



Designation: **D476 – 13 D476 – 15**

Standard Classification for Dry Pigmentary Titanium Dioxide Products¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D476; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This classification describes ~~seven~~^{eight} types of dry pigmentary titanium dioxide products, grouped by composition, typical end use application, and some performance properties.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

[D34 Guide for Chemical Analysis of White Pigments](#)

[D153 Test Methods for Specific Gravity of Pigments](#)

[D185 Test Methods for Coarse Particles in Pigments](#)

[D280 Test Methods for Hygroscopic Moisture \(and Other Matter Volatile Under the Test Conditions\) in Pigments](#)

[D1394 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of White Titanium Pigments](#)

[D2448 Test Method for Water-Soluble Salts in Pigments by Measuring the Specific Resistance of the Leachate of the Pigment](#)

[D3720 Test Method for Ratio of Anatase to Rutile in Titanium Dioxide Pigments by X-Ray Diffraction](#)

3. Significance and Use

3.1 This classification is given as an aid in determining the fitness for use of a titanium dioxide pigment for a coating application. It is limited to dry, hiding pigments. It excludes pigment dispersions, and non-hiding specialty titanium dioxide products.

4. Basis for Classification

4.1 Titanium dioxide pigments can differ in many ways, including composition and performance. This classification outlines differences between pigment types that should be considered when selecting a product for a coating application. A minimum number of properties are given to highlight major differences, while allowing maximum flexibility.

5. Composition and Properties

5.1 *Titanium Dioxide Pigments*, should conform to the requirements for composition prescribed in [Table 1](#). They are chemically prepared pigments consisting of anatase or rutile titanium dioxide with or without modifications with water-insoluble oxides of aluminum, silicon, zinc, etc., or other agents; these reagent materials are introduced specifically to improve those properties for which the pigment is used. The titanium dioxide pigments shall be free of extenders such as barium sulfate, clay, magnesium silicate, whiting, etc.

5.2 The desired properties of the pigment, other than as herein indicated, shall be subject to agreement between the purchaser and the seller and shall be based on a satisfactory match between the submitted pigment sample and a previously agreed upon reference sample (see [6.1.6](#)).

¹ This classification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [D01](#) on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [D01.31](#) on Pigment Specifications.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the [standard's](#) Document Summary page on the ASTM website.