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Designation: A664 - 11 A664 - 14

## Standard Practice for Identification of Standard Electrical Steel Grades in ASTM Specifications<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A664; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers the procedure for designating (within ASTM specifications) standard grades of flat-rolled electrical steels made to specified maximum values of core loss. This practice applies to magnetically soft irons and steel (low-carbon steels and alloys of iron with silicon, aluminum, and so forth) where a core loss measurement at a stated peak value of alternating induction and a stated frequency, such as 15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz, is normally used to grade the material. This practice also applies when some other property is specified (or a different induction or frequency, or both) as the limiting characteristic, provided the material also meets all the requirements of the ASTM specification.

1.2 Individual specifications that are in conformity with this practice are Specifications A677, A683, A726, <u>A876and</u>, and <u>A876A1086</u>.

1.3 The values stated in customary (cgs-emu and inch-pound) units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units which are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A340 Terminology of Symbols and Definitions Relating to Magnetic Testing

A677 Specification for Nonoriented Electrical Steel Fully Processed Types

- A683 Specification for Nonoriented Electrical Steel, Semiprocessed Types
- A726 Specification for Cold-Rolled Magnetic Lamination Quality Steel, Semiprocessed Types

A876 Specification for Flat-Rolled, Grain-Oriented, Silicon-Iron, Electrical Steel, Fully Processed Types stm-a664-14

A976 Classification of Insulating Coatings for Electrical Steels by Composition, Relative Insulating Ability and Application A1086 Specification for Thin-Gauge Nonoriented Electrical Steel Fully Processed Types

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 The terms and symbols used in this practice are defined in Terminology A340.

#### 4. Procedure

4.1 *General Requirements of the Core-Loss-Type Designations*—The core-loss-type designations to be used for ordering purposes and for identification of the shipped material in ASTM specifications for electrical steels shall be a six-character identification (for example, 36F145) comprised of the following basic elements:

4.1.1 *First Two Digits*—The first two digits of the grade designation shall represent the nominal decimal thickness of the material in millimetres. For instance, the number 36 represents a thickness of 0.36 mm or 0.014 in. Refer to Appendix X1 for the relationship between Electrical Sheet Gauge Number and thickness.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A06 on Magnetic Properties and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A06.02 on Material Specifications.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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4.1.2 Code Letters—A code letter shall designate the general category of magnetic material and the standard sampling and testing practices that apply. The precise conditions of sampling and testing are given in the ASTM specification covering each class of material. The code letter to be used and the sampling and testing conditions associated with that letter shall be as in Table 1.

Code Letter	ASTM Specification	Class of Material and Core-Loss Testing Conditions
Code Letter	ASTM Specification	Class of Material and Core-Loss Testing Conditions
Ð	<del>A726</del>	Magnetic lamination steel, semiprocessed, with core loss value determined at 15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens <sup>4</sup> after a quality development an
2		neal at 1450°F (790°C) with a 1-h soak period.
D	<u>A726</u>	Magnetic lamination steel, semiprocessed, with core-loss value determined at
		15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens <sup>4</sup> after a quality development an neal at 1450°F (790°C) with a 1-h soak period.
F	<del>A677</del>	Nonoriented electrical steel, fully processed, with core loss value determined at
F		15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on as sheared Epstein specimens. <sup>A</sup>
Ē	<u>A677</u>	Nonoriented electrical steel, fully processed, with core-loss value determined at 15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on as-sheared Epstein specimens. <sup>A</sup>
8	<del>A683</del>	Nonoriented electrical steel, semiprocessed, with core-loss value determined at
		15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens <sup>A</sup> after a quality development ar neal at 1550°F (845°C) with a 1 h soak period, except that the temperature sha be 1450°F (790°C) for alloy contents less than 1.3 % silicon plus aluminum.
<u>S</u>	A683	Nonoriented electrical steel, semiprocessed, with core-loss value determined at
	<u>A005</u>	15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens <sup>4</sup> after a quality development ar
		neal at 1550°F (845°C) with a 1-h soak period, except that the temperature sha
		be 1450°F (790°C) for alloy contents less than 1.3 % silicon plus aluminum.
Ξ	A1086	Thin-gauge nonoriented electrical steel, fully processed, with core-loss value de
		termined at 10 kG (1.0 T) and 400 Hz on as-sheared Epstein specimens. <sup>A</sup>
G	Age Then	Crain oriented electrical steel, fully presented, with some loss value determined
		Content of the second secon
		in the range from 1450 to 1550°F (790 to 845°C) with a 1-h soak period.
G		Grain-oriented electrical steel, fully processed, with core-loss value determined
		at 15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens <sup>B</sup> stress-relief annealed usual
		in the range from 1450 to 1550°F (790 to 845°C) with a 1-h soak period.
н	A876 OCUM	Grain-oriented electrical steel, fully processed, with core loss value determined
		at 17 kG (1.7 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens <sup>®</sup> stress relief annealed usual in the range from 1450 to 1550°F (790 to 845°C) with a 1-h soak period.
H	<u>A876</u>	Grain-oriented electrical steel, fully processed, with core-loss value determined
		at 17 kG (1.7 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens <sup>B</sup> stress-relief annealed usual in the range from 1450 to 1550°F (790 to 845°C) with a 1-h soak period.
P	A876	Grain oriented electrical steel, fully processed, high permeability, with core loss
F	Roro	value determined at 17 kG (1.7 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens, <sup>B</sup> stress- relief annealed usually in the range from 1450 to 1550°F (790 to 845°C) with a 1-h soak period. Relative peak permeability at 10 Oe (796 A/m) typically exceed 1880.
Р	A876	Grain-oriented electrical steel, fully processed, high permeability, with core-loss
<u>-</u>		value determined at 17 kG (1.7 T) and 60 Hz on Epstein specimens, <sup><math>B</math></sup> stress-
		relief annealed usually in the range from 1450 to 1550°F (790 to 845°C) with a
		1-h soak period. Relative peak permeability at 10 Oe (796 A/m) typically exceed 1880.
Q	<del>A876</del>	Grain-oriented electrical steel, fully processed, high permeability, laser scribed,
		with core loss value determined at 17 kG (1.7 T) and 60 Hz on an as sheared
		sheet type test specimen. Relative peak permeability at 10 Oe (796 A/m) typi-
<u>Q</u>	1070	cally exceeds 1880.
	<u>A876</u>	Grain-oriented electrical steel, fully processed, high permeability, laser scribed,
		with core-loss value determined at 17 kG (1.7 T) and 60 Hz on an as-sheared
		sheet-type test specimen. Relative peak permeability at 10 Oe (796 A/m) typi-

<sup>A</sup> Test specimen with one half of the strips cut parallel to the rolling direction and the other half cut perpendicular to the rolling direction.

<sup>B</sup> Test specimen with all strips cut parallel to the rolling direction.

4.1.3 Last Digits—The last three digits of the grade designation shall represent the maximum permissible core loss in watts per pound for the test conditions indicated by the code letter. For instance, the 145 designation on a standard ASTM specification used in conjunction with the Code Letter F represents 1.45 W/lb for the maximum value of core loss determined at 15 kG (1.5 T) and 60 Hz on an as-sheared Epstein specimen consisting of one half of the strips cut parallel to the rolling direction and the other half cut perpendicular to the rolled direction.