

International Standard

ISO 6338-2

Calculations of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions throughout the liquefied natural gas (LNG) chain —

Part 2:

Natural gas production and transport to LNG plant

Calcul des émissions de gaz à effet de serre (GES) dans la chaîne gaz naturel liquéfié (GNL) —

Partie 2: Production du gaz naturel et transport à l'usine GNL

First edition 2024-08

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 6338-2:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/4cff78a1-aa3e-4163-b782-61f01df9e238/iso-6338-2-2024



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

ISO 6338-2:2024(en)

Contents Foreword Introduction			Page	
			iv	
			v	
1	Scor	oe	1	
2	-	mative references		
3		ns and definitions		
4	Principles			
5	GHG	inventory boundaries	2	
6	Qua 6.1 6.2	ntification of GHG emissions General Defining the upstream system 6.2.1 General 6.2.2 Gas production feeding LNG liquefaction directly 6.2.3 Oil production with associated gas feeding LNG liquefaction 6.2.4 LNG liquefaction fed from gas grid 6.2.5 LNG liquefaction supplied with non-fossil feed Identification of GHG sources and quantification approach 6.3.1 General 6.3.2 Emissions from fuel combustion 6.3.3 Emissions from flaring and venting 6.3.4 Fugitive emissions 6.3.5 Emissions associated with imported energy, utilities, and consumables	3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 6	
	6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7	Calculation of GHG emissions Preferred units Allocation Carbon capture	7 7 7	
7	GHG	GHG inventory quality management 8		
8		GHG reporting 8		
9http		pendent review: log/standards/iso/4cff78a1-aa3e-4163-b782-61f01df9e238/iso-6338		
		•		
RIDII	ograp.	hy	9	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, Oil and gas industries including lower carbon energy, Subcommittee SC 9, Production, transport and storage facilities for cryogenic liquefied gases.

A list of all parts in the ISO 6338 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/4cff/8a1-aa3e-4163-b/82-61101df9e238/iso-6338-2-2024

ISO 6338-2:2024(en)

Introduction

Natural gas will play a key role in the energy transition (e.g. by replacing coal to produce electricity) and the use of liquefied natural gas (LNG) to transport natural gas is expected to increase. The process of liquefying natural gas is energy-intensive. Gas producers are increasingly accountable for their greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and the ambition to reduce them. Furthermore, there is an emerging marketing demand for GHG data to enable commercial mechanisms such as offsetting to be utilized.

There is no standardized and auditable methodology to calculate the carbon footprint of the whole LNG chain (including but not limited to the well, upstream treatment, transportation, liquefaction, shipping, regasification and end user distribution). Various standards indicate possible approaches but are inconsistent in their results or not easily applicable.

The ISO 6338 series covers each part of the LNG chain and enables a consistent GHG inventory.

The KPIs and related requirements to access to key international initiatives, agreements and reporting/accounting standards on climate ambitions and zero carbon emission strategies are given in ISO 6338-1:2024, Annex B.

Attention should be paid to activities that can occur in different parts (e.g. gas treatment and distribution upstream of the liquefaction plant).

NOTE It is not possible to make like-for-like comparisons, or define a certification scheme, for one block only.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 6338-2:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/4cff78a1-aa3e-4163-b782-61f01df9e238/iso-6338-2-2024

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 6338-2:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/4cff78a1-aa3e-4163-b782-61f01df9e238/iso-6338-2-2024