



Standard Specification for Bicycle Grips¹

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INTRODUCTION

This specification defines a set of physical characteristics for Bicycle Grips and End Closures. One intent of this specification is to define certain dimensions of Bicycle Grips and End Closures applied to tubular handlebars mounted on bicycles designed for cyclists who are 12 years of age or younger. The second intent of this specification is to test the durability of the ends of the Bicycle Grips and End Closures for all bicycles where the tubular handlebar end axes are oriented within 60° of parallel to the axle axis of the steering wheel. This second intent would apply to the “BMX” and “Mountain” style tubular handlebar examples illustrated in Fig. 1, and does not apply to the “Drop” (also known as road race) style shown in the same figure.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification establishes a minimum outer diameter for the Bicycle Grip or End Closure, and the method for determining if the grip or End Closure meets the diameter.

1.2 This specification checks the following characteristics:

- 1.2.1 Bicycle Grip outer diameter,
- 1.2.2 Bicycle Grip or End Closure diameter or both, and
- 1.2.3 Bicycle Grip or End Closure retention or both.

1.3 This specification establishes testing requirements for the durability of Bicycle Grips and End Closures. It represents a performance standard and is not intended to dictate the design, materials, or construction of those closures.

1.4 *Units*—The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values in parentheses are for information only.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²

F2043 *Classification for Bicycle Usage*

2.2 *Other Standards*:³

SAE J526:2000 *Welded Low-Carbon Steel Tubing*

3. Terminology

3.1 The term *bicycle* is defined in Classification F2043.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard*:

3.2.1 *bicycle grip, n*—parts on the handlebar that are meant to be grasped to allow for control and comfort while steering and operating the bicycle.

3.2.1.1 *Discussion*—The Bicycle Grip may or may not include a portion or all of the End Closure (see **end closure**).

3.2.2 *bicycle leg maximum, n*—a distance measured from crank rotation axis to the top center of the seat, with the seat positioned at the bicycle manufacturer’s maximum allowed seat adjustment away from the crank axis, Fig. 2.

3.2.3 *end closure, n*—end cap, fitting, grip, device, or combination of parts intended to close the end of a tubular bicycle handlebar, Fig. 3.

3.2.4 *grip diameter, n*—diameter of the Bicycle Grip where the hand is placed for normal riding.

3.2.5 *grip end diameter, n*—diameter of the Bicycle Grip end (largest diameter within 40 mm of the handlebar end).

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F08 on Sports Equipment, Playing Surfaces, and Facilities and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F08.10 on Bicycles.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from SAE International (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, <http://aerospace.sae.org>.

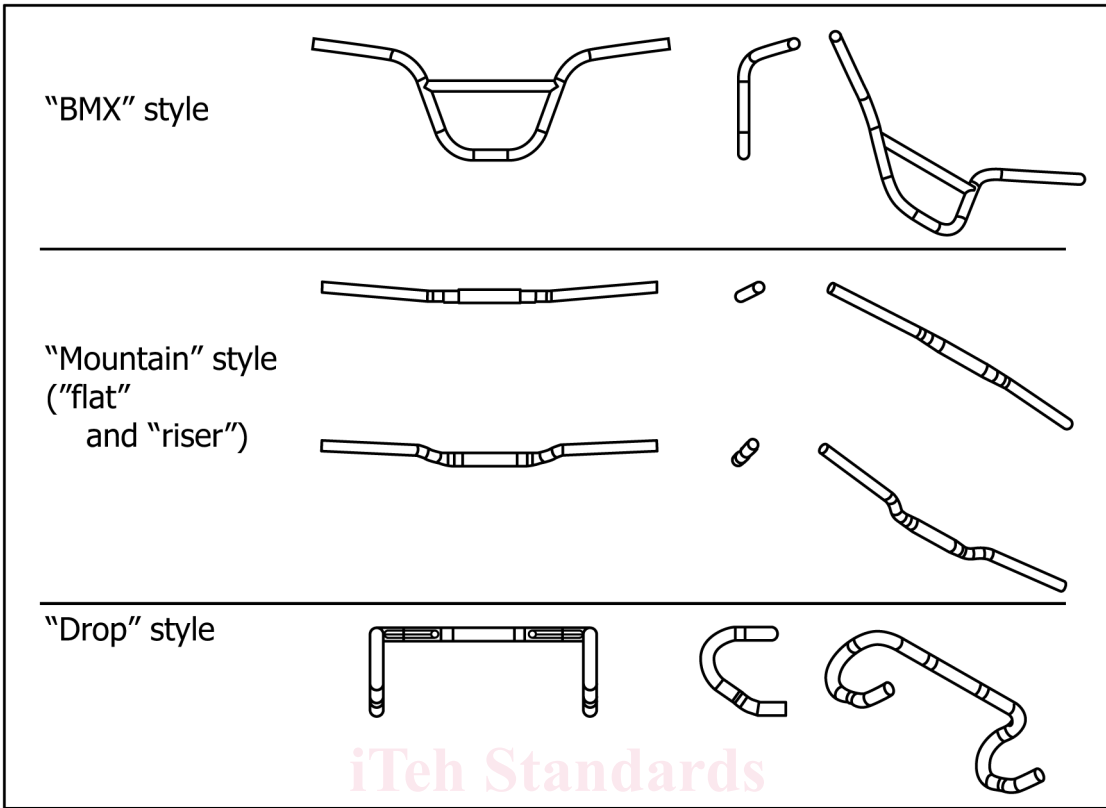


FIG. 1 Some Examples of Tubular Handlebar Styles

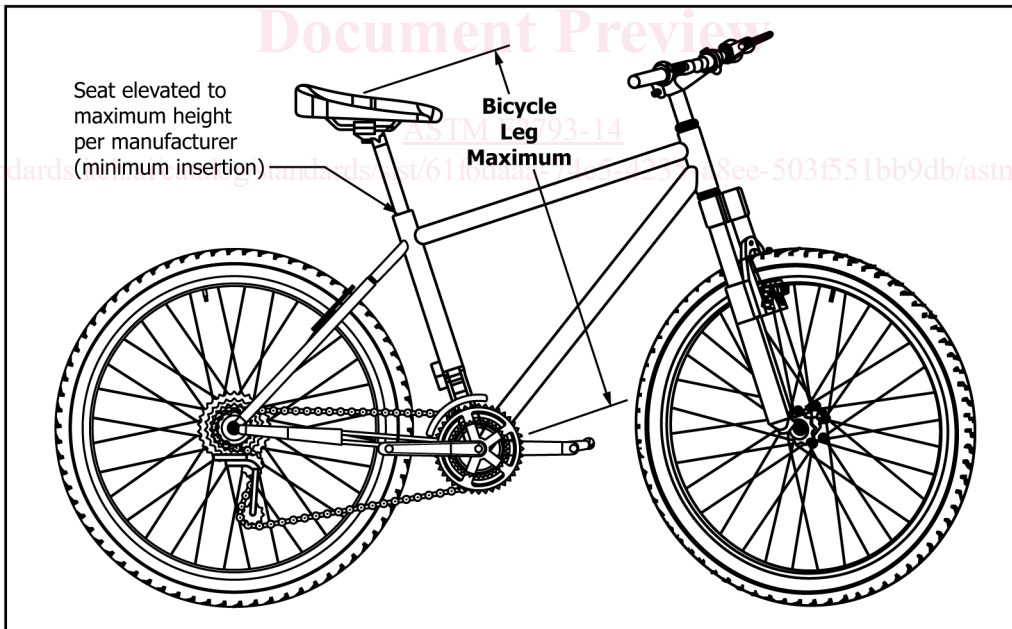


FIG. 2 Bicycle Leg Maximum

3.2.6 *handlebar coupon, n*—welded cold-drawn SAE 1018 steel tube with deburred edges, used to imitate a handlebar in the End Closure punch-out test, Fig. 4. Material shall meet SAE J526 specifications.

3.2.7 *OEM bar, n*—the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) handlebar as supplied, or as specified, with a complete bicycle intended to be used with the Bicycle Grip or End Closure, or both.

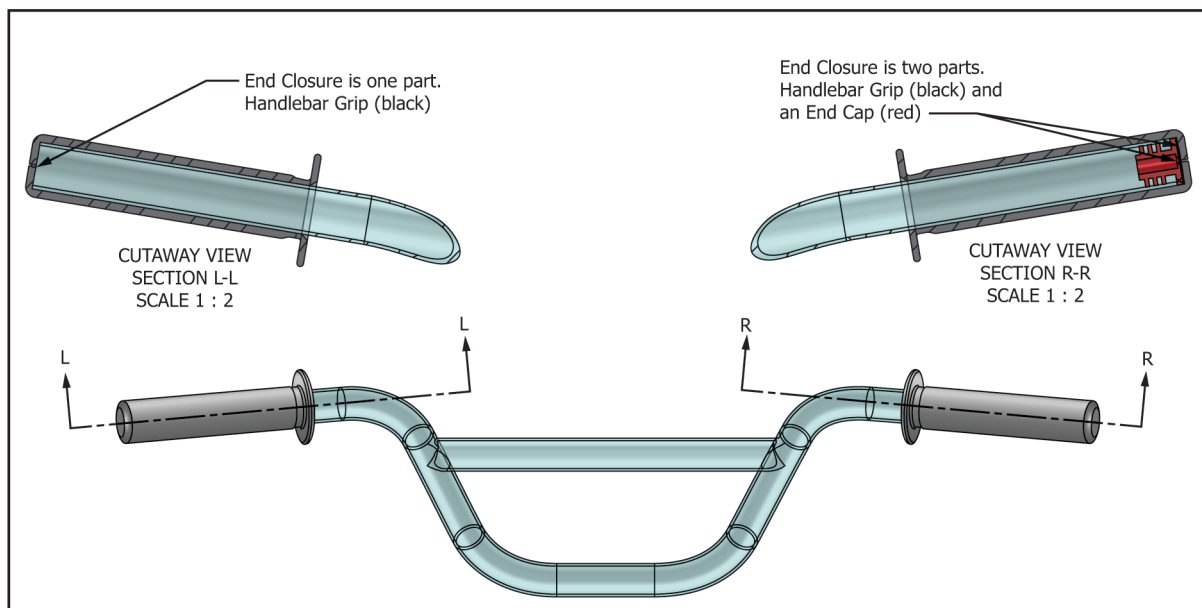


FIG. 3 Some Examples of End Closure

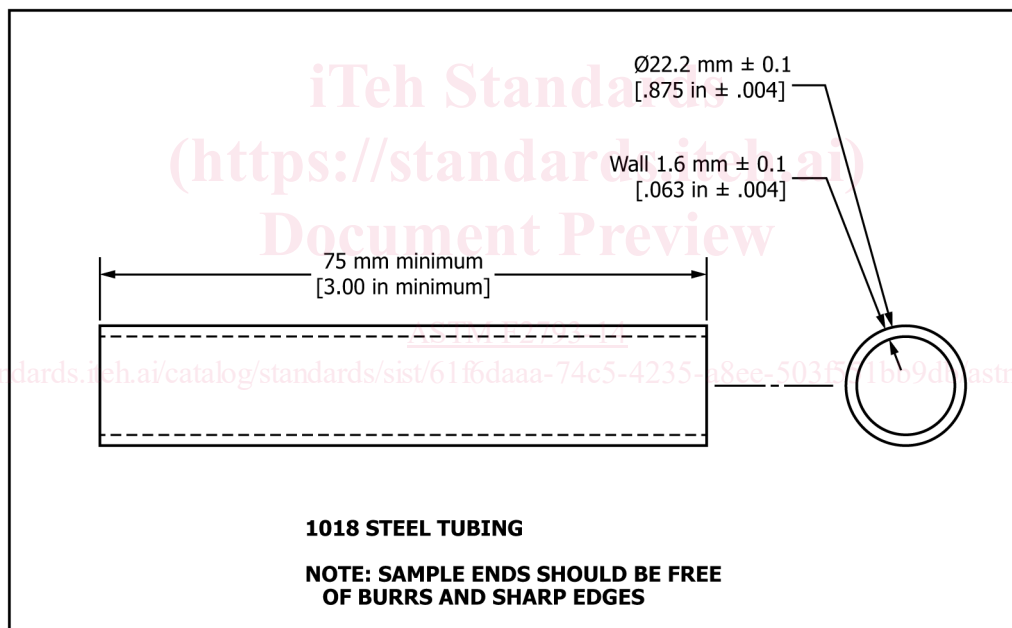


FIG. 4 Handlebar Coupon

3.2.8 *punch out, v*—when a handlebar penetrates the End Closure exposing the end of a tubular bicycle handlebar.

3.2.9 *side extending handlebar, n*—a tubular handlebar frame whose tube axis at the location of the Bicycle Grip or End Closure, is oriented within a conical region, 60° of parallel to the direction defined by the axle axis of the steering wheel, when properly mounted on the bicycle.

3.2.10 *smooth, adj*—free from burrs, abrupt indentations, or sharp edges.

4. Performance Requirements

4.1 The following performance requirements are for Bicycle Grips and End Closures to be installed on a Side Extending Handlebar.

4.1.1 *Retention*—The Bicycle Grips and End Closures shall be secure against a removal force of no less than 66.8 N (15 lbf). (Refer to test method 9.1.)

4.1.2 *Punch-Out*—The End Closure shall withstand a drop of 100 mm (3.94 in.) ten times loaded with a mass of 10 kg (22