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# Standard Test Methods for Particle-Size Distribution (Gradation) of Soils Using Sieve Analysis<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D6913; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

ε<sup>1</sup> NOTE—Editorially corrected Eq 1 in July 2014.

### INTRODUCTION

Although this test method has been used for many years, there are vast testing variations required due to soil types and conditions. The test is more complicated and complex than would be expected. Multiple procedures are being presented along with new terminology. Although these procedures are not new, they will now be defined and explained. Some examples of these new terms are composite sieving, designated separating sieve and subspecimen. This test method outlines the majority of conditions and procedures but does not cover every conceivable variation or contingency. The table of contents in the Scope section is added to enable the user to easily find a specific topic or requirement. Only sections/subsections with titles are presented. Therefore, numbered subsections will not be continuous in some cases, as indicated in the Scope section.

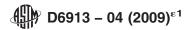
### 1. Scope

- 1.1 Soils consist of particles with various shapes and sizes. This test method is used to separate particles into size ranges and to determine quantitatively the mass of particles in each range. These data are combined to determine the particle-size distribution (gradation). This test method uses a square opening sieve criterion in determining the gradation of soil between the 3-in. (75-mm) and No. 200 (75-µm) sieves.
  - 1.2 The terms, soils and material, are used interchangeably throughout the standard.
  - 1.3 In cases where the gradation of particles larger than 3 in. (75 mm) sieve is required, Test Method D5519 may be used.
  - 1.4 In cases where the gradation of particles smaller than No. 200 (75-μm) sieve is required, Test Method D422<sup>2</sup> may be used.
- 1.5 Typically, if the maximum particle size is equal to or less than 4.75 mm (No. 4 sieve), then single-set sieving is applicable. Furthermore, if the maximum particle size is greater than 4.75 mm (No. 4 sieve) and equal to or less than 9.5 mm (3/8-in sieve), then either single-set sieving or composite sieving is applicable. Finally, if the maximum particle size is equal to or greater than 19.0 mm (3/4-in sieve), composite sieving is applicable. For special conditions see 10.3.
- 1.6 Two test methods are provided in this standard. The methods differ in the significant digits recorded and the size of the specimen (mass) required. The method to be used may be specified by the requesting authority; otherwise Method A shall be performed.
- 1.6.1 *Method A*—The percentage (by mass) passing each sieve size is recorded to the nearest 1 %. This method must be used when performing composite sieving. For cases of disputes, Method A is the referee method.
- 1.6.2 *Method B*—The percentage (by mass) passing each sieve size is recorded to the nearest 0.1 %. This method is only applicable for single sieve-set sieving and when the maximum particle size is equal to or less than the No. 4 (4.75-mm) sieve.
- 1.7 This test method does not cover, in any detail, procurement of the sample. It is assumed that the sample is obtained using appropriate methods and is representative.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D18 on Soil and Rock and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D18.03 on Texture, Plasticity and Density Characteristics of Soils.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Currently Subcommittee D18.03 is preparing a new test method (Hydrometer Analysis or Combined Sieve and Hydrometer Analysis) to replace D422.



- 1.8 Sample Processing—Three procedures (moist, air dry, and oven dry) are provided to process the sample to obtain a specimen. The procedure selected will depend on the type of sample, the maximum particle-size in the sample, the range of particle sizes, the initial conditions of the material, the plasticity of the material, the efficiency, and the need for other testing on the sample. The procedure may be specified by the requesting authority; otherwise the guidance given in Section 10 shall be followed.
- 1.9 This test method typically requires two or three days to complete, depending on the type and size of the sample and soil type.
  - 1.10 This test method is *not* applicable for the following soils:
  - 1.10.1 Soils containing fibrous peat that will change in particle size during the drying, washing, or sieving procedure.
- 1.10.2 Soils containing extraneous matter, such as organic solvents, oil, asphalt, wood fragments, or similar items. Such extraneous matter can affect the washing and sieving procedures.
  - 1.10.3 Materials that contain cementitious components, such as cement, fly ash, lime, or other stabilization admixtures.
- 1.11 This test method may not produce consistent test results within and between laboratories for the following soils and the precision statement does not apply to them.
- 1.11.1 Friable soils in which the sieving processes change the gradation of the soil. Typical examples of these soils are some residual soils, most weathered shales and some weakly cemented soils such as hardpan, caliche or coquina.
  - 1.11.2 Soils that will not readily disperse such as glauconitic clays or some dried plastic clays.
- 1.11.3 To test these soils, this test method must be adapted, or altered, and these alterations documented. Depending on the design considerations, a specialized gradation-testing program could be performed. The alterations could require the washing and sieving procedures to be standardized such that each specimen would be processed in a similar manner.
- 1.12 Some materials that are not soils, but are made up of particles may be tested using this method. However, the applicable sections above should be used in applying this standard.
- 1.13 All observed and calculated values shall conform to the guidelines for significant digits and rounding established in Practice D6026, unless superseded by this test method.
- 1.13.1 The procedures used to specify how data are collected/recorded and calculated in this standard are regarded as the industry standard. In addition, they are representative of the significant digits that generally should be retained. The procedures used do not consider material variation, purpose for obtaining the data, special purpose studies, or any considerations for the user's objectives; and it is common practice to increase or reduce significant digits of reported data to be commensurate with these considerations. It is beyond the scope of these test methods to consider significant digits used in analysis methods for engineering design.
- 1.14 *Units*—The dimensional values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard, such as 200-mm or 8-in. diameter sieve. Except, the sieve designations are typically identified using the "alternative" system in accordance with Practice E11, such as 3 in. and No. 200, instead of the "standard" system of 75 mm and 75 µm, respectively. Only the SI units are used for mass determinations, calculations, and reported results. However, the use of balances or scales recording pounds of mass (lbm) shall not be regarded as nonconformance with this standard.
  - 1.15 A summary of the symbols used in this test method is given in Annex A1.
- 1.16 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
  - 1.17 Table of Contents—All tables and figures appear at the end of this standard.

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### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

C136 Test Method for Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregates

C702 Practice for Reducing Samples of Aggregate to Testing Size

D422 Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils

D653 Terminology Relating to Soil, Rock, and Contained Fluids

D698 Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12 400 ft-lbf/ft<sup>3</sup> (600 kN-m/m<sup>3</sup>))

D1140 Test Methods for Amount of Material in Soils Finer than No. 200 (75-µm) Sieve

D1557 Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft<sup>3</sup> (2,700 kN-m/m<sup>3</sup>))

D2216 Test Methods for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass

D2487 Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



D2488 Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure)

D3740 Practice for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in Testing and/or Inspection of Soil and Rock as Used in Engineering Design and Construction

D4318 Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils

D4753 Guide for Evaluating, Selecting, and Specifying Balances and Standard Masses for Use in Soil, Rock, and Construction Materials Testing

D5519 Test Methods for Particle Size Analysis of Natural and Man-Made Riprap Materials

D6026 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Geotechnical Data

E11 Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves

E177 Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods

E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

### 3. Terminology

- 3.1 General:
- 3.1.1 An overview of terms used in the sieving processes is presented in Fig. 1(a) using a tabular format and in Fig. 1(b) using a flowchart format. In addition, Fig. 1(a) includes symbols used in the sieving processes.
- 3.1.2 There are two types of definitions in the following sections. There are definitions that are general (see 3.2) and others that are specific to this standard (see 3.3). To locate a definition, it may be necessary to review both sections. The definitions are in alphabetical order.
  - 3.2 Definitions:
  - 3.2.1 For definitions of general terms used in this test method, refer to Terminology D653.
- 3.2.2 composite sieving, v—in sieving, the process of separating a large specimen on a designated separating sieve to obtain coarser and finer particle-size portions. The coarser portion is sieved using the coarser sieve set. The finer portion is subsampled to obtain a subspecimen of manageable size (mass) and this subspecimen is sieved using the finer sieve set. The results of both sieve sets (coarser and finer) are combined mathematically to determine the gradation of the large specimen.

### 3.2.2.1 Discussion— (https://standards.iteh.ai)

In some cases the subspecimen may require another separation; i.e., using a 2<sup>nd</sup> designated separating sieve and resulting in a 2<sup>nd</sup> coarser portion and 2<sup>nd</sup> subspecimen obtained from the 2<sup>nd</sup> finer portion.

- 3.2.3 cumulative material retained (cumulative retained material or cumulative mass retained), n—in sieving, the mass of material retained on an individual sieve plus the masses of material retained on all the coarser sieves in a given stack/set of sieves.
- 3.2.4 *cumulative percent retained*, *n in sieving*, the ratio of cumulative material retained on a given sieve to the mass of the specimen, expressed in percent.
- 3.2.5 designated separating sieve, n— in composite sieving, the sieve selected to separate the specimen into coarser and finer portions for composite sieving.

### 3.2.5.1 Discussion—

The designated separating sieve size is a standard sieve size typically ranging from the  ${}^{3}\!/\!{}$ -in. (19.0-mm) sieve to the No. 10 (2.00-mm) sieve. There can be two designated separating sieves used in composite sieving, that is the  $1^{st}$  subspecimen can be separated on a  $2^{nd}$  designated separating sieve to obtain a  $2^{nd}$  coarser portion and a  $2^{nd}$  subspecimen obtained from the  $2^{nd}$  finer portion.

- 3.2.6 fractional cumulative material retained, n—in composite sieving, when sieving a subspecimen, the mass of material retained on an individual sieve plus the masses of material retained on all the coarser sieves in a given sieve set.
- 3.2.7 fractional cumulative percent retained, n—in composite sieving, the ratio of fractional cumulative material retained on a given sieve to the mass of the subspecimen, expressed in percent.
- 3.2.8 fractional material retained, n— in composite sieving, when sieving a subspecimen, the mass of material retained on an individual sieve.
- 3.2.9 *fractional percent passing*, *n in composite sieving*, the portion of material by mass in the subspecimen(s) passing a given sieve expressed in percent.

#### 3.2.9.1 Discussion—

When two subspecimens are used, there will be a 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> fractional percent passing.

Terms <sup>A</sup>	Modifying Adjectives & Symbols
A - Single	Sieve-Set Sieving
specimen	moist $(S, M_m)$ , dry or oven-dried $(S, M_d)$ , air-dried $(S, M_{ad})$ , washed $(S_w M_d)$
sieve set	· // u/
cumulative material or mass retained on Nth sieve	$CMR_N$
cumulative percent retained on Nth sieve	$CPR_N$
percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve <sup>B</sup>	PPN
percent retained on Nth sieve C	PR' <sub>N</sub>
B — Composite Sieving: Single Separation	on, Only One Designated Separating Sieve Used
specimen	Same as above.
designated separating sieve	
coarser portion	moist $(CP, M_m)$ , dry or oven-dried $(CP, M_d)$ , air-dried $(CP, M_{ad})$ ,
	washed ( $CPwM_d$ )
coarser sieve set	•
cumulative material or mass retained on Nth sieve	CP,CMR <sub>N</sub>
cumulative percent retained on Nth sieve	CP,CPR <sub>N</sub>
percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve <sup>B</sup>	CP,PP <sub>N</sub>
composite sieving correction factor	CSCF
finer portion	moist ( $FP$ , $M_m$ ), dry ( $FP$ , $M_m$ ), air-dried ( $FP$ , $M_{ad}$ )
subspecimen	moist $(SubS, M_m)$ , dry or oven-dried $(SubS, M_d)$ , air-dried
·	$(SubS, M_{ad})$ , washed $(SubS_{w}, M_{d})$
finer sieve set	, dan transfer and the day
fractional cumulative mass retained on Nth sieve	SubS,FCMR <sub>N</sub>
fractional cumulative percent retained on Nth sieve	SubS,FCPR <sub>N</sub>
fractional percent passing the Nth sieve	SubS,FPP <sub>N</sub>
fractional percent retained the first sieve	SubS,FPR <sub>first</sub>
finer portion percent passing the Nth sieve	FP,PP <sub>N</sub>
percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve <sup>D</sup>	SúbS, PP <sub>N</sub>
C – Composite Sieving: Double Separati	on, 1 <sup>st</sup> & 2 <sup>nd</sup> Designated Separating Sieves Used
specimen	Same as above.
1 <sup>st</sup> designated separating sieve	
1 <sup>st</sup> coarser portion	Same as above.
Same as above, except the prefix 1st is added to all t	terms 1 <sup>st</sup> CP,CMR <sub>N</sub> , 1 <sup>st</sup> CP,CPR <sub>N</sub> , 1 <sup>st</sup> CP,PP <sub>N</sub> , 1 <sup>st</sup> CP,PP <sub>N</sub> , 1 <sup>st</sup> CSCF
1 <sup>st</sup> finer portion	Same as above.
1 <sup>st</sup> subspecimen (used to produce 2 <sup>nd</sup> subspecimen a	
2 <sup>nd</sup> coarser portion for sieving)	The state of the s
2 <sup>nd</sup> designated separating sieve	
2 <sup>nd</sup> coarser portion	dry or oven-dried ( $2^{nd}CP_{,}M_{d}$ ), washed ( $2^{nd}CP_{w_{r}}M_{d}$ )
2 <sup>nd</sup> finer portion ASTM D	6913 dry or oven-dried $(2^{nd}FP,M_d)$
2 <sup>nd</sup> coarser sieve set	
1 <sup>st</sup> fractional cum. mass retained on <i>Nth</i> sieve	ea-ac <mark>2<sup>nd</sup>CP,FCMR<sub>N</sub></mark> 845-19683184d1b6/astm-d6913-042009
1 <sup>st</sup> fractional cum. percent retained on <i>Nth</i> sieve	2 <sup>nd</sup> CP,,FCPR <sub>N</sub>
1 <sup>st</sup> fractional percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve	2 <sup>nd</sup> CP,FPP <sub>N</sub>
1 <sup>st</sup> fractional percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve 1 <sup>st</sup> fractional percent retained on first sieve	2 <sup>nd</sup> CP,FPR <sub>first</sub>
percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve <sup>C</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup> CP,PP <sub>N</sub>
	FP,PP <sub>N</sub>
finer portion percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve 2 <sup>nd</sup> composite sieving correction factor	2 <sup>nd</sup> CSCF
1st finer partian composite signing correction factor	1 <sup>st</sup> FP, CSCF
1 <sup>st</sup> finer portion composite sieving correction factor 2 <sup>nd</sup> subspecimen (selected from 2 <sup>nd</sup> finer portion)	moist $(2^{\text{nd}}SubS, M_m)$ , dry $(2^{\text{nd}}SubS, M_d)$ , air-dried
2 <u>subspecimen</u> (selected from 2 filler portion)	
finer sieve set	(2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,M <sub>ad</sub> )
2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional cum. mass retained on <i>Nth</i> sieve	and cube ECMP
z macuonai cum, mass retained on <i>ivtri</i> sieve	2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,FCMR <sub>N</sub>
and fractional cum percent retained on Mth -:	2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,FCPR <sub>N</sub>
2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional cum. percent retained on <i>Nth</i> sieve	andc. LC EDD "
2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional cum. percent retained on <i>Nth</i> sieve 2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve	2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,FPP <sub>N</sub>
2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional cum. percent retained on <i>Nth</i> sieve 2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve 2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional percent retained on the first sieve	2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,FPR <sub>firet</sub>
2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional cum. percent retained on <i>Nth</i> sieve 2 <sup>nd</sup> fractional percent passing the <i>Nth</i> sieve	2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,FPP <sub>N</sub> 2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,FPR <sub>first</sub> 1 <sup>st</sup> FP,PP <sub>N</sub> 2 <sup>nd</sup> SubS,PP <sub>N</sub>

Notes: A The term mass is omitted, since all non-percent terms are in mass (g). Some terms, such as material retained, percent retained (except as required) and fractional material are omitted since only the "cumulative" methodology is presented herein.

B Equals 100 minus cumulative percent retained. C Only required in precision determination.

FIG. 1 (a) Typical Terminology and Symbols Used in Sieving Processes

- 3.2.10 fractional percent retained, n—in composite sieving, the ratio of fractional material retained on a given sieve to the mass of the subspecimen, expressed in percent.
  - 3.2.11 gradation, n—in soil, the proportion by mass of various particle sizes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> Function of the appropriate fractional percent passing and *CSCF*.

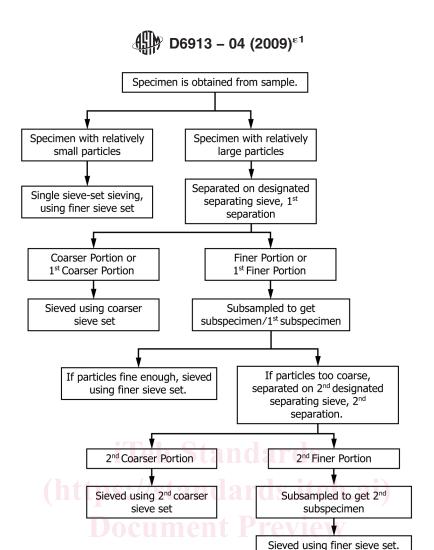


FIG. 1 (b) Terminology Flowchart for Sieving Processes (continued)

### ht 3.2.11.1 Discussion—vcatalog/standards/sist/8bce5bea-ac09-4208-8845-19683184d1b6/astm-d6913-042009e1

This proportion is usually presented in tabular format (sieve size and percent passing) or graphical format (percent passing versus logarithm of the sieve size in mm). The graphical format is referred to as particle-size distribution or gradation curve.

3.2.12 *maximum particle size*, *n*—*in sieving*, the smallest sieve size from the standard sieve set on which less than one percent of the sample would be retained.

### 3.2.12.1 Discussion—

For practical purposes, estimate the maximum particle size as equal to the smallest sieve size from the standard sieve set in which it appears that all the material being tested would pass through that sieve. The maximum particle size is needed to determine the required mass of the specimen and subspecimen.

- 3.2.13 maximum sieve size, n—in sieving, the smallest sieve size that is larger than any particle in the specimen or subspecimen.
- 3.2.14 minimum sieve size, n—in sieving, the smallest sieve size in a sieve set used in sieving the specimen or subspecimen.

### 3.2.14.1 Discussion—

This size is either the size of the designated separating sieve (1st or 2nd) or the No. 200 (75-µm) sieve.

3.2.15 *percent passing, n—in sieving*, the portion of material by mass in the specimen passing a given sieve expressed in percent.

### 3.2.15.1 Discussion—

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This value is equal to the cumulative material retained in a given sieve set divided by the mass of the specimen, subtracting that ratio from one, and then multiplying by 100. For composite sieving, it would be the fractional percent passing multiplied by the composite sieving correction factor (*CSCF*).

- 3.2.16 particle size distribution, n—see gradation.
- 3.2.17 *percent retained, n—in sieving*, the ratio of the material retained on a given sieve to the mass of the specimen, expressed in percent.
- 3.2.18 *saturated surface-dry condition*, *n*—*in coarse-grained soils*, a state in which the soil particles are basically saturated with water, but there are not visible films of water.
- 3.2.19 *sieve set*, *n*—*in sieving*, a set of standard sized sieves. For single sieve-set sieving, the sieve set will range from the maximum sieve size to the No. 200 (75-µm) sieve. For composite sieving, there will be a coarser sieve set and a finer sieve set. Together, these sets will range from the maximum sieve size to the No. 200 (75-µm) sieve. The designated separating sieve will be used as the minimum size in the coarser set and the maximum size in the finer set.
  - 3.2.20 sieve size, n—in sieving, the size of the opening in the wire cloth of a given sieve in mm or  $\mu$ m.
- 3.2.21 *single sieve-set sieving*, *v—in sieving*, the process in which only one set of sieves is required to determine the gradation of the specimen from the maximum particle size to the No. 200 (75-µm) sieve.

#### 3.2.21.1 Discussion—

Typically, this applies to specimens having a maximum particle size of 9.5 mm ( $\frac{3}{8} \text{ in.}$ ) or less when using Method A or a maximum particle size of 4.75 mm (No. 4 sieve) or less when using Method B and the distribution of particles less than the No. 200 ( $75 \text{-}\mu\text{m}$ ) sieve is not needed.

3.2.22 *splitting*, *v*—*in sampling or subsampling*, the process of stockpile sampling, quartering material, or passing material through a splitter or riffle box to obtain a representative portion of that material for testing; i.e., a specimen or subspecimen.

#### 3.2.22.1 Discussion—

A description of stockpile sampling, and quartering and splitting material is given in Annex A2, A2.1.1 through A2.1.3.

- 3.2.23 standard shaking period, n—in sieving, a time period ranging from 10 to 20 minutes that a mechanical sieve shaker operates during the sieving process and which has been verified to satisfy the requirements for sieving thoroughness.
- 3.2.24 standard sieve set, n—in sieving soils, the group of fourteen specific sieve sizes required to determine the gradation of soils between and including the 3-in. (75-mm) and No. 200 (75-µm) sieves, as listed in Table 1.

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### 3.2.24.1 Discussion—

Most of these sieve sizes are different than those used in aggregate testing for concrete (Test Method C136), especially for sieves finer than the No. 4 (4.75 mm).

3.2.25 *subspecimen, n—in composite sieving*, a representative portion of the material passing the designated separating sieve; i.e., the finer portion.

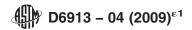
### 3.2.25.1 Discussion—

When composite sieving requires multiple designated separating sieves, there will be more than one subspecimen. The 1st

TABLE 1 Standard Sieve Set<sup>A</sup>

Sieve Designation in Accordance with E11					
Alternative	Standard	Alternative	Standard		
Lid		No. 10	2.00 mm		
3 in.	75 mm	No. 20	850 μm		
2 in.	50 mm	No. 40	425 μm		
1-1/2 in.	37.5 mm	No. 60	250 μm		
1 in.	25.0 mm	No. 100	150 µm		
3/4 in.	19.0 mm	No. 140	106 μm		
3⁄8 in.	9.5 mm	No. 200	75 µm		
No. 4	4.75 mm	Pan			

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  A lid is typically not used or required when using rectangular coarser sieves having dimensions greater than 200 mm or 8 in.



subspecimen (i.e. the subspecimen from the finer portion) would be separated into a  $2^{nd}$  coarser portion and a  $2^{nd}$  finer portion that would be subsampled to obtain the  $2^{nd}$  subspecimen.

- 3.3 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.3.1 coarser portion, n—in composite sieving, the portion of the specimen retained on the designated separating sieve.

### 3.3.1.1 Discussion—

When two designated separating sieves are used, there will be a 1st and 2nd coarser portion.

3.3.2 coarser sieve set, n—in composite sieving, the sieve set that ranges from the maximum sieve size to the designated separating sieve size.

### 3.3.2.1 Discussion—

When two designated separating sieves are used, the 1<sup>st</sup> coarser sieve set ranges from the maximum sieve size to the 1<sup>st</sup> designated separating sieve size. The 2<sup>nd</sup> coarser sieve set would range from the 1<sup>st</sup> designated separating sieve size to the 2<sup>nd</sup> designated separating sieve size.

3.3.3 composite sieving correction factor (CSCF), n—in composite sieving, a factor used to convert the fractional percent passing determined from sieving the subspecimen to the percent passing for the specimen. The CSCF is equal to the percent passing the designated separating sieve size in the coarser portion sieve set (i.e., the last sieve in the coarser portion set). This value shall be calculated to one more digit than required (0.1 %) to reduce rounding errors.

### 3.3.3.1 Discussion—

When two designated separating sieves are used, there will be a 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> CSCF.

3.3.4 finer portion, n—in composite sieving, the portion of the specimen passing the designated separating sieve.

### 3.3.4.1 Discussion—

When two designated separating sieves are used, the  $1^{st}$  subspecimen obtained from the  $1^{st}$  finer portion will be separated into a  $2^{nd}$  coarser portion and  $2^{nd}$  finer portion, from which the  $2^{nd}$  subspecimen is obtained.

3.3.5 *finer sieve set, n—in composite sieving*, the sieve set that ranges from the last designated separating sieve size to the No. 200 (75-µm) sieve.

### 3.3.5.1 Discussion—

When composite sieving requires a 2<sup>nd</sup> subspecimen, the finer sieve sets ranges from the 2<sup>nd</sup> separating sieve size to the No. 200 (75-µm) sieve.

- 3.3.6 *insignificant sieve*, *n*—*in precision of test results*, any sieve which has 1 % or less cumulative material retained during the sieve analysis.
- 3.3.7 *separating*, *v*—*in composite sieving*, the process of dividing a specimen or subspecimen into two portions, the coarser (retained) and finer (passing) portions, using a designated separating sieve.

#### 3.3.7.1 Discussion—

When composite sieving requires two designated sieves, there will be a 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> coarser portion, finer portion and subspecimen.

3.3.8 *significant sieve*, *n*—*in precision of test results*, any sieve which has more than 1 % of cumulative material retained during the sieve analysis.

### 4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 This test method is used to determine the particle-size distribution (gradation) of a soil sample. A representative specimen must be obtained from the sample by one of three procedures (moist, air-dried or oven-dried). For specimens containing relatively small particles, the specimen is sieved in its entirety, using single sieve-set sieving. However, the specimen may contain a wide range of particle sizes and may require separating the soil into two, or three size ranges for more efficient sieving, using one or two designated separating sieve(s). This process is termed composite sieving. For a single separation (two portions), the coarser portion is sieved in its entirety, while the finer portion is split into a smaller subspecimen for sieving. These results are

mathematically combined. For specimens containing very large particles, the specimen may require two separations; i.e., three portions (1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> coarser portions and 2<sup>nd</sup> finer portion), see Fig. 1(a) and Fig. 1(b). Prior to sieving, as applicable, the material will be washed to remove fine particles and oven dried. The material to be sieved will be placed on the coarsest sieve size of each sieve set and mechanically shaken. The mass of particles retained on each sieve will be determined. The results will produce a tabulation of sieve sizes versus percent passing that can be graphically presented as a gradation curve (a plot of the percent passing versus the log of the particle size in mm.).

4.2 Flowcharts outlining the requirements of the various sieving processes covered above are presented below in four figures, Fig. 2 through Fig. 4(b).

### 5. Significance and Use

5.1 The gradation of the soil is used for classification in accordance with Practice D2487.

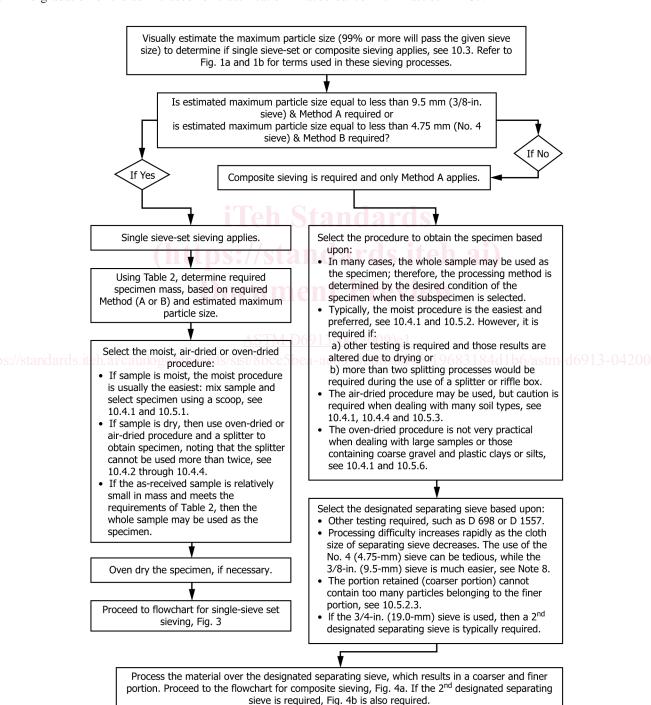


FIG. 2 Decision Flowchart for Sieving Processes