

FINAL DRAFT Amendment

ISO/IEC 14496-15:2024/ FDAM 1

Information technology — Coding of audio-visual objects —

Part 15:

Carriage of network abstraction layer (NAL) unit structured video in the ISO base media file format

AMENDMENT 1: Support for neuralnetwork post-filter supplemental enhancement information and other improvements ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29

Secretariat: JISC

Voting begins on: **2024-11-05**

Voting terminates on: 2024-12-31

RECIPIENTS OF THIS DRAFT ARE INVITED TO SUBMIT, WITH THEIR COMMENTS, NOTIFICATION OF ANY RELEVANT PATENT RIGHTS OF WHICH THEY ARE AWARE AND TO PROVIDE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR EVALUATION AS BEING ACCEPTABLE FOR INDUSTRIAL, TECHNOLOGICAL, COMMERCIAL AND USER PURPOSES, DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS MAY ON OCCASION HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF THEIR POTENTIAL TO BECOME STANDARDS TO WHICH REFERENCE MAY BE MADE IN NATIONAL REGULATIONS.

ISO/IEC 14496-15:2024/FDAM 1:2024(en)

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO/IEC 14496-15:2024/Amd 1

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/7ac13601-b550-408c-904c-df25b1e0f01f/iso-iec-14496-15-2024-amd-



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO/IEC 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

ISO/IEC 14496-15:2024/FDAM 1:2024(en)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iso.org/directives<

ISO and IEC draw attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO and IEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO and IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents and https://patents.iec.ch. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. In the IEC, see www.iec.ch/understanding-standards.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 29, *Coding of audio*, *picture*, *multimedia and hypermedia information*.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 14496 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iso.org/members.html and www.iso.org/members.html and

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO/IEC 14496-15:2024/Amd 1

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/7ac13601-b550-408c-904c-df25b1e0f01f/iso-iec-14496-15-2024-amd-1

Information technology — Coding of audio-visual objects —

Part 15:

Carriage of network abstraction layer (NAL) unit structured video in the ISO base media file format

AMENDMENT 1: Support for neural-network post-filter supplemental enhancement information and other improvements

Clause 2

Add the following normative references:

ISO/IEC 15938-17, Information technology — Multimedia content description interface — Part 17: Compression of neural networks for multimedia content description and analysis

ISO/IEC 23002-7, Information technology — MPEG video technologies — Part 7: Versatile supplemental enhancement information messages for coded video bitstreams

(https://standards.iteh.ai)

4.10

Document Preview

Replace the content with the following:

4.10 SEI information box

ISO/IEC 14496-15:2024/Amd 1

4.10.1 Definition

Box Type: 'seii'

Container: SchemeInformationBox ('schi') or VisualSampleEntry

Mandatory: Yes (in the SchemeInformationBox), no (in a VisualSampleEntry)

Quantity: One (in the SchemeInformationBox), zero or one (in a VisualSampleEntry)

The SeiInformationBox documents SEI messages in a bitstream. When contained in a VisualSampleEntry, numRequiredSEIs shall be 0. By inspecting the SeiInformationBox a player will know which SEI messages it can assume to be present, and which are deemed necessary by the file author for correct playback. There might be other SEI messages present in the bitstream that are not documented by this box.

NOTE Writers can list non-required SEI messages in the <code>SeiInformationBox</code> included directly in the sample entry and required SEI messages in the <code>SeiInformationBox</code> in the <code>ScehemeInformationBox</code> of the same track.

The SEI messages listed in the <code>SeiInformationBox</code> should be stored either in the bitstream or in the configuration record within the untransformed sample entry. The <code>SeiInformationBox</code> does not contain the actual SEI messages, it only lists those that occur in the bitstream.

4.10.2 Syntax

aligned(8) class SeiInformationBox extends Box('seii') {
 unsigned int(16) numRequiredSEIs;

ISO/IEC 14496-15:2024/FDAM 1:2024(en)

```
for (i = 0; i < numRequiredSEIs; i++) {
    unsigned int(16) requiredSEI_ID;
}
unsigned int(16) numNotRequiredSEIs;
for (i = 0; i < numNotRequiredSEIs; i++) {
    unsigned int(16) notrequiredSEI_ID;
}</pre>
```

4.10.3 Semantics

requiredSEI_ID takes on the value "payloadType" of an SEI message present in the bitstream that is deemed necessary by the file author for correct playback.

notrequiredSEI_ID takes on the value "payloadType" of an SEI message present in the bitstream that is not deemed necessary by the file author for correct playback.

4.11

Replace the content with the following:

4.11 Post-decoder requirements scheme for signalling of SEI

4.11.1 General

In order to handle situations where the file author requires certain actions on the player or renderer, the ISO base media file format specifies the restricted-video mechanism where untransformed sample entries are hidden behind the sample entry type 'resv'. Subclause 4.11.2 uses the restricted-video mechanism to specify a scheme for post-decoder requirements for handling SEI messages that is identified by the 'asel' scheme type. The mechanism specified in subclause 4.11.2 applies to all coding systems identified in this document. For the case of signalling of SEI messages, a file author can list occurring SEI message payload type values and classify them into two categories: those that are deemed required by the file author for correct playback, and others. The occurrence of either type of SEI messages can be signalled in the SeiInformationBox.

Many of the applicable video coding standards define an SEI manifest SEI message, which can be used to indicate SEI message payload types that are considered necessary. When the processing of a particular SEI message payload type is considered as essential for consuming the content of a track, the following applies:

- When the untransformed sample entry type does not impose a player to process SEI manifest SEI messages, the file writer shall use a restricted video track with the 'asei' scheme type and include that particular SEI message payload type as requiredSEI ID in SeiInformationBox.
- When the untransformed sample entry type imposes a player to process SEI manifest SEI messages, the file writer shall include, in the sample entry, an SEI manifest SEI message where that particular SEI message payload type is indicated to be necessary.
- It is allowed to include both an SEI manifest SEI message in the sample entry and an SeiInformationBox for the same sample entry, provided that both declare the same SEI message payload types consistently.

4.11.2 Definition

The restricted video scheme for signalling of SEI messages categorized to those requiring certain actions on the player or renderer and those whose processing by the player or renderer is not required is defined in this subclause.

The scheme type equal to 'asei' is used.

The SeiInformationBox is mandatory in the SchemeInformationBox under the 'aSEI' scheme. In this case, it contains information about the SEI messages present in the bitstream. Although the SEI messages are not required for decoding, the file author may require certain actions for rendering or other purposes. The