



Designation: A839 – 15

Standard Specification for Iron-Phosphorus Powder Metallurgy Parts for Soft Magnetic Applications¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A839; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers parts produced from iron-phosphorus powder metallurgy materials. These parts are used in magnetic applications requiring higher permeability and electrical resistivity and lower coercive field strength than attainable routinely from parts produced from iron powder.

1.2 Two powder types are covered; Type I containing nominally 0.45 wt.% phosphorus, and Type II containing nominally 0.8 wt.% phosphorus.

1.3 This specification deals with powder metallurgy parts in the sintered or annealed condition. Should the sintered parts be subjected to any secondary operation that causes mechanical strain, such as machining or sizing, they should be resintered or annealed.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to customary (cgs-emu and inch-pound) units, which are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

[A34/A34M Practice for Sampling and Procurement Testing of Magnetic Materials](#)

[A596/A596M Test Method for Direct-Current Magnetic Properties of Materials Using the Ballistic Method and Ring Specimens](#)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A06 on Magnetic Properties and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A06.02 on Material Specifications.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

[A773/A773M Test Method for Direct Current Magnetic Properties of Low Coercivity Magnetic Materials Using Hysteresigraphs](#)

[B962 Test Methods for Density of Compacted or Sintered Powder Metallurgy \(PM\) Products Using Archimedes' Principle](#)

[E1019 Test Methods for Determination of Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen in Steel, Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys by Various Combustion and Fusion Techniques](#)

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Purchase orders for parts conforming to this specification shall include the following information:

3.1.1 Reference to this specification and year of issue/revision.

3.1.2 The type of powder to be used (see 4.1 and Table 1).

3.1.3 Reference to an applicable part drawing.

3.1.4 Quantity required.

3.1.5 A critical cross section of the part shall be defined and so indicated on the applicable part drawing. The location of the critical section is by mutual agreement between the user and the producer (see 5.2).

3.1.6 Magnetic property requirements if they are other than stated in Table 2.

3.1.7 Whether certification of chemical analysis or magnetic property evaluation is required (see Sections 4 and 6).

3.1.8 Marking and packaging requirements (see Section 11).

3.1.9 Whether testing for magnetic aging is required.

3.1.10 Exceptions to this specification or special requirements such as functional testing, as mutually agreed upon between the producer and the user.

4. Chemical Composition

4.1 The chemical composition of the parts shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

4.2 Chemical analysis for phosphorus shall be determined by wet chemistry in accordance with a method to be agreed upon between the user and the producer. Analysis of carbon, oxygen, and nitrogen shall be done in accordance with Test Methods E1019.

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Requirements (in Weight Percent)

Element	Type I	Type II
Phosphorus	0.40/0.50	0.75/0.85
Carbon, max	0.03	0.03
Oxygen, max	0.10	0.10
Nitrogen, max	0.01	0.01
Iron ^A	balance	balance

^A Iron is the balance by difference. Quantitative analysis of this element is not required.

TABLE 2 Maximum Coercive Field Strength Requirements

Grade	Powder Type I (0.45 wt.% P)	Powder Type II (0.8 wt.% P)
1	110 A/m (1.4 Oe)	100 A/m (1.2 Oe)
2	140 A/m (1.8 Oe)	110 A/m (1.4 Oe)
3	160 A/m (2.0 Oe)	140 A/m (1.7 Oe)

5. Sintered Density Requirements

5.1 Magnetic and residual induction of powder metallurgy parts strongly depend on density. The density of powder metallurgy parts is determined by the compressibility of the powder, the compacting pressure, and sintering practice (temperature, time, and atmosphere).

5.2 Parts produced in conformance with this specification shall have a minimum sintered density of 6.8 Mg/m³ in the critical section of the part. The critical section shall be defined by agreement between the user and the producer.

5.3 Sintered density shall be determined in accordance with Test Method **B962**.

6. Magnetic Property Requirements

6.1 Due to the nature of powder metallurgy parts production, magnetic testing of each lot is not required by this specification. Nevertheless, it is strongly recommended that the user require the producer to conduct periodic magnetic evaluations and to certify the results obtained. Such magnetic property evaluations shall be conducted in the following manner.

6.2 When requested, each lot of parts should be sintered with at least one and preferably three ring test specimens which comply with the geometric requirements listed in Practice **A34/A34M**. The ring specimen(s) shall be produced from the same mixed lot of powder used to produce the parts.

6.3 The dc magnetic properties shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods **A596/A596M** or **A773/A773M**.

6.4 For the purpose of this specification, only the coercive field strength determined from a maximum applied magnetic field strength of 1200 A/m (15 Oe) needs to be determined. Other magnetic properties may be specified by mutual agreement between the user and the producer.

6.5 *Coercive Field Strength Requirements*—Three grades, defined by coercive field strength, are stipulated by this specification and are listed in **Table 2**. The coercive field strength requirements for Type I are based on an interlabora-

tory study conducted by ASTM Committee B09. The requirements for Type II are based on both interlaboratory study and technical literature.

6.6 *Magnetic Aging*—Nitrogen introduced during sintering can cause time-dependent degradation of magnetic properties. Therefore, when requested by the user, the producer shall test for aging. To determine the susceptibility of the parts to aging, the test ring(s) should be heated in air for either 100 h at 150 °C or 600 h at 100 °C and the coercive field strength remeasured. A change in coercive field strength of 10 % or more of the original value is evidence that aging has occurred.

6.7 Since magnetic properties are strongly affected by process conditions, refer to the **Appendix X1 – Appendix X3** for typical values and explanatory notes.

7. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

7.1 The parts shall be uniform in composition and uniform in density within critical sections.

7.2 If parts are sectioned or fractured, there shall be no readily recognizable defects.

8. Sampling

8.1 A lot shall consist of parts of the same form and dimensions, produced from a single mixed powder batch and from an unchanged process, without discontinuity in production, and submitted for inspection at one time.

8.2 The user and the producer shall agree upon a representative number of specimens for testing.

9. Rejection and Rehearing

9.1 Parts that fail to conform to the requirements of this specification may be rejected. Rejection should be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the producer or supplier may make claim for a rehearing.

9.2 The disposition of rejected parts shall be subject to agreement between the user and the producer.

10. Certification

10.1 When specified in the purchase order or contract, the user shall be furnished certification that samples representing each lot have either been tested or inspected as directed in this specification and the requirements have been met.

10.2 When specified in the purchase order or contract, a report of the test results shall include:

10.2.1 Chemical composition,

10.2.2 Part density in the critical section,

10.2.3 Magnetic test results, if required by the user, and

10.2.4 The results of any other tests stipulated in the purchase order or contract.

11. Packaging and Package Marking

11.1 Packaging shall be subject to agreement between the user and the producer.

11.2 Parts furnished under this specification shall be in a container identified by the name or symbol of the parts producer.