			
Ni 500	F 467W	24 HRC	130	140			
Ni 625 Grade 1 [‡]	F 467AC [†]	85 HRB-35 HRC	60	65			
Ni 625 Grade 2 [‡]	F 467AD	85 HRB-35 HRC	120	130			
Ni 686 Grade 1	F 467BN	21 HRC	120	130			
Ni 686 Grade 2	F 467CN	23 HRC	135	146			
Ni 686 Grade 3	F 467DN	25 HRC	160	173			
Ni 686 Grade 4	F 467EN	65 HRB-25HRC	100	108			
Al 2024-T4 ^C	F 467X	70 HRB	55	59			
AI 6061-T6	F 467Y	40 HRB	171 	43			
AI 6262-T9	F 467Z	60 HRB	52	56			
Ti 1	F 467AT	140 HV	40	43			
Ti 2	F 467BT	150 HV	55	59			
Ti 4	F 467CT	200 HV	85	92			
Ti 5	F 467DT	30 HRC -1361	135	146			
Thttps://standards.	iteh ai/catF 467ET and ard	s/sist/33c/160 HV)_f8cc-49	0f-81ca-6'55'6ee6fee	90/astm-f465913e1			
Ti-19	F 467FT	24 HRC	120	130			
Ti 23	F 467GT	25 HRC	125	135			
Ti-5-1-1-1	F 467HT	24 HRC	105	113			

A For aluminum and titanium alloys hardness values are for information only.

^BProof stress values for heavy hex nuts are based on 1.08 times the value for corresponding regular hex nuts.

²Proof stress values for neavy nex nuts are based on 1.08 times the value for corresponding regular nex nuts.

² Aluminum alloy 2024-T4 shall be supplied in naturally aged condition. This material is not recommended for nuts in sizes greater than ½ (0.250) in.

[†]Editorially corrected in January 2008. Typographical errorerror— should be F467ACF467AC; both F467AC or 647AC are acceptable Mechanical Property Mark.

[‡]Editorially corrected in February 2014.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

			•			Composition	on, %	·		•	•		
UNS	Copper and Copper-Base Alloys												
Designation Number	Alloy	General Name	Aluminum	Copper, min	Iron, max	Manganese, max	Nickel, max	Phos- phorus	Silicon	Zinc, max ^A	Lead, max	Tin	Arsenic, max
C11000	110	ETP copper		99.9									
C26000	260	brass		68.5-71.5	0.05					balance	0.07		
C27000	270	brass		63.0-68.5	0.07					balance	0.10		
C46200	462	naval brass		62.0-65.0	0.10					balance	0.20	0.5-1.0	
C46400	464	naval brass		59.0-62.0	0.10					balance	0.20	0.5-1.0	
C51000	510	phosphor bronze		balance ^A	0.10			0.03-0.35		0.30	0.05	4.2-5.8	
C61300	613	aluminum bronze	6.0– 7.5	В	2.0-3.0	0.10	0.15 ^C	0.015	0.10	0.05	0.01	0.20-0.50	
C61400	614	aluminum bronze	6.0- 8.0	88.0 ^D	1.5–3.5	1.0							
C63000	630	aluminum bronze	9.0– 11.0	78.0 ^D	2.0-4.0	1.5	4.0–5.5		0.25 max			0.20 max	
C64200	642	aluminum silicon bronze	6.3– 7.6	88.65 ^D	0.30	0.10	0.25		1.5–2.2 ^E	0.50	0.05	0.20 max	0.15
C65100	651	silicon bronze		96.0 ^D	0.8	0.7			0.8–2.0	1.5	0.05		
C65500	655	silicon bronze		94.8 ^D	0.8	1.5	0.6		2.8–3.8	1.5	0.05		
C66100	661	silicon bronze		94.0 ^D	0.25	1.5	-		2.8-3.5	1.5	0.20-0.8		
C67500	675	manganese bronze	0.25 max	57.0-60.0	0.8-2.0	0.05-0.5	nda	rde		balance	0.20	0.5-1.5	
C71000	710	cupro-nickel		74.0 ^D	0.60	1.00	19.0–23.0 ^C	us		1.00	0.05		
C71500	715	cupro-nickel		65.0 ^D	0.40-0.7	1.00	29.0–33.0 ^C			1.00	0.05		

^A Elements shown as balance shall be arithmetically computed by deducting the sum of the other named elements from 100.

^B Copper plus specified elements = 99.8 min; copper plus silver = 88.5–91.5.

^C Cobalt is to be counted as nickel.

TABLE 1 Continued

Nickel and Nickel-Base Alloys																		
UNS Designa- tion Number	Alloy	General Name	Alumi- num	Carbon, max	Chro- mium	Copper ^A	Iron, M max	anganese, max	Nickel ^A P	nosphous, max	Silicon, max	Titanium	Cobalt, max	Molyb- denum	Sulfur, max	Vana- dium	Tung- sten	Nio- bium [†]
N10001	335	Ni-Mo		0.05	1.0 max		4.0– 6.0	1.0	balance	0.025	1.00		2.50	26.0– 30.0	0.030	0.2- 0.4		
N10276	276	Ni-Mo-Cr		0.02	14.5– 16.5		4.0 - 7.0	1.00	balance	0.040	0.08		2.50	15.0– 17.0	0.030	0.35 max	3.0– 4.5	
N04400	400	Ni-Cu Class A		0.3		balance	2.5	2.0	63.0– 70.0		0.5		В		0.024			
N04405	405	Ni-Cu Class B		0.3		balance	2.5	2.0	63.0– 70.0		0.5		В		0.025- 0.060			
N05500	500	Ni-Cu-Al	2.30– 3.15	0.25		balance	2.0	1.5	63.0– 70.0		0.5	0.35– 0.85	В		0.01			
N06059	59	Ni– Cr-Mo	0.1- 0.4	0.010 max	22.0– 24.0	0.5 max	1.5 max	0.5 max	balance	0.015 max	0.10 max		0.3 max	15.0– 16.5	0.010 max			

D Minimum content of copper plus all other elements with specified limits shall be 99.5 %.

E An alloy containing as high as 2.6 % silicon is acceptable provided the sum of all the elements other than copper, silicon, and iron does not exceed 0.30 %.