

Designation: E1897 – 14

Standard Practice for Measuring and Compensating for Transmittance of an Attenuating Medium Using Infrared Imaging Radiometers¹

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1. Scope*

1.1 This practice covers procedures for measuring and compensating for transmittance when using an infrared imaging radiometer to measure the temperature of a specimen through an attenuating medium, such as a window, filter or atmosphere.²

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.3 These procedures may involve use of equipment and materials in the presence of heated or electrically-energized equipment, or both.

1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

E1316 Terminology for Nondestructive Examinations M E1

3. Terminology rds. iteh. ai/catalog/standards/sist/6ad2d0:

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *attenuating medium*—a semi-transparent solid, liquid or gas, such as a window, filter, external optics or an atmosphere that attenuates radiation.

3.1.2 *blackbody simulator*—a device with an emissivity close to 1.00 that can be heated or cooled to a stable temperature.

3.1.3 *filter*—a semi-transparent material that attenuates certain wavelengths of radiation.

3.1.4 *infrared thermographer*—the person using an infrared imaging radiometer.

3.1.5 *reflected temperature*—the temperature of the energy incident upon and reflected by the measurement surface of the specimen.

3.1.6 *window*—a semi-transparent material that separates conditioned and unconditioned atmospheres and attenuates certain wavelengths of radiation.

3.2 See also Terminology E1316.

4. Summary of Practice

4.1 Using the computer built into an infrared imaging radiometer, a method is given for measuring the transmittance of an attenuating medium.

4.2 Using the computer built into an infrared imaging radiometer, a method is given for compensating for errors when measuring the temperature of a specimen through an attenuating medium when the emissivity of the specimen and the transmittance of the attenuating medium are known.

4.3 Using the computer built into an infrared imaging radiometer, a method is given for measuring and compensating for unknown transmittance and emissivity errors when the specimen temperature is known.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 The transmittance of an attenuating medium can cause errors for an infrared thermographer using an infrared imaging radiometer to measure the temperature of a specimen through the medium. Three test methods are given for measuring and compensating for this error source.

5.1.1 A procedure is given for measuring the transmittance of an attenuating medium.

5.1.2 A procedure is given for compensating for errors when measuring the temperature of a specimen having a known emissivity through an attenuating medium with a known transmittance.

5.1.3 A procedure is given for measuring and compensating for transmittance and emissivity errors when the specimen temperature is known.

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E07 on Nondestructive Testing and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E07.10 on Specialized NDT Methods.

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² This practice was originally adapted in 1997, by agreement, from the *Guideline* for Measuring and Compensating for Reflected Temperature, Emittance and Transmittance developed by Infraspection Institute, 425 Ellis Street, Burlington, NJ 08016.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.