

Designation: B787/B787M - 04 (Reapproved 2014)

Standard Specification for 19 Wire Combination Unilay-Stranded Copper Conductors for Subsequent Insulation¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B787/B787M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers bare combination unilaystranded conductors made from round copper wires, either uncoated or coated with tin or lead alloy for insulated conductors for electrical purposes. These conductors shall be constructed with a central core wire surrounded by two layers of helically laid wires, resulting in an outer diameter equal to the compressed-stranded equivalent conductor. (See Explanatory Note 1 and Note 2).

Note 1—For the purpose of this specification, combination unilay conductor is defined as follows: a central core wire surrounded by a layer of six helically laid wires of the same diameter as the core wire with a helically laid outer layer containing six smaller wires alternated between six wires of the same diameter as the wires in the layer underneath. Both layers have a common length and direction of lay (see Fig. 1).

1.2 For the purpose of this specification, normal conductor classification (Class AA, A, B, C) is not applicable as these conductors are intended for subsequent insulation. The descriptive term combination unilay-stranded shall be used in place of conductor classification.

1.3 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each

system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.3.1 For conductor sizes designated by AWG or kcmil, the requirements in SI units have been numerically converted from corresponding values, stated or derived, in inch-pound units.

1.3.2 For conductor sizes designated by SI units only, the requirements are stated or derived in SI units.

1.3.3 For density, resistivity, and temperature, the values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard.

1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the

responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.

- 2.2 ASTM Standards:²
- **B1** Specification for Hard-Drawn Copper Wire
- B2 Specification for Medium-Hard-Drawn Copper Wire
- B3 Specification for Soft or Annealed Copper Wire
- B33 Specification for Tin-Coated Soft or Annealed Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes
- B189 Specification for Lead-Coated and Lead-Alloy-Coated Soft Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes
- B246 Specification for Tinned Hard-Drawn and Medium-Hard-Drawn Copper Wire for Electrical Purposes
- B263 Test Method for Determination of Cross-Sectional Area of Stranded Conductors
- **B354** Terminology Relating to Uninsulated Metallic Electri-
- 4 cal Conductors 769 70/astm-b787-b787m-042014
- 2.3 Other Standard:³

NBS Handbook 100 Copper Wire Tables of the National Bureau of Standards

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for materials under this specification shall include the following information:

3.1.1 Quantity of each size,

3.1.2 Conductor Size: Circular-mil area or American Wire Gage, AWG (Section 7 and Table 1),

- 3.1.3 Stranding (see Explanatory Note 3),
- 3.1.4 Temper (see 4.2),

3.1.5 Whether coated or uncoated; if coated, designate type of coating (see 4.1 and 4.2),

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.04 on Conductors of Copper and Copper Alloys.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), 100 Bureau Dr., Stop 1070, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-1070, http://www.nist.gov.

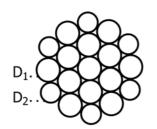


FIG. 1 Cross Section of Conductor

TABLE 1 Construction Requirements for 19-Wire Combination
Unilay Stranded Copper Conductors

Brown and Cross-Sectional Area Sharpe) cmil sq mm Wire Gage 500 000 253.4 450 000 228.0 400 000 202.7 350 000 177.3 300 000 152.0 250 000 126.7 211 600 107.2 0000 167 800 85.0 000	Wire Diam mils 175.6 166.6 157.1 146.9 136.0 124.2 114.2 101.7 90.6		Wire Diam 128.5 121.9 115.0 107.5 99.6 90.9 83.6	eter, mm 3.3 3.1 2.9 2.7 2.5 2.3
cmil sq mm Wire Gage 500 000 253.4 450 000 228.0 400 000 202.7 350 000 177.3 300 000 152.0 250 000 126.7 211 600 107.2 0000 167 800 85.0 000	Diam mils 175.6 166.6 157.1 146.9 136.0 124.2 114.2 101.7	mm 4.5 4.2 4.0 3.7 3.5 3.2 2.4	Diam mils 128.5 121.9 115.0 107.5 99.6 90.9	eter, mm 3.3 3.1 2.9 2.7 2.5 2.3
500 000 253.4 450 000 228.0 400 000 202.7 350 000 177.3 300 000 152.0 250 000 126.7 211 600 107.2 0000 167 800 85.0 000	175.6 166.6 157.1 146.9 136.0 124.2 114.2 101.7	4.5 4.2 4.0 3.7 3.5 3.2 2.4	128.5 121.9 115.0 107.5 99.6 90.9	3.3 3.1 2.9 2.7 2.5 2.3
450 000 228.0 400 000 202.7 350 000 177.3 300 000 152.0 250 000 126.7 211 600 107.2 0000 167 800 85.0 000	166.6 157.1 146.9 136.0 124.2 114.2 101.7	4.2 4.0 3.7 3.5 3.2 2.4	121.9 115.0 107.5 99.6 90.9	3.1 2.9 2.7 2.5 2.3
400 000 202.7 350 000 177.3 300 000 152.0 250 000 126.7 211 600 107.2 0000 167 800 85.0 000	157.1 146.9 136.0 124.2 114.2 101.7	4.0 3.7 3.5 3.2 2.4	115.0 107.5 99.6 90.9	2.9 2.7 2.5 2.3
350 000 177.3 300 000 152.0 250 000 126.7 211 600 107.2 0000 167 800 85.0 000	146.9 136.0 124.2 114.2 101.7	3.7 3.5 3.2 2.4	107.5 99.6 90.9	2.7 2.5 2.3
300 000 152.0 250 000 126.7 211 600 107.2 0000 167 800 85.0 000	136.0 124.2 114.2 101.7	3.5 3.2 2.4	99.6 90.9	2.5 2.3
250 000126.7211 600107.20000167 80085.0000	124.2 114.2 101.7	3.2 2.4	90.9	2.3
211 600107.20000167 80085.0000	114.2 101.7	2.4		
167 800 85.0 000	101.7		83.6	
		26		2.1
	90.6	۵.۵	74.5	1.9
133 100 67.4 00		2.3	66.3	1.7
105 600 53.5 0	80.7	2.0	59.1	1.5
83 690 42.4 1	71.8	1.8	52.6	1.3
66 360 33.6 2	64.0	1.6	46.8	1.2
52 620 26.7 3	57.0	1.4	41.7	1.1
41 740 21.1 4	50.7	1.3	37.1	0.9
33 090 16.8 5	45.2	1.1	33.1	0.8
26 240 13.3 6	40.2	1.0	29.4	0.7
20 820 10.5 7	35.8	0.9	26.2	0.7
16 510 8.4 8	31.9	0.8	23.4	0.6
13 090 6.6 9	28.4	0.7	20.8	0.5
10 380 5.3 10	25.3	0.6	18.5	0.5
6530 3.3 12	20.1	0.5	14.7	0.4
4110 2.1 14	15.9	0.4	11.7	0.3
2580 1.3 16	12.6	0.3	9.2	0.2
1620 0.8 18	10.0	0.3	7.3	0.2
1020 0.5 20	7.9	0.2	5.8	0.1
640 0.3 22	6.3	0.2	4.6	0.1
//404 0.2 teh ai/ 24	/sta 5.0	0.1	633.77	0.178

Equation to calculate D_1 :

	Cross – Sectional Area
γ	16.2149

^B Equation to calculate D_2 : $D_1 \times 0.732$.

3.1.6 Details of special-purpose lays, if required (see 6.2),

3.1.7 When physical tests shall be made (see 9.2 and 9.3),

3.1.8 Package size (see 15.1),

3.1.9 Lagging, if required (see 15.2),

3.1.10 Special package marking, if required (Section 15), and

3.1.11 Place of inspection (Section 13).

4. Requirements for Wires

4.1 The purchaser shall designate the type of wire and the kind of coating, if any, to be used in the conductor.

4.2 Before stranding, the copper wire used shall meet all of the requirements of the following ASTM specifications that are applicable to its type:

4.2.1 Specification B3.

4.2.2 Specification B33.

- 4.2.3 Specification B2.
- 4.2.4 Specification B1.
- 4.2.5 Specification B189.
- 4.2.6 Specification B246.

4.3 In combination unilay stranded conductors, the central core wire shall be made of the same type and temper as the layers, unless otherwise specified.

5. Joints

5.1 Welds and brazes may be made in rods or in wires prior to final drawing. Welds and brazes may be made in the finished individual wires composing the conductor, but shall not be closer together than 50 ft (15.24 m) for hard and medium-hard conductors, and 1 ft in a layer for soft conductors.

6. Lay

6.1 For combination unilay conductors the lay of a layer of wires shall be not less than 8 nor more than 16 times the outside diameter of the outer layer.

6.2 Other lays for special purposes shall be furnished by special agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser (Explanatory Note 4).

6.3 The direction of lay shall be left-hand unless the direction of lay is specified otherwise by the purchaser.

7. Construction (Explanatory Note 3)

7.1 The cross-sectional areas, numbers, and diameters of wires in the various conductors shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

7.2 The diameters of the wires listed in Table 2 are nominal. In order to produce an essentially round 19-wire construction, the outer 12-wire layer in the combination unilay product is comprised of 6 wires of the same diameter as the wires in the 7-wire core, and 6 wires approximately 25 % smaller. The 2-wire sizes are alternated around the 7-wire core (Fig. 1).

8. Physical and Electrical Tests of Conductors Stranded of Soft Wires

8.1 Tests for the electrical properties of wires composing conductors made from soft or annealed copper wire, bare or coated, shall be made before stranding.

8.2 Tests for the physical properties of soft or annealed copper wire, bare or coated, may be made upon the wires before stranding or upon wires removed from the complete stranded conductor, but need not be made upon both. Care shall be taken to avoid mechanical injury to wire removed from the conductor for the purpose of testing.

8.3 The physical properties of wire when tested before stranding shall conform to the applicable requirements of 4.2.

8.4 The physical properties of wires removed from the completed stranded conductor shall be permitted to vary from the applicable requirements of 4.2 by the amounts as follows (Explanatory Note 5):

8.4.1 Average of Results Obtained on All Wires Tested—The minimum elongation required shall be reduced in numerical

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TABLE 2 Diameters, Areas, and Masses of 19-Wire Combination Unilay Stranded Copper Conductors

		Nominal Diameter, in. ^A		Nominal Area		Mass		
Size of Conductor cmil or AWG	sq mm		Conductor, mm	in. ²	mm ²	lbs/1000 ft	lbs/mile	g/m
500 000	253.4	0.784	19.914	0.392700	253.35	1544	8151	2297
450 000	228.0	0.744	18.878	0.353400	228.02	1389	7336	2067
400 000	202.7	0.701	17.805	0.314000	202.68	1235	6521	1838
350 000	177.3	0.656	16.662	0.274900	177.35	1081	5706	1609
300 000	152.0	0.607	15.418	0.235600	152.01	926.3	4891	1378
250 000	126.7	0.554	14.072	0.196300	126.68	771.9	4076	1149
0000	107.2	0.510	12.954	0.166200	107.22	653.3	3450	972.1
000	85.0	0.454	11.532	0.131800	85.02	518.1	2736	770.9
00	67.4	0.404	10.262	0.104500	67.44	410.9	2169	611.4
0	53.5	0.360	9.144	0.082910	53.51	325.8	1720	684.8
1	42.4	0.321	8.153	0.065730	42.41	258.4	1364	384.5
2	33.6	0.286	7.264	0.052120	33.62	204.9	1082	304.9
3	26.7	0.254	6.452	0.041330	26.77	162.5	858.1	241.8
4	21.1	0.226	5.740	0.032780	21.15	128.9	680.5	191.8
5	16.8	0.202	5.131	0.025990	16.77	102.2	539.6	152.1
6	13.3	0.179	4.547	0.020610	13.30	81.05	428.0	120.6
7	15.6	0.160	4.064	0.016350	10.55	64.28	339.4	95.65
8	8.4	0.143	3.632	0.012970	8.37	50.97	269.1	75.84
9	6.6	0.127	3.226	0.010280	6.63	40.42	213.4	60.14
10	5.3	0.113	2.870	0.008155	5.26	32.06	169.3	47.71
12	3.3	0.090	2.286	0.005130	3.31	20.16	106.5	30.00
14	2.1	0.071	1.803	0.003230	2.08	12.68	66.95	18.87
16	1.3	0.056	1.422	0.002030	1.31	7.974	42.10	11.87
18	0.8	0.045	1.143	0.001280	0.82	5.015	26.48	7.462
20	0.5	0.035	0.809	0.000804	0.52	3.154	16.65	4.693
22	0.3	0.028	0.703	0.000503	0.32	1.992	10.52	2.964
24	0.2	0.022	0.558	0.000317	0.20	1.249	6.59	1.859

^A To calculate the diameter, multiply the large wire diameter in Table 1 by 3 and add two times the small wire diameter.

Example: AWG 4/0 diameter = [(3(114.2) + 2 (83.6)] = 509.8

(https://standard

value 5 (for example, from 30 to 25 %) from the numerical requirements for the wire before stranding.

8.4.2 *Results Obtained on Individual Wires*—The elongation of individual wires shall be reduced in numerical value 15 from the minimum requirements before stranding (that is, 10 in addition to the 5 allowed in 8.4.1), but in no case shall the elongation of any individual wire be less than 5 %.

8.5 In the event that the requirements prescribed in 8.4.2 are met but those prescribed in 8.4.1 are not met, a retest shall be permitted wherein all wires of the conductor shall be tested for the purpose of final determination of conformance to 8.4.

8.6 Elongation tests to determine compliance shall not be made on the conductor as a unit.

8.7 If a tinning or lead-alloy-coating test is required, it shall be made on the wires prior to stranding.

9. Physical and Electrical Tests of Conductors Stranded of Hard-Drawn or Medium-Hard Drawn Wires

9.1 Tests for the physical and electrical properties of wires composing conductors made from hard-drawn or medium-hard-drawn wires, uncoated or coated, shall be made before but not after stranding.

9.2 At the option of the purchaser, tension and elongation tests on hard-drawn and medium-hard-drawn wires, uncoated or coated, before stranding may be waived, and the completed hard-drawn and medium-hard-drawn conductors may be tested as a unit. The breaking strength of the bare conductors so tested shall be at least 90 % of the total of the specified minimum breaking strengths of the component wires. The maximum

breaking strength of conductors made from medium-harddrawn wires, uncoated or coated, shall be not greater than the sum of the specified maximum breaking strengths of the component wires. The minimum breaking strengths of wires shall be calculated using specified nominal diameters and specified minimum tensile strengths. The maximum breaking strengths of wires shall be calculated using nominal diameters and specified maximum tensile strengths. The free length between grips of the test specimen shall be not less than 24 in. (610 mm), and care shall be taken to ensure that the wires in the conductor are evenly gripped during the test (Explanatory Note 6).

9.3 When requested by the purchaser at the time of placing the order, tension tests on hard-drawn and medium-hard-drawn wires, uncoated or coated, before stranding or as a unit may be waived and tests made on wires removed from the completed conductor. The test limits, based on a 10-in. (254-mm) gage length, for such tests shall be specified by the purchaser in the placing of individual orders (Explanatory Note 5).

9.4 If a tinning test is required, it shall be made on the wires prior to stranding.

10. Density

10.1 For the purpose of calculating masses, cross sections, and so forth, the density of the copper shall be taken as 8.89 g/cm³ (0.32117 lb/in.³) at 20°C (Explanatory Note 7).

11. Mass and Resistance

11.1 The mass and electrical resistance of a unit length of stranded conductor are a function of the length of lay. The