



Designation: D5638 – 14

Standard Test Method for Chemical Resistance of Electrical Insulating Varnishes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D5638; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

1. Scope*

1.1 This test method covers the mechanical performance of insulating varnishes after exposure to various chemicals.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. See 7.1.*

NOTE 1—There is no IEC/ISO equivalent.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D2519 Test Method for Bond Strength of Electrical Insulating Varnishes by the Helical Coil Test

3. Terminology

3.1 See Test Method D2519.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 Flexural strength tests are made on varnish-treated helical coils to determine the force required to break the coil under specified conditions both before and after exposure to liquid chemicals.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method is useful for the evaluation of insulating varnish performance in chemical exposure.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Tensile Testing Machine*—See Test Method D2519.

6.2 *Test Fixture*—See Test Method D2519.

6.3 *Chemical Containers*—Sealable 1000-mL containers of suitable material and design for containing the chemicals to be used.

7. Safety Precautions

7.1 It is unsafe to use varnish at temperatures above the flash point without adequate ventilation, especially if the possibility exists that flames or sparks are present. Store varnish in sealed containers.

8. Test Specimen

8.1 Prepare a minimum of five test specimens for each chemical solution to be tested and a minimum of five to determine unconditioned bond strength in accordance with Test Method D2519 using a wire mutually agreed upon by supplier and user.

9. Procedure

9.1 Condition a minimum of five test specimens in each chemical. Chemicals, test temperature, and conditioning time are mutually agreed upon by supplier and user.

9.2 Test specimens both conditioned and unconditioned as described in Test Method D2519 at standard laboratory conditions. Test conditioned specimens within 15 min of removal from container to minimize any change in bond strength after exposure. Rinse conditioned specimens with water and pat dry when water soluble chemicals were used for conditioning. Otherwise wipe specimens to remove excess chemical.

10. Report

10.1 Report the following information:

10.1.1 Description of varnish,

10.1.2 Identification of wire used,

10.1.3 Cure time and temperature and number of dips used to prepare the coils,

10.1.4 Average bond strength in newtons (pounds-force) of unconditioned coils,

10.1.5 Average bond strength in newtons (pounds-force) of conditioned coils,

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D09 on Electrical and Electronic Insulating Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D09.01 on Electrical Insulating Varnishes, Powders and Encapsulating Compounds.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard