INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Mechanical properties of corrosionresistant stainless-steel fasteners —

Part 3:

Set screws and similar fasteners not under tensile stress

Caractéristiques mécaniques des éléments de fixation en acier inoxydable résistant à la corrosion —

Partie 3: Vis sans tête et éléments de fixation similaires non soumis à des contraintes de traction

ISO 3506-3:1997

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/fbd289b52ef0-4423-aedf-4be03c75ccee/iso-3506-3-1997



Foreword

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 3506-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, *Fasteners*, Sub-Committee SC 1, *Mechanical properties of fasteners*.

This first edition, together with ISO 3506-1 and ISO 3506-2, cancels and CWV replaces ISO 3506:1979, which has been technically revised.

ISO 3506 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Mechanical* properties of corrosion-resistant stainless-steel fasteners.

- Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs
- Part 2: Nuts
- Part 3: Set screws and similar fasteners not under tensile stress

Annexes A to F of this part of ISO 3506 are for information only.

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Introduction

In the preparation of this part of ISO 3506 special attention has been given to the fundamentally different property characteristics of the stainless steel fastener grades compared with those of carbon steel and low-alloy steel fasteners. Austenitic stainless steels are strengthened only by cold working and consequently the components do not have as homogeneous a condition as hardened and tempered parts. These special features have been recognized in the elaboration of the property classes and the test procedures for mechanical properties.

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Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless-steel fasteners ----

Part 3:

Set screws and similar fasteners not under tensile stress

1 Scope

This part of ISO 3506 specifies the mechanical properties of set screws and similar fasteners not under tensile stress made of austenitic stainless steel when tested over an ambient temperature range of 15 °C to 25 °C. Properties will vary at higher or lower temperatures.

It applies to set screws and similar fasteners

- with nominal thread diameters (*d*) from 1,6 mm up to and including 24 mm;
- of triangular ISO metric threads with diameters and pitches according to ISO 68-1, ISO 261 and ISO 262;
- of any shape.

It does not apply to screws with special properties such as weldability.

This part of ISO 3506 does not define corrosion or oxidation resistance in particular environments.

The aim of this part of ISO 3506 is a classification into property classes of corrosion resistant stainless steel fasteners. Corrosion and oxidation performances and mechanical properties for use at elevated or sub-zero temperatures must be the subject of agreement between user and manufacturer in each particular case. Annex D shows how the risk of intergranular corrosion at elevated temperatures depends on the carbon content.

All austenitic stainless steel fasteners are normally non-magnetic in the annealed condition; after cold working, some magnetic properties may be evident (see annex E).

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 3506. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 3506 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 68-1:—¹⁾, ISO general purpose screw threads – Basic profile – Part 1: Metric screw threads.

ISO 261:—²⁾, ISO general purpose metric screw threads – General plan.

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 68:1973)

²⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 261:1973)

ISO 262:—3), ISO general purpose metric screw threads – Selected sizes for screws, bolts and nuts.

ISO 898-5:---4), Mechanical properties of fasteners – Part 5: Set screws and similar threaded fasteners not under tensile stresses.

ISO 965-3:—⁵⁾, ISO general-purpose metric screw threads – Tolerances – Part 3: Deviations for constructional threads.

ISO 3651-1:—⁵⁾, Determination of resistance to intergranular corrosion stainless steels – Part 1: Austenitic and ferritic-austenitic (duplex) stainless steels – Corrosion test in nitric acid medium by measurement of loss in mass (Huey test).

ISO 3651-2:—⁶⁾, Determination of resistance to intergranular corrosion stainless steels – Part 2: Ferritic, austenitic and ferritic-austenitic (duplex) stainless steels – Corrosion test in media containing sulfuric acid.

ISO 6506:1981, Metallic materials -- Hardness test -- Brinell test.

ISO 6507-1:1997, Metallic materials – Hardness test – Vickers test – Part 1: Test method.

ISO 6508:1986, Metallic materials - Hardness test - Rockwell test (scales A - B - C - D - E - F - G - H - K).

3 Designation, marking and finish

3.1 Designation

The designation system for stainless steel grades and property classes for set screws and similar fasteners is shown in figure 1. The designation of the material consists of two blocks which are separated by a hyphen. The first block designates the steel grade, the second block the property class.

The designation of the steel grade (first block) consists of the letter

A for austenitic steel

which indicates the group of steel and a digit which indicates a range of chemical compositions within this steel group.

https://standards.teh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/lbd289b52ei0-4423-aed I-4be03c75cccee/iso-3506-3-1997 The designation of the property class (second block) consists of two digits representing 1/10 of the minimum Vickers hardness and the letter H referring to hardness, see table 1.

Table 1 — Designations of property classes in relation to Vickers hardness

Property class	12H	21H
Vickers hardness, HV min.	125	210

EXAMPLE:

A1-12H indicates:

austenitic stainless steel, soft, minimum hardness 125 HV.

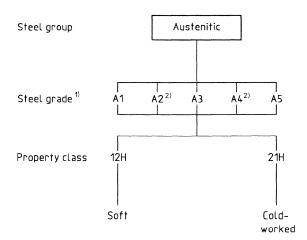
³⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 262:1973)

⁴⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 898-5:1980)

⁵⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 965-3:1980)

⁶⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 3651-1:1976)

⁷⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 3651-2:1976)



- 1) The steel grades classified in figure 1 are described in the informative annex A and specified by the chemical composition in table 2.
- 2) Low carbon stainless steels with carbon content not exceeding 0,03 % may additionally be marked with an L.

Example: A4L – 21H

Figure 1 — Designation system for stainless steel grades and property classes for set screws and similar fasteners

3.2 Marking

3.2.1 Set screws

Marking of set screws is not mandatory.

Only if all requirements in this part of ISO 3506 are met, parts shall be marked and/or described according to the designation system described in 3.1.

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3.2.2 Packages and containers of standards iso/ibd289b5-2ei0-4423-aed 14be03c75ccee/iso-3506-3-1997

Marking with the designation and manufacturer's identification mark is mandatory on all packages of all sizes.

3.3 Finish

Unless otherwise specified, fasteners in accordance with this part of ISO 3506 shall be supplied clean and bright. For maximum corrosion resistance passivation is recommended.

4 Chemical composition

The chemical compositions of stainless steels suitable for fasteners in accordance with this part of ISO 3506 are given in table 2.

The final choice of chemical composition within the specified steel grade is at the discretion of the manufacturer unless by prior agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

In applications where risk of intergranular corrosion is present, testing in accordance with ISO 3651-1 or ISO 3651-2 is recommended. In such cases, stabilized stainless steels A3 and A5 or stainless steels A2 and A4 with carbon content not exceeding 0,03 % are recommended.

Group	Grade	Chemical composition % (m/m) 1)							Notes		
		С	Si	Mn	Р	S	Cr	Mo	Ni	Cu	
Austenitic	A1	0,12	1	6,5	0,2	0,15 to 0,35	16 to 19	0,7	5 to 10	1,75 to 2,25	2) 3) 4)
	A2	0,1	1	2	0,05	0,03	15 to 20	5)	8 to 19	4	6) 7)
	A3	0,08	1	2	0,045	0,03	17 to 19	5)	9 to 12	1	8)
	A4	0,08	1	2	0,045	0,03	16 to 18,5	2 to 3	10 to 15	1	7) 9)
	A5	0,08	1	2	0,045	0,03	16 to 18,5	2 to 3	10,5 to 14	1	8) 9)
 Values are Sulfur ma 	y be repla	ced by se	elenium	ı.							
 Sulfur ma If the nick There is n Molybder 	el content o minimu num may b	is below m limit to be presen	8 %, th o the co it at the	e minir pper co discret	ontent pr tion of th	nganese con ovided that t e manufactu t the time of	he nickel cor rer. Howeve	ntent is gr r. if for so	me applicati	%. ons limiting of	the
2) Sulfur ma 3) If the nick 4) There is n 5) Molybder molybdenum	el content o minimu num may b content is	is below m limit to e presen essentia	8 %, th o the co t at the I, this r	e minir pper co discret nust be	ontent pr tion of th stated a	ovided that t e manufactu	he nickel cor rer. However ordering by	ntent is gr r, if for so the purch	me applicati		the
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Table 2 — Stainless steel grades — Chemical composition

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$\textbf{5} \textbf{ Mechanical properties} catalog/standards/iso/fbd289b52ef0-4423-aedf-4be03c75ccee/iso-3506-3-1997 } \\ \textbf{5} \textbf{ Mechanical properties} catalog/standards/iso/fbd289b52ef0-4423-aedf-4be03c75ccee/iso-3506-3-1997 \\ \\ \textbf{5} \textbf{ Mechanical properties} catalog/standards/iso/fbd289b60-3-1997 \\ \\ \textbf{5} \textbf{ Mechanical properties} catalog/standards/iso/fbd280b60-3-1997 \\ \\ \textbf{5} \textbf{ Mechanical properties} catalog/standards/iso/fbd280b60-3-1997 \\ \\ \textbf{5} \textbf{ Mechanical properties} catalog/standards/iso/fbd280b60-3-1996 \\ \\ \textbf{$

The mechanical properties of set screws in accordance with this part of ISO 3506 shall conform to the values given in tables 3 and 4.

For acceptance purposes the mechanical properties specified in 5.1 and 5.2 apply and shall be tested in accordance with 6.1 and 6.2 respectively.

5.1 Proof torque of hexagon socket set screws

Hexagon socket set screws shall conform to the torque requirements given in table 3.

Nominal thread diameter	Minir	num length $^{1)}$ of s	Proof torque, Nm min. Property class			
(<i>d</i>)						
	Flat point	Cone point	Dog point	Cup point	12H	21H
1,6	2,5	3	3	2,5	0,03	0,05
2	4	4	4	3	0,06	0,1
2,5	4	4	5	4	0,18	0,3
3	4	5	6	5	0,25	0,42
4	5	6	8	6	0,8	1,4
5	6	8	8	6	1,7	2,8
6	8	8	10	8	3	5
8	10	10	12	10	7	12
10	12	12	16	12	14	24
12	16	16	20	16	25	42
16	20	20	25	20	63	105
20	25	25	30	25	126	210
24	30	30	35	30	200	332

Table 3 — Proof torque requirements

1) The minimum lengths to be tested are the lengths below the dotted line in the product standard, i.e. the lengths having the normal hexagon socket depth.

5.2 Hardness

Set screws shall conform to the hardness requirements given in table 4.

(https://Table 4 — Hardness_iteh.ai)						
	Doo	Proper	rty class			
	Test method	12H	21H	1		
		Har	dness			
	Vickers hardness HV	125 to 209	210 min.			
	Brinell hardness HB	123 to 213 0-442	-aedi-4 214 min.ccee/iso-	3506-3-1997		
	Rockwell hardness HRB	70 to 95	96 min.]		

6 Test methods

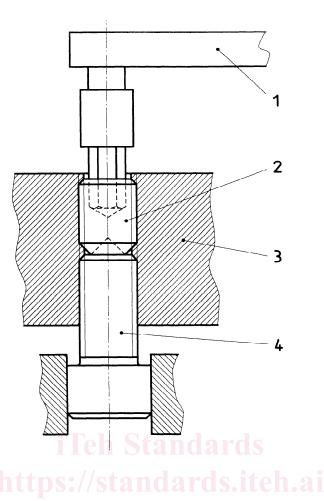
6.1 Proof torque test for hexagon socket set screws

The set screw shall be inserted in a test block as shown in figure 2 until the top surface of the screw face is flush with the test block and the point bears on a firm base, for example a backing screw inserted from the other side.

Using a hexagon test bit with a tolerance of h9 for the width across flats, with a minimum width across corners equal to $1,13 s_{min}$ and a hardness of 50 HRC to 55 HRC, engaging the full depth of the set screw socket, the screw shall withstand the proof torque given in table 3 without splitting, cracking or thread stripping.

For this proof torque test, a calibrated torque measuring instrument shall be used.

NOTE — Visual marks at the socket due to torque testing shall not be cause for rejection.



Key

- 1 Torque wrench
- 2 Screw under test
- 3 Test block minimum 50 HRC, tolerance 5H (ISO 965-3) for the internal thread
- 4 Backing screw 450 HV to 570 HV

Figure 2 — Torque test equipment

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6.2 Hardness test HB, HRB or HV for set screws

The hardness test shall be carried out in accordance with ISO 6506 (HB), ISO 6508 (HRB), or ISO 6507-1 (HV). In case of doubt, the Vickers hardness test is decisive for acceptance (see table 4).

The test procedure shall be as specified in ISO 898-5.