# Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Drawn Seamless Tubes [Metric]<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 210M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\epsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

## 1. Scope \*

- 1.1 This specification covers aluminum and aluminum-alloy drawn seamless tubes in straight lengths and coils for general purpose and pressure applications in alloys (Note 2), tempers, and thicknesses shown in Table 2. Coiled tubes are generally available only as round tubes with a wall thickness not exceeding 2.00 mm and only in nonheat-treatable alloys.
- 1.2 Alloy and temper designations are in accordance with ANSI H35.1M. The equivalent Unified Numbering System alloy designations are those of Table 1 preceded by A9, for example, A91100 for aluminum 1100 in accordance with Practice E 527.
- 1.3 Preferred metric sizes are in accordance with ANSI B32.5.

Note 1—See Specification B 483M for aluminum and aluminum-alloy drawn tubes for general purpose applications, Specification B 234M for aluminum-alloy drawn seamless tubes for condensers and heat exchangers, and Specification B 241/B 241M for aluminum-alloy seamless pipe and seamless extruded tube.

- Note 2—Throughout this specification use of the term *alloy* in the general sense includes aluminum as well as aluminum alloy.
- 1.4 This specification is the metric counterpart of Specification B 210.
- 1.5 For acceptance criteria for inclusion of new aluminum and aluminum alloys in this specification, see Annex A2.

## 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein:
  - 2.2 ASTM Standards:
  - B 557M Test Methods of Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products [Metric]<sup>2</sup>
  - B 597 Practice for Heat Treatment of Aluminum Alloys<sup>2</sup> B 660 Practices for Packaging/Packing of Aluminum an
  - B 660 Practices for Packaging/Packing of Aluminum and Magnesium Products<sup>2</sup>
- <sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B07 on Light Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B07.03 on Aluminum Alloy Wrought Products.
- Current edition approved May 10, 2000. Published August 2000. Originally published as B 210M-80. Last previous edition B 210M-95.
  - <sup>2</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 02.02.

- B 666/B 666M Practice for Identification Marking of Aluminum Products<sup>2</sup>
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications<sup>3</sup>
- E 34 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum-Base Alloys<sup>4</sup>
- E 55 Practice for Sampling Wrought Nonferrous Metals and Alloys for Determination of Chemical Composition<sup>4</sup>
- E 215 Practice for Standardizing Equipment for Electromagnetic Examination of Seamless Aluminum-Alloy Tube<sup>5</sup>
- E 227 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique<sup>4</sup>
- E 527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys (UNS)<sup>6</sup>
- E 607 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Point-to-Plane Technique, Nitrogen Atmosphere<sup>7</sup>
- E 716 Practices for Sampling Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys for Spectrochemical Analysis<sup>7</sup>
- E 1004 Test Method for Electromagnetic (Eddy-Current) Measurements of Electrical Conductivity<sup>5</sup>
- E 1251 Test Method for Optical Emission Spectrometric Analysis of Aluminum and Aluminum Alloys by the Argon Atmosphere, Point-to-Plane, Unipolar Self-Initiating Capacitor Discharge<sup>7</sup>
- 2.3 ANSI Standards:
- B 32.5 Preferred Metric Sizes For Tubular Metal Products Other Than Pipe<sup>8</sup>
- H35.1M Alloy and Temper Designation Systems for Aluminum<sup>2</sup>
- H35.2M Dimensional Tolerances for Aluminum Mill Products<sup>2</sup>
- 2.4 Military Standard:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.03.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 01.01. <sup>7</sup> Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.06.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, 13th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

TABLE 1 Chemical Composition Limits<sup>ABC</sup>

Alley	Silicon	Silicon Iron Conner Manganese Magne	Magnasium	o o i umo Charo mo i umo	Zinc	Titonium	Other E	lements <sup>D</sup>	Aluminum,		
Alloy		Iron	Copper	Manganese	Magnesium	Chromium	ZINC	Titanium	Each	Total <sup>E</sup>	– min
1060	0.25	0.35	0.05	0.03	0.03		0.05	0.03	0.03 <sup>F</sup>		99.60 min <sup>G</sup>
1100	0.95 Si	+ Fe	0.05-0.20	0.05			0.10		0.05	0.15	99.00 min <sup>G</sup>
2011	0.40	0.7	5.0-6.0				0.30		0.05 <sup>H</sup>	0.15	remainder
2014	0.50 - 1.2	0.7	3.9-5.0	0.40-1.2	0.20-0.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
2024	0.50	0.50	3.8-4.9	0.30-0.9	1.2-1.8	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
3003 Alclad 3003 <sup>7</sup>	0.6	0.7	0.05-0.20	1.0–1.5			0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
3102 Alclad 3102 <sup>7</sup>	0.40	0.7	0.10	0.05-0.40			0.30	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
3303 Alclad 3303 <sup>7</sup>	0.6	0.7	0.05-0.20	1.0–1.5			0.30		0.05	0.15	remainder
5005	0.30	0.7	0.20	0.20	0.50-1.1	0.10	0.25		0.05	0.15	remainder
5050	0.40	0.7	0.20	0.10	1.1-1.8	0.10	0.25		0.05	0.15	remainder
5052	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	2.2-2.8	0.15-0.35	0.10		0.05	0.15	remainder
5083	0.40	0.40	0.10	0.40-1.0	4.0-4.9	0.05 - 0.25	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
5086	0.40	0.50	0.10	0.20-0.7	3.5-4.5	0.05 - 0.25	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
5154	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.10	3.1-3.9	0.15-0.35	0.20	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
5456	0.25	0.40	0.10	0.50-1.0	4.7-5.5	0.05 - 0.20	0.25	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder
6061	0.40-0.8	0.7	0.15-0.40	0.15	0.8-1.2	0.04-0.35	0.25	0.15	0.05	0.15	remainder
6063	0.20-0.6	0.35	0.10	0.10	0.45-0.9	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05	0.15	remainder
6262	0.40-0.8	0.7	0.15-0.40	0.15	0.8-1.2	0.04-0.14	0.25	0.15	$0.05^{J}$	0.15	remainder
7072 cladding <sup>K</sup>	0.7 Si	+ Fe	0.10	0.10	0.10		0.8 - 1.3		0.05	0.15	remainder
7075	0.40	0.50	1.2-2.0	0.30	2.1-2.9	0.18-0.28	5.1-6.1	0.20	0.05	0.15	remainder

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>Limits are in weight percent maximum unless shown as a range or otherwise stated.

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage<sup>9</sup> 2.5 *Military Specification:* 

MIL-H-6088 Heat Treatment of Aluminum Alloys<sup>9</sup>

2.6 Federal Standard:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)<sup>9</sup>

### 3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 *tube*—a hollow wrought product that is long in relation to its cross section, which is round, a regular hexagon, a regular octagon, elliptical, or square or rectangular with sharp or rounded corners, and that has uniform wall thickness except as may be affected by corner radii.
- 3.1.2 *drawn seamless tube*—a tube produced from hollow extrusion ingot and brought to final dimensions by drawing through a die.
- 3.1.3 *alclad tube*—a composite tube composed of an aluminum-alloy core having on either the inside or outside surface a metallurgically bonded aluminum or aluminumalloy

coating that is anodic to the core, thus electrolytically protecting the core against corrosion.

- 3.1.4 *producer*—the primary manufacturer of the material.
- 3.1.5 *supplier*—includes only the category of jobbers and distributors as distinct from producers.
  - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *capable of*—The term *capable of* as used in this specification means that the test need not be performed by the producer of the material. However, should subsequent testing by the purchaser establish that the material does not meet these requirements, the material shall be subject to rejection.

#### 4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the following information:
- 4.1.1 This specification designation (which includes the number, the year, and the revision letter, if applicable),
  - 4.1.2 Quantity in pieces or kilograms,
  - 4.1.3 Alloy (Section 7),
  - 4.1.4 Temper (Section 8),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>Analysis shall be made for the elements for which limits are shown in this table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>For purposes of determining conformance to these limits, an observed value or a calculated value obtained from analysis shall be rounded to the nearest unit in the last right-hand place of figures used in expressing the specified limit, in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup>Others includes listed elements for which no specific limit is shown as well as unlisted metallic elements. The producer may analyze samples for trace elements not specified in the specification. However, such analysis is not required and may not cover all metallic *Others* elements. Should any analysis by the producer or the purchaser establish that an *Others* element exceeds the limit of *Each* or that the aggregate of several *Others* elements exceeds the limit of *Total*, the material shall be considered non-conforming.

EOther elements—Total shall be the sum of unspecified metallic elements 0.010 % or more, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

FVanadium 0.05 % max.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup>The aluminum content shall be calculated by subtracting from 100.00 % the sum of all metallic elements present in amounts of 0.010 % or more each, rounded to the second decimal before determining the sum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>H</sup>Bismuth and lead each 0.20 – 0.6 %.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Alloy clad with Alloy 7072.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>J</sup>Bismuth and lead each 0.40-0.7 %.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Composition of cladding alloy as applied during the course of manufacture. The samples from finished tube shall not be required to conform to these limits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

# TABLE 2 Tensile Property Limits<sup>A,B</sup>

	Specified Wa	all Thickness <sup>C</sup>	Tensile S			Strength <sup>D</sup> offset), MPa		Elongation, <sup>E</sup> min, %	
Towner								Cut-Ou	ut Specimen
Temper	Over	Through	Min	Max	Min	Max	Full-Section - Specimen in 50 mm	in 50 mm	in 5 $\times$ Diameter (5.65 $\sqrt{A}$ )
				Alumin	um 1060 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.45	12.50	60	95	15				
H12	0.45	12.50	70		30				
H14	0.45	12.50	85		70				
H18 H113 <sup><i>G</i></sup>	0.45	12.50	110	•••	90	•••	•••		•••
H113° F	0.45 All	12.50	60 		15 		•••		
	7.01				um 1100 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.45	12.50	75	105	25				
H12	0.45	12.50	95		75				
H14	0.45	12.50	110		95				
H16	0.45	12.50	130		115	•••			
H18	0.45	12.50	150		140				
H113 <sup><i>G</i></sup>	0.45	12.50	75		25				
F	All						•••		
				Allo	y 2011				
T3	0.45	1.20	325		275				•••
	1.20	12.50	325	•••	275		10	8	7
T4511	0.45	1.20	305		170	•			
	1.20 6.50	6.50 12.50	305 305		170 170		20 20	18 20	16 18
	6.50	12.50	303	Alla	<del>itan</del>	<del>lards</del>	20	20	10
	0.45	10.50	_		y 2014	110			
O T4, T42 <sup>H</sup>	0.45 0.45	12.50 0.63	370	220	205	110	ah 10 i		
14, 142	0.43	1.20	370	:// <del>s</del> ta	205	(US:IL	12 12	 10	
	1.20	6.30	370		205		14	10	
	6.30	12.50	370	011-00	205	Powie	16	12	10
T6, T62 <sup>H</sup>	0.45	0.63	450	Culling	380	16716	7		
	0.63	1.20	450		380		7	6	
	1.20	6.30	450		380		8	7	
	6.30	12.50	450	ASTI	380	<u>1-00</u>	9	8	7
<del>https</del>	<del>//standards</del> .	iteh ai/cata	log/standa	<del></del>	y 2024	e4-458f-a	<del>86f-863912</del> t	15097/ast	m-b210m-(
O 1111/PS T3	0.45 0.45	12.50		220	290	100	 10		
13	0.43	0.63 1.20	440 440		290		12	 10	•••
	1.20	6.30	440	•••	290		14	10	
	6.30	12.50	440		290		16	12	10
T42 <sup>H</sup>	0.45	0.63	440		275		10		
	0.63	1.20	440		275		12	10	
	1.20	6.30	440		275		14	10	
	6.30	12.50	440		275		16	12	10
					/ 3003 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.25	0.63	95 05	130	35				
	0.63	1.20	95 05	130	35	•••	30	20	
	1.20 6.30	6.30 12.50	95 95	130 130	35 35		35	25 30	 27
H12	0.25	0.63	120		85				
· · · <del>-</del>	0.63	1.20	120		85				
H14		0.63	140		115		3		
	0.63	1.20	140		115		5	3	
	1.20	6.30	140	•••	115		8	4	
140	6.30	12.50	140		115				
H16	0.25	0.63	165		145				
	0.63	1.20	165 165	•••	145 145		3 5	2 4	•••
	1.20 6.30	6.30 12.50	165 165	•••	145 145				•••
H18	0.30	0.63	185		165		2		
	0.63	1.20	185		165		3	2	
	1.20	6.30	185		165		5	3	•••
	6.30	12.50	185		165				
1440G	0.25	12.50	95		35				
H113 <sup>G</sup> F	All	.2.00	00	•••	00				•••

# TABLE 2 Continued

	Specified W	'all Thickness <sup>C</sup>	Tensile	e Strength, MPa	Yie	eld Strength <sup>D</sup>		Elongation, <sup>E</sup> m	in, %
			10110110	o ou ongui, ivii a	(0.2 °	% offset), MPa		Cut Ou	ut Canaiman
Temper	Over	Through	Min	Max	Min	Max	Full-Section Specimen in 50 mm	in 50 mm	in 5 $\times$ Diameter (5.65 $\sqrt{A}$ )
				Alloy	Alclad 3003 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.25	0.63	90	125	30				
	0.63	1.20	90	125	30		30	20	•••
	1.20	6.30	90	125	30		35	25	
114.4	6.30 0.25	12.50	90	125	30	***	•••	30	27
H14	0.63	0.63 1.20	135 135		110 110	•••	 5		•••
	1.20	6.30	135		110		8	4	
	6.30	12.50	135		110	•••			•••
H18	0.25	12.50	180		160				
H113 <sup>G</sup>	1.20	12.50	90		30				
F	All			***		•••	***	•••	•••
					Alloy 3102 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.45	0.63	75	115	25 <sup>D</sup>				
	0.63 1.20	1.20 1.70	75 75	115 115	25 <sup>D</sup> 25 <sup>D</sup>		30 35	20 25	
	1.20	1.70	7.5		/ Alclad 3102 <sup>F</sup>	•••	33	23	•••
0	0.45 0.63	0.63 1.20	70 70	115 115	25 25		30	20	•••
	1.20	1.70	70 70	115	25 25		35	20 25	•••
	1.20	1.70			Alloy 3303 <sup>F</sup>				
	0.05	0.00	05			dards			
0	0.25 0.63	0.63 1.20	95 95	130 130	35 35		 30	20	•••
	1.20	1.70	95 4-4-95	/ 130	35	d	35	25 25	
			HULP		/ Alclad 3303 <sup>D</sup>	rusit	<del>en.ar)</del>		
0	0.25	0.63	00						
O	0.63	0.63 1.20	90	130 130	$\frac{30}{30}$	Previa	30	20	
	1.20	1.70	90	130	30		35	25	
					Alloy 5005 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.45	12.50	105	145	TM B2 35)	M-00			
F 1,,	All	2.1 2/ / 1	/	1 1 / 17/0/	1 1 00 7 1	10 4 4500	 0 / C 0 / 7 0 1 <b>0</b> 1	1.507777	1.017
http	s://standards	. <del>itch.ai/catal</del>	og/stanc	dards/sist/9	Alloy 5050 <sup>F</sup>	<del>19e4-4381-a</del>	<del>861-863912</del> 1	<del>51509 //ast</del>	<del>m-b210m-0</del>
0	0.45	12.50	125	165	40		•••		
H32	0.45	12.50	150		110				
H34	0.45	12.50	170		140				
H36	0.45	12.50	185		150				
H38	0.45	12.50	200		165	***	•••	•••	•••
F	All					•••	•••		•••
					Alloy 5052 <sup>F</sup>				
0 ⊔ລາ	0.45	11.50	170	240	70				
H32 H34	0.45 0.45	11.50 11.50	215 235		160 180				
H36	0.45	11.50	255		200				
H38	0.45	11.50	270		215				
F	All					•••			
	<del></del>	<del></del>			Alloy 5083 <sup>F</sup>				
0 F	0.45	11.50	270	350	110			14	12
F	All		•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	
		·			Alloy 5086 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.45	11.50	240	315	95			14	12
H32	0.45	11.50	275		195				
H34	0.45	11.50	300		235				
H36 F	0.45 All	11.50	325	•••	260				
1	All					•••		•••	
					Alloy 5154 <sup>F</sup>				
O H34	0.25 0.25	11.50 11.50	205 270	285	75 200	•••	10 5	10 5	9 4
1104	0.23	11.00	210		200	•••	ა	<u></u>	4

TABLE 2 Continued

				TABLE 2	Continued				
	Specified W	all Thickness <sup>C</sup>	Tensile Strength, MPa			trength <sup>D</sup> fset), MPa	Elongation, <sup>E</sup> min, %		
Temper							Full-Section - Specimen in 50 mm	Cut-Out Specimen	
Temper	Over	Through	Min	Max	Min	Max		in 50 mm	in 5 $\times$ Diameter (5.65 $\sqrt{A}$ )
H38	0.25	11.50	310		235				
F	All			 Alloy	 5456 <sup>F</sup>				
0	0.45	11.50	285	365	130			14	12
F	All								
				Allo	y 6061				
0	0.45	12.50		150		95	15	15	13
T4	0.63	1.20	205		100		16	14	
	1.20	6.30	205		110		18	16	
	6.30	12.50	205		110		20	18	16
T42 <sup>H</sup>	0.63	1.20	205		95		16	14	
	1.20	6.30	205		95		18	16	
	6.30	12.50	205		95		20	18	16
T6, T62 <sup>H</sup>	0.63	1.20	290		240		10	8	
	1.20	6.30	290		240		12	10	
	6.30	12.50	290		240		14	12	10
					y 6063				
0	0.45	12.50		130	•••				•••
T4, T42 <sup>H</sup>	0.63	1.20	150		70		16	14	•••
	1.20	6.30	150		70	•••	18	16	•••
.,	6.30	12.50	150	T T" C	70		20	18	16
T6, T62 <sup>H</sup>	0.63	1.20	230	lah S	195	ara s	12	8	
	1.20	6.30	230		195	COL TOP	14	10	
	6.30	12.50	230		195		16	12	10
T83	0.63	6.30	230	//eta	205	damit	e 5 5 1		
T831	0.63	6.30	195	.// <b>3.</b> La	170	0.09			
T832	0.63	1.20	285		250		8	5	
	1.20	6.30	275	ouïm <i>i</i>	240	revie	8	5	
			DU	Allo	y 6262		<b>✓ ▼ ▼</b>		
T6, T62 <sup>H</sup>	0.63	1.20	290		240		10	8	
	1.20	0.63	290		240		12	10	•••
	6.30	12.50	290	<u>.AS11</u>	A B 240 \ \ -	<u>00</u>	14	12	10
T9 https:	0.63	10.00	330	ds/sist/92e	305	4-458f-a8	86f-863912b	15097/ast	m-b210m-0
			3		y 7075				
0	0.63	1.20	•••	275		145	10	8	•••
	1.20	12.50	•••	275		145	12	10	9
T6, T62 <sup>H</sup>	0.63	6.30	530		455		8	7	
	6.30	12.50	530		455		9	8	7
T73 <sup>/</sup>	0.63	6.30	455		385		10	8	
	6.30	12.50	455		385		12	10	9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>See Annex A1.

4.1.5 Cross-sectional dimensions (outside diameter and wall thickness, or inside diameter and wall thickness for round tube; for tube other than round, square, rectangular, hexagonal, or octagonal with sharp corners, a drawing is required) (see

Tables X1.1 and X1.2),<sup>10</sup>
4.1.6 Length (straight or coiled),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>To determine conformance to this specification, each value for tensile strength and for yield strength shall be rounded to the nearest 0.1 MPa and each value for elongation to the nearest 0.5 % both in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E 29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Coiled tube is generally available with a maximum wall thickness of 2.00 mm and only in nonheat-treatable alloys.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup>Yield strength to be determined only on straight tube.

EElongation in 50 mm apply for tube tested in full-section, for sheet-type specimens, for tubes having a flat wall, and for similar curved specimens for tubes having a curved wall, up to a maximum wall thickness of 12.50 mm. Elongations in 5D (5.65  $\sqrt{A}$ ), where D and A are diameter and cross-sectional area of the specimens, respectively, apply to round test specimens machined from wall thicknesses over 6.30 mm.

Fin this alloy tube other than round is produced only in the F (as drawn) and O tempers. Properties for F temper are not specified or guaranteed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup>Beginning with the 1982 issue the requirements for the H112 tempers were replaced by the H113 temper, applicable to other than round tube, which is fabricated by cold-forming annealed round tube and acquires some temper in this forming operation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>H</sup>Material in the T42 or T62 tempers is not available from the material producers.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Material in this temper exhibits improved resistance to stress corrosion compared to that of the T6 temper. The stress corrosion resistance capability of individual lots is determined by testing the previously selected tension-test samples in accordance with the applicable electrical conductivity acceptance criteria of Table 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> These tables are taken from American National Standard B 32.5, Preferred Metric Sizes for Tubular Metal Products Other Than Pipe.

#### TABLE 3 Lot Acceptance Criteria for Resistance to Stress-Corrosion

Alloy and Temper			
	Electrical Conductiv- ity, A,B % IACS	Level of Mechanical Properties	Lot Acceptance Status
7075-T73	40.0 or greater	per specified requirements	acceptable
	38.0 through 39.9	per specified requirements and yield strength does not exceed minimum by more than 82 MPa	acceptable
	38.0 through 39.9	per specified requirements but yield strength exceeds minimum by more than 82 MPa	unacceptable <sup>C</sup>
	less than 38.0	any level	unacceptable $^{C}$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>The electrical conductivity shall be determined in accordance with Test Method E 1004 in the following locations:

Wall Thickness, mm Up through 2.50 Over 2.50

surface of tensile sample

subsurface after removal of approximately 10 % of thick-

ness<sup>A,B</sup>

- 4.1.7 Nominal inside diameter of coils and mass, or maximum outside diameter, if applicable,
- 4.1.8 For alloy Alclad 3003, Alclad 3102, or Alclad 3303 state clad inside or outside (17.1),
- 4.2 Additionally, orders for material to this specification shall include the following information when required by the purchaser:
- 4.2.1 Whether heat treatment in accordance with Practice B 597 is required (11.2),
- 4.2.2 Whether flattening tests are required (Section 9 and Table 4),
  - 4.2.3 Whether flare testing is required (Section 10),

**TABLE 4 Minimum Outside Diameter Flattening Factor** 

	_	Wall Thic	Minimum Diameter	
Alloy h	Temper - ttps://standard	Over a	Flattening Factor, F	
1100	0	0.32	12.50	2
	H12	0.32	12.50	3
	H14	0.32	12.50	6
	H16	0.32	12.50	8
3003	0	0.63	12.50	2
	H12	0.63	12.50	3
	H14	0.63	12.50	6
	H16	0.63	12.50	8
2024	0	0.45	1.20	3
		1.20	12.50	4
	Т3	0.45	12.50	8
5052	0	0.25	11.50	3
	H32	0.25	11.50	6
	H34	0.25	11.50	8
5086	0	0.25	11.50	3
	H32	0.25	11.50	8
6061	0	0.45	3.20	3
		3.20	6.30	4
		6.30	12.50	6
	T4	0.63	12.50	6
	T6	0.63	12.50	8
7075	0	0.63	1.20	4
		1.20	6.30	5
	T6	0.63	6.30	10

- 4.2.4 Whether 7075-O material is required to develop requirements for T73 temper (12.3),
- 4.2.5 Whether testing for leaks is required and, when leaks are allowed, the number of leaks allowed and the manner of marking leaks (15.1.3.2),
- 4.2.6 Whether inside cleanness test is required on coiled tubes (16.2) and frequency of testing required,
- 4.2.7 Whether inspection or witness of inspection and tests by the purchaser's representative is required prior to material shipment (Section 20),
  - 4.2.8 Whether certification is required (Section 22),
- 4.2.9 Whether marking for identification is required (Section 23), and
- 4.2.10 Whether Practices B 660 applies, and if so, the levels of preservation, packaging, and packing required (Section 24).

## 5. Manufacture

- 5.1 The tube shall be produced by drawing an extruded tube made from hollow extrusion ingot (cast in hollow form or pierced) and extruded by the use of the die and mandrel method.
- 5.2 The ends of coiled tube shall be crimped or otherwise sealed to avoid contamination during shipment.

#### 6. Responsibility for Quality Assurance

- 6.1 Responsibility for Inspection and Tests—Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the producer is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified herein. The producer may use his own or any other suitable facilities for the performance of the inspection and test requirements specified herein, unless disapproved by the purchaser in the order or at the time of signing the contract. The purchaser shall have the right to perform any of the inspections and tests set forth in this specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure that material conforms to prescribed requirements.
- 6.2 Lot Definition—An inspection lot shall be defined as follows:
- 6.2.1 For heat-treated tempers an inspection lot shall consist of an identifiable quantity of material of the same mill form, alloy, temper, and nominal dimensions traceable to a heat-treat

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>For curved surfaces, the conductivity shall be measured on a machined flat spot; however, for small size tubes, a cut-out piece may be flattened and the conductivity determined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup>When material is found to be unacceptable, it shall be reprocessed (additional precipitation heat treatment or re-solution heat treatment and precipitation heat treatment).