



Standard Specification for Nonferrous Nuts for General Use¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F467; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

^{e1} NOTE—Table 2 was editorially corrected in February 2014.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for commercial wrought nonferrous nuts 0.250 to 1.500 in. inclusive in diameter in a number of alloys in common use and intended for general service applications.

1.2 Applicable bolts, cap screws, and studs for use with nuts covered by this specification are covered by Specification F468.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

NOTE 1—This specification is the inch-pound companion to Specification F467M; therefore, no SI equivalents are presented in the specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

B154 Test Method for Mercurous Nitrate Test for Copper Alloys

B574 Specification for Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum, Low-Carbon Nickel-Molybdenum-Chromium, Low-Carbon Nickel-Molybdenum-Chromium-Tantalum, Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Copper, and Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Tungsten Alloy Rod

D3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging

E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and

Aluminum-Base Alloys

E38 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Chromium and Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys (Withdrawn 1989)³

E53 Test Method for Determination of Copper in Unalloyed Copper by Gravimetry

E54 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Special Brasses and Bronzes (Withdrawn 2002)³

E55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition

E62 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods) (Withdrawn 2010)³

E75 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper-Nickel and Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloys (Withdrawn 2010)³

E76 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Copper Alloys (Withdrawn 2003)³

E92 Test Method for Vickers Hardness of Metallic Materials (Withdrawn 2010)³

E101 Test Method for Spectrographic Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique (Withdrawn 1996)³

E120 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys (Withdrawn 2003)³

E165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry

E227 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique (Withdrawn 2002)³

E354 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of High-Temperature, Electrical, Magnetic, and Other Similar Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys

E478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys

E1409 Test Method for Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Inert Gas Fusion

F468 Specification for Nonferrous Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, Socket Head Cap Screws, and Studs for General Use

F606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, Direct Tension Indicators, and Rivets

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.04 on Nonferrous Fasteners.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

TABLE 2 Mechanical Property Requirements

| Alloy | Mechanical Property Marking | Hardness, min ^A | Proof Stress, Hex Nut min, ksi | Proof Stress, Heavy Hex Nut min, ksi ^B |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Cu 110 | F 467A | 65 HRF | 30 | 32 |
| Cu 260 | F 467AB | 55 HRF | 60 | 65 |
| Cu 270 | F 467B | 55 HRF | 60 | 65 |
| Cu 462 | F 467C | 65 HRB | 50 | 54 |
| Cu 464 | F 467D | 55 HRB | 50 | 54 |
| Cu 510 | F 467E | 60 HRB | 60 | 65 |
| Cu 613 | F 467F | 70 HRB | 80 | 86 |
| Cu 614 | F 467G | 70 HRB | 75 | 81 |
| Cu 630 | F 467H | 85 HRB | 100 | 108 |
| Cu 642 | F 467J | 75 HRB | 75 | 81 |
| Cu 651 | F 467K | 75 HRB | 70 | 76 |
| Cu 655 | F 467L | 60 HRB | 50 | 54 |
| Cu 661 | F 467M | 75 HRB | 70 | 76 |
| Cu 675 | F 467N | 60 HRB | 55 | 59 |
| Cu 710 | F 467P | 50 HRB | 45 | 49 |
| Cu 715 | F 467R | 60 HRB | 55 | 59 |
| Ni 59 Grade 1 | F 467FN | 21HRC | 120 | 130 |
| Ni 59 Grade 2 | F 467GN | 23HRC | 135 | 146 |
| Ni 59 Grade 3 | F 467HN | 25HRC | 160 | 173 |
| Ni 59 Grade 4 | F 467JN | 80HRB | 100 | 108 |
| Ni 335 | F 467S | 20 HRC | 115 | 124 |
| Ni 276 | F 467T | 20 HRC | 110 | 119 |
| Ni 400 | F 467U | 75 HRB | 80 | 86 |
| Ni 405 | F 467V | 60 HRB | 70 | 76 |
| Ni 500 | F 467W | 24 HRC | 130 | 140 |
| Ni 625 Grade 1 ^c | F 467AC ^d | 85 HRB-35 HRC | 60 | 65 |
| Ni 625 Grade 2 ^d | F 467AD | 85 HRB-35 HRC | 120 | 130 |
| Ni 686 Grade 1 | F 467BN | 21 HRC | 120 | 130 |
| Ni 686 Grade 2 | F 467CN | 23 HRC | 135 | 146 |
| Ni 686 Grade 3 | F 467DN | 25 HRC | 160 | 173 |
| Ni 686 Grade 4 | F 467EN | 65 HRB-25HRC | 100 | 108 |
| Al 2024-T4 ^c | F 467X | 70 HRB | 55 | 59 |
| Al 6061-T6 | F 467Y | 40 HRB | 40 | 43 |
| Al 6262-T9 | F 467Z | 60 HRB | 52 | 56 |
| Ti 1 | F 467AT | 140 HV | 40 | 43 |
| Ti 2 | F 467BT | 150 HV | 55 | 59 |
| Ti 4 | F 467CT | 200 HV | 85 | 92 |
| Ti 5 | F 467DT | 30 HRC | 135 | 146 |
| Ti 7 | F 467ET | 160 HV | 55 | 59 |
| Ti-19 | F 467FT | 24 HRC | 120 | 130 |
| Ti 23 | F 467GT | 25 HRC | 125 | 135 |
| Ti-5-1-1-1 | F 467HT | 24 HRC | 105 | 113 |

^A For aluminum and titanium alloys hardness values are for information only.

^B Proof stress values for heavy hex nuts are based on 1.08 times the value for corresponding regular hex nuts.

^c Aluminum alloy 2024-T4 shall be supplied in naturally aged condition. This material is not recommended for nuts in sizes greater than 1/4 (0.250) in.

^dEditorially corrected in January 2008. Typographical error—should be F467AC; both F467AC or 647AC are acceptable Mechanical Property Mark.

^eEditorially corrected in February 2014.

F1470 Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection

2.2 ASME Standards:⁴

B 1.1 Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR Thread Form)

B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for nuts under this specification shall include the following information:

- 3.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of each item and size);
- 3.1.2 Name of item;
- 3.1.3 Size (diameter and threads per inch);
- 3.1.4 Alloy number (Table 1);

3.1.5 Stress relieving, if required (4.2.3);

3.1.6 “Shipment lot” testing, as required (Section 9);

3.1.7 Source inspection, if required (Section 14);

3.1.8 Certificate of compliance or test report, if required (Section 16);

3.1.9 Additional requirements, if any, to be specified on the purchase order (4.2.1, 7.2, 8.2, 12.1, and 13.1),

3.1.10 Supplementary requirements, if any; and

3.1.11 ASTM designation (including year or published date).

NOTE 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: 10 000 pieces, Hex Nut, 0.250" -20, Alloy 270, Furnish Certificate of Compliance, Supplementary Requirement S 1, ASTM Specification F 467-XX

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 Materials:

⁴ Available from Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way, East Englewood, CO 80112-5704, <http://global.ihs.com>.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

| UNS Designation Number | Alloy | General Name | Aluminum | Composition, % | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | Copper, min | Iron, max | Manganese, max | Nickel, max | Phosphorus | Silicon | Zinc, max ^A | |
| C11000 | 110 | ETP copper brass | | 99.9 | 0.05 | | | | | 0.07 | |
| C26000 | 260 | | | 68.5–71.5 | 0.07 | | | | | 0.10 | 0.5–1.0 |
| C27000 | 270 | naval brass | | 63.0–68.5 | 0.10 | | | | | 0.20 | 0.5–1.0 |
| C46200 | 462 | naval brass | | 62.0–65.0 | | | | | | 0.20 | 4.2–5.8 |
| C46400 | 464 | phosphor bronze aluminum bronze | | 59.0–62.0 | 0.10 | 0.03–0.35 | | | | 0.05 | 0.20–0.50 |
| C51000 | 510 | phosphor bronze aluminum bronze | | Balance ^B | 0.10 | 0.015 | | | | 0.01 | |
| C61300 | 613 | aluminum bronze | | 6.0–7.5 | 2.0–3.0 | 0.10 | 0.15 ^C | | | | |
| C61400 | 614 | aluminum bronze | | 6.0–8.0 | 1.5–3.5 | 1.0 | 0.10 | | | | |
| C63000 | 630 | aluminum bronze | | 9.0–11.0 | 2.0–4.0 | 1.5 | 4.0–5.5 | | | | |
| C64200 | 642 | aluminum silicon bronze | | 6.3–7.6 | 88.65 ^D | 0.30 | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.25 max | 0.20 max | 0.15 |
| C65100 | 651 | silicon bronze | | 66.0 ^D | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.5–2.2 ^E | 0.50 | | | |
| C65500 | 655 | silicon bronze | | 94.8 ^D | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.8–2.0 | 1.5 | 0.05 | |
| C66100 | 661 | silicon bronze | | 94.0 ^D | 0.25 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 2.8–3.8 | 1.5 | 0.05 | |
| C67500 | 675 | manganese bronze | | 57.0–60.0 | 0.8–2.0 | 0.05–0.5 | 2.8–3.5 | 1.5 | 0.20–0.8 | 0.20 | |
| C71000 | 710 | cupro-nickel | | 74.0 ^D | 0.60 | 1.00 | 19.0–23.0 ^C | balance | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.5–1.5 |
| C71500 | 715 | cupro-nickel | | 65.0 ^D | 0.40–0.7 | 1.00 | 29.0–33.0 ^C | | 1.00 | | |

^A Elements shown as balance shall be arithmetically computed by deducting the sum of the other named elements from 100.

^B Copper plus specified elements = 99.8 min; copper plus silver = 88.5–91.5.

^C Cobalt is to be counted as nickel.

^D Minimum content of copper plus all other elements with specified limits shall be 99.5 %.

^E An alloy containing as high as 2.6 % silicon is acceptable provided the sum of all the elements other than copper, silicon, and iron does not exceed 0.30 %.

TABLE 1 *Continued*

| UNS Designation Number | Alloy | General Name | Aluminum | Carbon, max | Chromium | Copper ^A | Iron, Manganese, max | Nickel ^A | Phosphorus, max | Silicon, max | Titanium | Cobalt, max | Molybdenum | Sulfur, max | Vanadium | Tungsten | Niobium [†] |
|------------------------|------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| N10001 | 335 | Ni-Mo | | 0.05 | 1.0 max | | 4.0–6.0 max | 1.0 | balance | 0.025 | 1.00 | | 2.50 | 26.0–30.0 | 0.030 | 0.2–0.4 max | |
| N10276 | 276 | Ni-Mo-Cr | | 0.02 | 14.5–16.5 | | 4.0–7.0 max | 1.00 | balance | 0.040 | 0.08 | | 2.50 | 15.0–17.0 | 0.030 | 0.35 max | |
| N04400 | 400 | Ni-Cu Class A | | 0.3 | | | balance | 2.5 | 2.0 | 63.0–70.0 | 0.5 | | ^B | | 0.024 | | |
| N04405 | 405 | Ni-Cu Class B | | 0.3 | | | balance | 2.5 | 2.0 | 63.0–70.0 | 0.5 | | ^B | | 0.025–0.060 | | |
| N05500 | 500 | Ni-Cu-Al | 2.30–3.15 | 0.25 | | | balance | 2.0 | 1.5 | 63.0–70.0 | 0.5 | 0.35–0.85 | ^B | | 0.01 | | |
| N06059 | 59 | Ni-Cr-Mo | 0.1–0.4 max | 0.010 | 22.0–24.0 max | 0.5 max | 1.5 max | 0.5 max | balance | 0.015 max | 0.10 max | 0.3 max | 15.0–16.5 max | 0.010 max | | | |
| N06625 | 625 ^C | Ni-Cr-Mo-Cb | 0.40 max | 0.10 ^t | 20.0–23.0 | 5.0 max | 5.0 min | 0.50 | 58.0 min | 0.015 | 0.50 max | 0.40 max | 1.00 max | 8.0–10.0 max | 0.015 | | |
| N06686 | 686 | Ni-Cr-Mo-W | 0.010 max | 19.0–23.0 | | 5.0 max | 5.0 max | 0.75 max | balance | 0.04 max | 0.08 max | 0.02–0.25 max | 15.0–17.0 max | 0.02 max | 3.0–4.4 max | | |

^A Elements shown as balance shall be arithmetically computed by deducting the sum of the other named elements from 100.

^B Cobalt is to be counted as nickel.

^C Alloy 625 material shall be refined using the electroslag remelting process (ESR), or the vacuum arc remelting process (VAR).

^t Editorially corrected in January 2008.

iTech Standards
(https://standards.itech.ai)
Document Preview

TABLE 1 *Continued*

| UNS Designation Number | Alloy | General Name | Alumi-num ^A | Chromium | Composition, % | | | | | | Other Elements, max | Total |
|------------------------|-------|--------------|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|
| | | | | | Copper | Iron, max | Manganese, max | Silicon, max | Titanium, max | Zinc, max | | |
| A92024 | 2024 | Aluminum | balance | 0.10 max 0.04– 0.35 | 3.8– 4.9 | 0.50 | 0.30– 0.9 | 0.50 | 0.15 ^B | 0.25 | 1.2– 1.8 | 0.05 |
| A96061 | 6061 | Aluminum | balance | 0.14 max 0.04– 0.40 | 0.15– 0.40 | 0.7 | 0.15 | 0.40– 0.8 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.8– 1.2 | 0.05 |
| A96262 | 6262 | Aluminum | balance | 0.14 max 0.04– 0.40 | 0.15– 0.40 | 0.7 | 0.15 | 0.40– 0.8 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.8– 1.2 | c |

^A Analysis shall regularly be made only for the elements specified in this table. If, however, the presence of other elements is suspected or indicated in amounts greater than the specified limits, further analysis shall be made to determine that these elements are not present in excess of the specified limits.

^B Titanium + zirconium 0.20 %, max.

^C Lead 0.4–0.7 %; bismuth 0.4–0.7 %.

TABLE 1 *Continued*

| Titanium and Titanium-Base Alloys ^A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|---------------|------------------------|------------|
| UNS Designation Number | Alloy | General Name | Aluminum, Al | Carbon, C | Iron, Fe | Titanium, Ti | Hydrogen, H | Nitrogen, N | Oxygen, O | Palladium, Pd | Vanadium, V | Chromium, Cr | Molybdenum, Mo | Zirconium, Zr | Ruthenium, Ru | Silicon, Si | Tin, Sn | Ruthenium, Ru | Residuals ^B | Total, max |
| R50250 | 1 | Titanium Gr 1 | 0.10 | 0.20 | balance | 0.0125 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | | |
| R50400 | 2 | Titanium Gr 2 | 0.10 | 0.30 | balance | 0.0125 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 0.07 | 0.40 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | | |
| R50700 | 4 | Titanium Gr 4 | 0.10 | 0.50 | balance | 0.0125 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | | |
| R56400 | 5 | Titanium Gr 5 | 0.10 | 0.40 | balance | 0.0125 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | | |
| R56401 | 23 | Titanium Ti-6Al-4V ELI | 5.5–6.5 | 0.08 | 0.25 | balance | 0.0125 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.12–4.5 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 3.5–4.5 | 3.5–4.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | | |
| R52400 | 7 | Titanium Gr 7 | 0.10 | 0.30 | balance | 0.0125 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.12–0.25 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.25 | 0.12–0.25 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | |
| R58640 | 19 | Titanium Ti-38-6-44 | 3.0–4.0 | 0.05 | 0.30 | balance | 0.0200 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 0.10 ⁴ | 0.03 | 0.11 | 7.5–8.5 | 5.5–6.5 | 0.10 ^C | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.4 | | |
| R55111 | 32 | Titanium Ti-5-1-1-1 | 4.5–5.5 | 0.08 | 0.25 | balance | 0.0125 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.6–1.4 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 3.5–4.5 | 3.5–4.5 | 0.06–0.14 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | | |

^A All reported values are maximums, unless a range is specified.

^B A residual is an element present in a metal or an alloy in small quantities inherent to the manufacturing process but not added intentionally. Residual elements need not be reported unless a report is specifically required by the purchaser.

^C Ruthenium and Palladium, or both, may be added to Grade 19 for enhanced corrosion resistance as negotiated between purchaser and vendor. Chemical analysis is not required unless specifically negotiated.