

Designation: A307 – 14

# Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod 60 000 PSI Tensile Strength<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A307; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

## 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers the chemical and mechanical requirements of two grades of carbon steel bolts and studs in sizes  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. through 4 in. The fasteners are designated by "Grade" denoting tensile strength and intended use, as follows:

Grade	Description
Grade A	Bolts, studs, and threaded rod having a minimum
	tensile strength of 60 ksi and intended for general applications,
Grade B	Bolts, studs, and threaded rod <sup>A</sup> having a tensile
	strength of 60 to 100 ksi and intended for flanged joints in piping systems with cast iron
Grade C	flanges, and Replaced by Specification
	F1554 Gr.36

<sup>*A*</sup> Threaded rod is not usually produced to Grade B, but can be when specified by the purchaser.

1.2 This specification does not cover requirements for machine screws, thread cutting/forming screws, mechanical expansion anchors or similar externally threaded fasteners.

1.3 Suitable nuts are covered in Specification A563. Unless otherwise specified, the grade and style of nut for each grade of fastener, of all surface finishes, shall be as follows:

Nut Grade and Style <sup>A</sup>
A, hex
A, heavy hex
A, heavy hex

<sup>A</sup> Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses (Specification A563, Table 3) greater than the specified grade and style of nut are also suitable. 1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.5 Supplementary Requirement S1 of an optional nature is provided, which describes additional restrictions to be applied when bolts are to be welded. It shall apply only when specified in the inquiry, order, and contract.

1.6 Terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology F1789 unless otherwise defined herein.

## 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>
  - A563 Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts
  - A706/A706M Specification for Deformed and Plain Low-Alloy Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement
  - A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products
  - **B695** Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel
  - F606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, Direct Tension Indicators, and Rivets
  - F788/F788M Specification for Surface Discontinuities of Bolts, Screws, and Studs, Inch and Metric Series
  - F1470 Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection
  - F1554 Specification for Anchor Bolts, Steel, 36, 55, and 105-ksi Yield Strength
  - F1789 Terminology for F16 Mechanical Fasteners
  - F2329 Specification for Zinc Coating, Hot-Dip, Requirements for Application to Carbon and Alloy Steel Bolts, Screws, Washers, Nuts, and Special Threaded Fasteners
  - 2.2 ASME Standards:
  - B 1.1 Unified Screw Threads<sup>4</sup>
  - B 18.2.1 Square and Hex Bolts and Screws<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.02 on Steel Bolts, Nuts, Rivets and Washers.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2014. Published October 2014. Originally approved in 1947. Last previous edition approved in 2012 as A307-12. DOI: 10.1520/A0307-14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-307 in Section II of that Code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

## B 18.24 Part Identifying Number (PIN) Code System<sup>5</sup> B18.31.3 Threaded Rods (Inch Series)<sup>4</sup>

# 3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for externally threaded fasteners (including nuts and accessories) under this specification shall include the following:

3.1.1 ASTM designation and year of issue,

3.1.2 Name of product, bolts or studs; and bolt head style, that is, hex or heavy hex, or threaded rod,

3.1.3 Grade, that is, A, or B. If no grade is specified, Grade A is furnished.

3.1.4 Quantities (number of pieces by size including nuts), 3.1.5 Fastener size and length,

3.1.6 Washers-Quantity and size (separate from bolts),

3.1.7 *Zinc Coating*—Specify the zinc-coating process required, for example, hot-dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference (see 4.5).

3.1.8 Other Finishes—Specify other protective finish, if required.

3.1.9 Specify if inspection at point of manufacture is required,

3.1.10 Specify if certified test report is required (see 9.2), and

3.1.11 Specify additional testing (9.3) or special requirements.

3.1.12 For establishment of a part identifying system, see ASME B18.24.

# 4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 Steel for bolts, studs, and threaded rod shall be made by the open-hearth, basic-oxygen, or electric-furnace process.

4.2 Bolts shall be produced by hot or cold forging of the heads or machining from bar stock.

4.3 Heat Treatment: h.ai/catalog/standards/sist/f9ef0834

4.3.1 Cold headed fasteners with head configurations other than hex having a minimum head height less than or equal to .5 D (D is nominal diameter) shall be stress relief annealed at a minimum temperature of  $875^{\circ}$ F.

4.3.2 Stress relieving of hex head fasteners and those with minimum head heights greater than .5 D shall be at the manufacturer's option.

4.4 Bolt and stud threads shall be rolled or cut.

4.5 Zinc Coatings, Hot-Dip and Mechanically Deposited:

4.5.1 When zinc-coated fasteners are required, the purchaser shall specify the zinc-coating process, for example hot dip, mechanically deposited, or no preference.

4.5.2 When hot-dip is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc-coated by the hot-dip process in accordance with the requirements of Specification F2329.

4.5.3 When mechanically deposited is specified, the fasteners shall be zinc-coated by the mechanical-deposition process in accordance with the requirements of Class 55 of Specification B695.

4.5.4 When no preference is specified, the supplier may furnish either a hot-dip zinc coating in accordance with Specification F2329, or a mechanically deposited zinc coating in accordance with Specification B695, Class 55. Threaded components (bolts and nuts) shall be coated by the same zinc-coating process and the supplier's option is limited to one process per item with no mixed processes in a lot.

#### 5. Chemical Composition

5.1 Grade A and B bolts, studs, and threaded rod shall have a heat analysis conforming to the requirements specified in Table 1 based on the steel producer's heat analysis.

5.2 The purchaser shall have the option of conducting product analyses on finished bolts in each lot, which shall conform to the product analysis specified in Table 1.

5.3 In case of conflict or for referee purposes, the product analysis shall take precedence.

5.4 Bolts and studs are customarily furnished from stock, in which case individual heats of steel cannot be identified.

5.5 Application of heats of steel to which bismuth, selenium, tellurium, or lead has been intentionally added shall not be permitted for Grade B bolts and studs.

5.6 Chemical analyses shall be performed in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751.

### 6. Mechanical Properties

6.1 Grades A and B bolts, studs, and threaded rod shall conform to the hardness specified in Table 2.

6.2 Grade A and B bolts, studs, and threaded rod  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. in diameter or less, other than those excepted in 6.4, shall be tested full size and shall conform to the requirements for tensile strength specified in Table 3. Threaded rod is permitted to be cut to a length suitable for tensile testing and shall be treated using the same method specified for studs.

6.3 Grade A and B bolts, studs, and threaded rod larger than  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. in diameter, other than those excepted in 6.4, shall preferably be tested full size and when equipment of sufficient capacity is available and shall conform to the requirements for tensile strength specified in Table 3. When equipment of sufficient capacity for full-size testing is not available, or when the length of the bolt or stud makes full-size testing impractical, machined specimens shall be tested and shall conform to the requirements for the requirements specified in Table 4.

6.4 Grades A and B bolts and studs less than three diameters in nominal length or bolts with drilled or undersize heads are not subject to tensile tests.

 
 TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements for Grades A and B Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod

	Heat Analysis	Product Analysis
Carbon, max	0.29	0.33
Manganese, max	1.20	1.25
Phosphorus, max	0.04	0.041
Sulfur, max		
Grade A	0.15	A
Grade B	0.05	0.051

<sup>A</sup> Resulfurized steel is not subject to rejection based on product analysis for sulfur.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http:// www.asme.org.

TABLE 2 Hardness Requirements for Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Bod

nou					
Grade	Nominal	Hardness <sup>A</sup>			
	Length, in.	Bri	nell	Rock	well B
		min	max	min	max
A	Less than $3 \times dia^B$	121	241	69	100
	3 × dia and longer		241		100
В	Less than $3 \times dia^B$	121	212	69	95
	$3 \times dia and longer$		212		95

<sup>A</sup> As measured anywhere on the surface or through the cross section.

<sup>B</sup> Also bolts with drilled or undersize heads. These sizes and bolts with modified heads shall meet the minimum and maximum hardness as hardness is the only requirement.

TABLE 3 Tensile Requirements for Full-Size Bolts, Studs, and Threaded Rod

Bolt	Threads	Stress	Tensile Strength, lbf <sup>B</sup>						
Size,	per inch	Area, <sup>A</sup>	Grade					Grade B	
in.			A, n	nin <sup>C</sup>	mi	n <sup>D</sup>	max	( <sup>D</sup>	
1/4	20	0.0318	4	900		900	0	180	
5⁄16	18	0.0518		100		100		240	
9/16 3/8	16	0.0524		650		650		240 750	
7⁄16	14	0.1063	6	350	6	350	10	630	
1/2	13	0.1419		500		500		190	
9⁄16	12	0.182	11	000		000	18	200	
5/8	11	0.226		550		550		600	
3⁄4	10	0.334	20	050	20	050	33	400	
7/8	9	0.462	27	700	27	700	46	200	
1	8	0.606	36	350	36	350	60	600	
11/8	7	0.763	45	800	45	800	76	300	
11/4	7	0.969	58	150	58	150	96	900	
13⁄8	6	1.155	69	300	69	300	115	500	
11/2	6	1.405	84	300	84	300	140	500	
13⁄4	5	1.90		000		000		000	
2	41⁄2	2.50	150	000	150	000	250	000	
21/4 ttp	s://s4½1da	3.25 eh.a	195	000		000		000	
21/2	4	4.00	240	000	240	000	400	000	
23/4	4	4.93		800		800		000	
3	4	5.97		200		200		000	
31/4	4	7.10		000		000		000	
31/2	4	8.33	499	800	499	800	833	000	
<b>3</b> <sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub>	4	9.66		600		600		000	
4	4	11.08		800		800		000	

$$A_{c} = 0.7854 \left[ D - (0.9743/n) \right]^{2}$$

where:

As	=	stress area,
Ď	=	nominal diameter of bolt, and
n	=	threads per inch.

<sup>B</sup> 1 lbf = 4.448 N.

<sup>C</sup> Based on 60 ksi (414 MPa).

<sup>D</sup> Based on 60-100 ksi (414-690 MPa).

6.5 In the event that bolts, studs, and threaded rod are tested by both full size and by machine test specimen methods, the full-size test shall govern if a controversy between the two methods exists.

6.6 For bolts, studs, and threaded rod on which both hardness and tension tests are performed, acceptance based on

TABLE 4 Tensile	Requirements for	Machined Specimens
-----------------	------------------	--------------------

G	rade A	Grade B
Tensile strength, ksi 6 Yield point, min ksi Elongation in 2 in., min, %	0 min  18	60–100  18

tensile requirements shall take precedence in the event that there is controversy over low readings of hardness tests.

#### 7. Dimensions

7.1 Unless otherwise specified, threads on bolts and studs shall be the Coarse Thread Series as specified in the latest issue of ASME B1.1, and shall have a Class 2A tolerance. Unless otherwise specified, threads on threaded rod shall be per the requirements of the latest issue of ASME B18.31.3.

7.2 Unless otherwise specified, Grade A bolts shall be hex bolts with dimensions as given in the latest issue of ASME B18.2.1. Unless otherwise specified, Grade B bolts shall be heavy hex bolts with dimensions as given in the latest issue of ASME B18.2.1. Unless otherwise specified, threads on threaded rod shall be per the requirements of the latest issue of ASME B18.31.3.

7.3 Unless otherwise specified, bolts, studs, and threaded rod to be used with nuts or tapped holes which have been tapped oversize, in accordance with Specification A563, shall have threads as specified in 7.1 before hot-dip or mechanically deposited zinc coating. After zinc coating the maximum limit of pitch and major diameter shall not exceed the Class 2A maximum limit by more than the following amounts:

Diameter, in.	Oversize Limit, in. (mm) <sup>A</sup>
1/4	0.016
5/16, 3/8	0.017
7/16, 1/2	0.018
%16 to 3/4, incl_979d_5982cea9512d	/astm_a 20.02014
7/8 7/8	0.022
1.0 to 11/4, incl	0.024
13/8, 11/2	0.027
1¾ to 4.0, incl	0.050

<sup>A</sup> These values are the same as the overtapping required for zinc-coated nuts in Specification A563.

7.4 The gaging limit for bolts and studs, and threaded rod shall be verified during manufacture or use by assembly of a nut tapped as nearly as practical to the amount oversize shown above. In case of dispute, a calibrated thread ring gage of that same size (Class X tolerance, gage tolerance plus) shall be used. Assembly of the gage, or the nut described above, must be possible with hand effort following application of light machine oil to prevent galling and damage to the gage. These inspections, when performed to resolve disputes, shall be performed at the frequency and quality described in Table 5.

#### 8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 Surface discontinuity limits, inspection and evaluation shall be in accordance with Specification F788/F788M.

#### 9. Number of Tests and Retests

9.1 The requirements of this specification shall be met in continuous mass production for stock, and the manufacturer