



Designation: F467 – 13<sup>ε2</sup>

## Standard Specification for Nonferrous Nuts for General Use<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F467; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.*

<sup>ε1</sup> NOTE—Table 2 was editorially corrected in February 2014.

<sup>ε2</sup> NOTE—17.1 was editorially corrected in May 2014.

### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for commercial wrought nonferrous nuts 0.250 to 1.500 in. inclusive in diameter in a number of alloys in common use and intended for general service applications.

1.2 Applicable bolts, cap screws, and studs for use with nuts covered by this specification are covered by Specification F468.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

NOTE 1—This specification is the inch-pound companion to Specification F467M; therefore, no SI equivalents are presented in the specification.

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

**B154** Test Method for Mercurous Nitrate Test for Copper Alloys

**B574** Specification for Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum, Low-Carbon Nickel-Molybdenum-Chromium, Low-Carbon Nickel-Molybdenum-Chromium-Tantalum, Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Copper, and Low-Carbon Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum-Tungsten Alloy Rod

**D3951** Practice for Commercial Packaging

**E18** Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials

**E29** Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

**E34** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum-Base Alloys

**E38** Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Chromium and Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys (Withdrawn 1989)<sup>3</sup>

**E53** Test Method for Determination of Copper in Unalloyed Copper by Gravimetry

**E54** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Special Brasses and Bronzes (Withdrawn 2002)<sup>3</sup>

**E55** Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition

**E62** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper and Copper Alloys (Photometric Methods) (Withdrawn 2010)<sup>3</sup>

**E75** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper-Nickel and Copper-Nickel-Zinc Alloys (Withdrawn 2010)<sup>3</sup>

**E76** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Copper Alloys (Withdrawn 2003)<sup>3</sup>

**E92** Test Methods for Vickers Hardness and Knoop Hardness of Metallic Materials

**E101** Test Method for Spectrographic Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique (Withdrawn 1996)<sup>3</sup>

**E120** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys (Withdrawn 2003)<sup>3</sup>

**E165** Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry

**E227** Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique (Withdrawn 2002)<sup>3</sup>

**E354** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of High-Temperature, Electrical, Magnetic, and Other Similar Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys

**E478** Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys

**E1409** Test Method for Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Inert Gas Fusion

**F468** Specification for Nonferrous Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, Socket Head Cap Screws, and Studs for General Use

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.04 on Nonferrous Fasteners.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>3</sup> The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

**F606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets (Metric) F0606\_F0606M**

**F1470 Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection**

2.2 *ASME Standards*:<sup>4</sup>

**B 1.1 Unified Inch Screw Threads (UN and UNR Thread Form)**

**B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts**

Alloy	Condition
Copper (all alloys)	As formed or stress relieved at manufacturer's option
Nickel alloys 400 and 405	As formed or stress relieved at manufacturer's option
Nickel alloy 500	Solution annealed and aged
Aluminum alloys:	
2024-T4	Solution treated and naturally aged
6061-T6	Solution treated and artificially aged
6262-T9	Solution treated, artificially aged, and cold worked
Titanium	As formed
625	Annealed

4.2.3 *Stress Relieving*—When required, stress relieving shall be specified by the purchaser for all copper alloys and nickel alloys 400 and 405.

### 5. Chemical Composition

5.1 *Chemical Composition*—The nuts shall conform to the chemical composition specified in **Table 1** for the specified alloy.

5.2 *Manufacturer's Analysis*:

5.2.1 Except as provided in 5.2.2, when test reports are required on the inquiry or purchase order (3.1.8), the manufacturer shall make individual analyses of randomly selected finished nuts from the product to be shipped and report the results to the purchaser. Alternatively, if heat and lot identities have been maintained, the analysis of the raw material from which the nuts have been manufactured may be reported instead of product analysis.

5.2.2 For aluminum nuts, instead of 5.2.1, the manufacturer may furnish a certificate of conformance certifying compliance with the chemical composition specified in **Table 1**.

5.3 *Product Analysis*:

5.3.1 Product analyses may be made by the purchaser from finished products representing each lot. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the requirements in **Table 1**.

5.3.2 In the event of disagreement, a referee chemical analysis of samples from each lot shall be made in accordance with 12.1 and 13.1.

### 6. Mechanical Properties

6.1 The nuts shall be tested in accordance with the mechanical testing requirements for the applicable type and shall meet the mechanical requirements in **Table 2** for the specified alloy.

6.2 Where both proof load and hardness tests are performed, the proof load test results shall take precedence for acceptance purposes.

### 7. Dimensions

7.1 *Nuts*—Unless otherwise specified, the dimensions of nuts shall be in accordance with the requirements of ASME B18.2.2.

7.2 *Threads*—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall have Class 2B threads in accordance with ASME B1.1.

3.1 Orders for nuts under this specification shall include the following information:

3.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of each item and size);

3.1.2 Name of item;

3.1.3 Size (diameter and threads per inch);

3.1.4 Alloy number (**Table 1**);

3.1.5 Stress relieving, if required (4.2.3);

3.1.6 “Shipment lot” testing, as required (Section 9);

3.1.7 Source inspection, if required (Section 14);

3.1.8 Certificate of compliance or test report, if required (Section 16);

3.1.9 Additional requirements, if any, to be specified on the purchase order (4.2.1, 7.2, 8.2, 12.1, and 13.1),

3.1.10 Supplementary requirements, if any; and

3.1.11 ASTM designation (including year or published date).

NOTE 2—A typical ordering description is as follows: 10 000 pieces, Hex Nut, 0.250" -20, Alloy 270, Furnish Certificate of Compliance, Supplementary Requirement S 1, ASTM Specification F 467-XX

### 4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 *Materials*:

4.1.1 The nuts shall be manufactured from material having a chemical composition conforming to the requirements in **Table 2** and capable of developing the required mechanical properties for the specified alloy in the finished fastener. See Specification **B574** for nickel alloys.

4.1.2 The starting condition of the raw material shall be at the discretion of the fastener manufacturer but shall be such that the finished products conform to all the specified requirements.

4.2 *Manufacture*:

4.2.1 *Forming*—Unless otherwise specified, the nuts shall be hot pressed, cold formed, or machined from suitable material at the option of the manufacturer.

4.2.2 *Condition*—Except as provided in 4.2.3, the nuts shall be furnished in the condition specified below:

<sup>4</sup> Available from Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way, East Englewood, CO 80112-5704, <http://global.ihs.com>.

**TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements**

UNS Designation Number	Composition, %												
	Alloy	General Name	Aluminum	Copper, min	Iron, max	Manganese, max	Nickel, max	Phosphorus	Silicon	Zinc, max <sup>A</sup>	Lead, max	Tin	Arsenic, max
C11000	110	ETP copper		99.9									
C26000	260	brass		68.5–71.5	0.05					balance	0.07		
C27000	270	brass		63.0–68.5	0.07					balance	0.10		
C46200	462	naval brass		62.0–65.0	0.10					balance	0.20	0.5–1.0	
C46400	464	naval brass		59.0–62.0	0.10					balance	0.20	0.5–1.0	
C51000	510	phosphor bronze		balance <sup>A</sup>	0.10			0.03–0.35		0.30	0.05	4.2–5.8	
C61300	613	aluminum bronze	6.0–7.5		2.0–3.0	0.10	0.15 <sup>C</sup>	0.015	0.10	0.05	0.01	0.20–0.50	
C61400	614	aluminum bronze	7.5–8.0	88.0 <sup>D</sup>	1.5–3.5	1.0							
C63000	630	aluminum bronze	8.0–9.0	78.0 <sup>D</sup>	2.0–4.0	1.5	4.0–5.5		0.25 max			0.20 max	
C64200	642	aluminum silicon bronze	11.0	88.65 <sup>D</sup>	0.30	0.10	0.25		1.5–2.2 <sup>E</sup>	0.50	0.05	0.20 max	0.15
C65100	651	silicon bronze	6.3–7.6	96.0 <sup>D</sup>	0.8	0.7			0.8–2.0	1.5	0.05		
C65500	655	silicon bronze		94.8 <sup>D</sup>	0.8	1.5	0.6		2.8–3.8	1.5	0.05		
C66100	661	silicon bronze		94.0 <sup>D</sup>	0.25	1.5			2.8–3.5	1.5	0.20–0.8		
C67500	675	manganese bronze	0.25 max	57.0–60.0	0.8–2.0	0.05–0.5			balance	balance	0.20	0.5–1.5	
C71000	710	cupro-nickel		74.0 <sup>D</sup>	0.60	1.00	19.0–23.0 <sup>C</sup>		1.00	1.00	0.05		
C71500	715	cupro-nickel		65.0 <sup>D</sup>	0.40–0.7	1.00	29.0–33.0 <sup>C</sup>		1.00	1.00	0.05		

<sup>A</sup> Elements shown as balance shall be arithmetically computed by deducting the sum of the other named elements from 100.

<sup>B</sup> Copper plus specified elements = 99.8 min; copper plus silver = 88.5–91.5.

<sup>C</sup> Cobalt is to be counted as nickel.

<sup>D</sup> Minimum content of copper plus all other elements with specified limits shall be 99.5 %.

<sup>E</sup> An alloy containing as high as 2.6 % silicon is acceptable provided the sum of all the elements other than copper, silicon, and iron does not exceed 0.30 %.

**TABLE 1 Continued**

		Nickel and Nickel-Base Alloys																
UNS Designation Number	Alloy	General Name	Aluminum	Carbon, max	Chromium	Copper <sup>A</sup>	Iron, max	Manganese, max	Nickel <sup>A</sup>	Phosphorus, max	Silicon, max	Titanium	Cobalt, max	Molybdenum	Sulfur, max	Vanadium	Tungsten	Niobium <sup>†</sup>
N10001	335	Ni-Mo		0.05	1.0 max		4.0–6.0	1.0	balance	0.025	1.00		2.50	26.0–30.0	0.030	0.2–0.4		
N10276	276	Ni-Mo-Cr		0.02	14.5–16.5		4.0–7.0	1.00	balance	0.040	0.08		2.50	15.0–17.0	0.030	0.35 max	3.0–4.5	
N04400	400	Ni-Cu Class A		0.3		balance	2.5	2.0	63.0–70.0		0.5		<sup>B</sup>		0.024			
N04405	405	Ni-Cu Class B		0.3		balance	2.5	2.0	63.0–70.0		0.5		<sup>B</sup>		0.025–0.060			
N05500	500	Ni-Cu-Al	2.30–3.15	0.25		balance	2.0	1.5	63.0–70.0		0.5	0.35–0.85	<sup>B</sup>		0.01			
N06059	59	Ni-Cr-Mo	0.1–0.4	0.010 max	22.0–24.0	0.5 max	1.5 max	0.5 max	balance	0.015 max	0.10 max		0.3 max	15.0–16.5	0.010 max			
N06625	625 <sup>C</sup>	Ni-Cr-Mo-Cb	0.40 max	0.10 <sup>†</sup>	20.0–23.0		5.0 max	0.50	58.0 min	0.015	0.50 max	0.40 max	1.00 max	8.0–10.0	0.015			3.2–4.2
N06686	686	Ni-Cr-Mo-W		0.010 max	19.0–23.0		5.0 max	0.75 max	balance	0.04 max	0.08 max	0.02–0.25		15.0–17.0	0.02 max		3.0–4.4	

<sup>A</sup> Elements shown as balance shall be arithmetically computed by deducting the sum of the other named elements from 100.

<sup>B</sup> Cobalt is to be counted as nickel.

<sup>C</sup> Alloy 625 material shall be refined using the electroslag remelting process (ESR), or the vacuum arc remelting process (VAR).

<sup>†</sup> Editorially corrected in January 2008.

**TABLE 1 Continued**

Composition, %													
Aluminum-Base Alloys <sup>A</sup>													
UNS Designation Number	Alloy	General Name	Aluminum <sup>A</sup>	Chromium	Copper	Iron, max	Manganese, max	Silicon, max	Titanium, max	Zinc, max	Other Elements, max		
											Magnesium	Each	Total
A92024	2024	Aluminum 2024	balance	0.10 max	3.8–4.9	0.50	0.30–0.9	0.50	0.15 <sup>B</sup>	0.25	1.2–1.8	0.05	0.15
A96061	6061	Aluminum 6061	balance	0.04–0.35	0.15–0.40	0.7	0.15	0.40–0.8	0.15	0.25	0.8–1.2	0.05	0.15
A96262	6262	Aluminum 6262	balance	0.04–0.14	0.15–0.40	0.7	0.15	0.40–0.8	0.15	0.25	0.8–1.2	<sup>C</sup>	

<sup>A</sup> Analysis shall regularly be made only for the elements specified in this table. If, however, the presence of other elements is suspected or indicated in amounts greater than the specified limits, further analysis shall be made to determine that these elements are not present in excess of the specified limits.

<sup>B</sup> Titanium + zirconium 0.20 %, max.

<sup>C</sup> Lead 0.4–0.7 %; bismuth 0.4–0.7 %.

**TABLE 1 Continued**  
 Titanium and Titanium-Base Alloys<sup>A</sup>

UNS Designation Number	Alloy	General Name	Aluminum, Al	Carbon, C	Iron, Fe	Titanium, Ti	Hydrogen, H	Nitrogen, N	Oxygen, O	Palladium, Pd	Vanadium, V	Chromium, Cr	Molybdenum, Mo	Zirconium, Zr	Tin, Sn	Silicon, Si	Ruthenium, Ru	Residuals <sup>B</sup>	
																		each, max	total, max
R50250	1	Titanium Gr 1		0.10	0.20	balance	0.0125	0.05	0.18									0.1	0.4
R50400	2	Titanium Gr 2		0.10	0.30	balance	0.0125	0.05	0.25									0.1	0.4
R50700	4	Titanium Gr 4		0.10	0.50	balance	0.0125	0.07	0.40									0.1	0.4
R56400	5	Titanium Gr 5	5.5–6.75	0.10	0.40	balance	0.0125	0.05	0.20		3.5–4.5							0.1	0.4
R56401	23	Titanium Ti-6Al-4V ELI	5.5–6.5	0.08	0.25	balance	0.0125	0.05	0.13		3.5–4.5							0.1	0.4
R52400	7	Titanium Gr 7		0.10	0.30	balance	0.0125	0.05	0.25	0.12–0.25								0.1	0.4
R58640	19	Titanium Ti-38-6-44	3.0–4.0	0.05	0.30	balance	0.0200	0.03	0.12	0.10 <sup>A</sup>	7.5–8.5	5.5–6.5	3.5–4.5	3.5–4.5			0.10 <sup>C</sup>	0.15	0.4
R55111	32	Titanium Ti-5-1-1-1	4.5–5.5	0.08	0.25	balance	0.0125	0.03	0.11		0.6–1.4		0.6–1.2	0.6–1.4	0.6–1.4	0.06–0.14		0.1	0.4

<sup>A</sup> All reported values are maximums, unless a range is specified.

<sup>B</sup> A residual is an element present in a metal or an alloy in small quantities inherent to the manufacturing process but not added intentionally. Residual elements need not be reported unless a report is specifically required by the purchaser.

<sup>C</sup> Ruthenium and Palladium, or both, may be added to Grade 19 for enhanced corrosion resistance as negotiated between purchaser and vendor. Chemical analysis is not required unless specifically negotiated.