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Standard Specification for Adhesives for Duct Thermal Insulation¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C916; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers minimum material requirements, and safety precautions in application, for adhesives to bond thermal insulation duct liner on the interior surfaces of sheet metal air conditioning ducts; and for coating exposed edges and joints of duct liner thermal insulation to minimize erosion of insulation fibers by air movement.

<u>1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.</u>

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. For specific precautionary statements, see Sections 7 and 9.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²
C168 Terminology Relating to Thermal Insulation
D93 Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester
D903 Test Method for Peel or Stripping Strength of Adhesive Bonds
D1151 Practice for Effect of Moisture and Temperature on Adhesive Bonds
E84 Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
2.2 Other Standards:
NFPA No. 30, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code³
SMACNA Duct Liner Application Standard⁴
ACGIH Threshold Limit Values⁵

3. Terminology /catalog/standards/astm/9c063ef2-ba8c-48c0-ab7f-034f53596d50/astm-c916-14

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *threshold limit value* (TLV)—the concentration in parts of vapor per million parts of air, by volume at 25°C and 101.3 kPa (1 atm) pressure. This value is an indication of the relative inhalation toxicity hazard of vapors from volatile solvents used in adhesives. Data on TLV of materials are published annually by ACGIH.

3.1.2 For definitions of other terms on thermal insulating materials used in this specification, see Terminology C168. 3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *flammable vehicle—in an adhesive*, the liquid portion having a flash point as determined by Test Methods D93.

3.2.2 nonflammable vehicle— in an adhesive, the liquid portion having no flash point as determined by Test Methods D93.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169-7471, http://www.nfpa.org.

⁴ Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Assn., 4201 Lafayette Center Drive, Chantilly, VA 22021. 20151–1219, http://www.smacna.org.

⁵ Available from American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc. (ACGIH), 1330 Kemper Meadow Dr., Suite 600, Cincinnati, OH 45240, http://www.acgih.org.

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4. Classification of Adhesives

4.1 Adhesives supplied under this specification are classified as follows:

4.1.1 *Type I*—An adhesive in which the vehicle is nonflammable in the liquid (wet) state and which will pass the edge-burning test of 6.2.

4.1.2 Type II—An adhesive in which the vehicle is nonflammable in the liquid (wet) state and which will not pass the edge-burning test of 6.2.

4.1.3 *Type III*—An adhesive in which the vehicle is flammable in the liquid (wet) state and which will pass the edge-burning test of 6.2.

4.1.4 *Type IV*—An adhesive in which the vehicle is flammable in the liquid (wet) state and which will not pass the edge-burning test of 6.2.

5. Ordering Information

5.1 Attention of the purchaser is directed to the fact that four types of adhesives are available under this specification. If the purchaser does not specify which type is desired, the supplier shall furnish Type I only. Other purchaser options are described in 6.1.4 and 6.1.5.

6. Physical Requirements

6.1 Requirements Applicable to All Types:

6.1.1 *Bonding Strength*—The adhesive shall have a bonding strength of not less than 0.5 lb/in. (9.0 g/mm) of width after testing under each condition of room temperature, high humidity, and heating, as specified in 7.2, 7.3, and 7.4.

6.1.2 Bond Retention After Heat-Aging—Duct liner fiber shall remain bonded to at least 75 % of the total area of each specimen after testing as specified in 7.5.

6.1.3 *Flame Spread and Smoke Developed*—Adhesive for duct liner shall have a fire hazard classification not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for smoke developed. Classification shall be determined by Test Method E84. A report from a qualified testing laboratory to indicate that fire hazard classification does not exceed that specified is acceptable. Tests shall be conducted as stated in 7.6.

6.1.4 *Storage Stability*—The adhesive shall meet the requirements specified herein after completion of storage for a period of 6 months under the conditions specified in 7.8. If acceptable to the purchaser, and instead of performing a storage stability test on each shipment, the manufacturer shall provide evidence that previous commercial lots of the adhesive have met satisfactorily the 6 months storage stability requirement.

6.1.5 Other Physical Requirements—Other requirements may be mutually agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller. These requirements may include viscosity, bonding time, solids content, color, and odor.

6.2 *Edge Burning Test for Types I and III Adhesives*—In addition to the general requirements stated above, Types I and III adhesives shall meet the following requirement: When tested by the method described in 7.7, there shall be no residual flame or continuous burning of any specimen for more than 3 s after the test flame is extinguished.

7. Test Methods

7.1 Significance and Use—The tests described herein are intended to evaluate the suitability of the adhesive for service in bonding fibrous glass thermal insulation duct liner by exposing specimens to simulated service conditions. The edge-burning test (7.7) is useful for distinguishing between adhesive types to identify flame-retardance after curing of the adhesive.

7.2 Bonding Strength at Room Temperature:

7.2.1 Prepare the specimens in accordance with Test Method D903. The specimens shall be composed of 18-gage (0.05-in., 1.3-mm) galvanized steel bonded to 8-oz (0.3-kg/m²) cotton canvas. The galvanized steel shall have been cleaned with solvent and dried.

7.2.2 Apply the adhesive by brushing or spraying in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation for thickness. Apply the adhesive to the metal surface only. As soon as the applied adhesive has become tacky as determined by finger pressure, bond the canvas to the metal. Immediately after bonding, roll the canvas with a hand roller weighing 5 lb per lineal inch of roller (90 kg/m) (that is, a roller 4 in. long should have a total weight of 20 lb), to ensure uniform contact between adherends. Condition the specimens for 24 h at a relative humidity of $50 \pm 2\%$ at $73.4 \pm 2^{\circ}$ F ($23 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C). Test the specimens as described in Test Method D903 except that the rate of travel of the power-actuated grip of the testing machine shall be 2 in. (50 mm)/min.

7.3 Bonding Strength at High Humidity—Prepare the specimens as described in 7.2 except that after the 24-h conditioning period specified, further condition the specimens by exposure to a relative humidity of 95 % minimum at 73.4 \pm 2°F (23 \pm 1°C) for 24 h. Conduct the testing as specified in Test Method D903 immediately after removal of the test specimens from the conditioning atmosphere and preferably under the same conditions. The rate of jaw separation of the testing machine shall be 2 in. (50 mm)/min.