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Standard Specification for Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation¹

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This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification² covers the types, physical properties, and dimensions of cellular polystyrene boards with or without facings or coatings made by molding (EPS) or extrusion (XPS) of expandable polystyrene. Products manufactured to this specification are intended for use as thermal insulation for temperatures from -65 to $+165^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-53.9 to $+73.9^{\circ}\text{C}$). This specification does not apply to laminated products manufactured with any type of rigid board facer including fiberboard, perlite board, gypsum board, or oriented strand board.

1.1.1 For Type XIII only, this specification covers the physical properties, and dimensions of cellular polystyrene intended for use as thermal insulation for temperatures from -297 to $+165^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-183 to $+73.9^{\circ}\text{C}$).

1.2 Consult the manufacturer for specific recommendations and properties in cryogenic conditions.

1.2.1 This specification does not cover cryogenic properties except for the k-factors for Type XIII in [Appendix X1](#). For Type XIII in specific cryogenic applications, the manufacturer and purchaser shall agree upon the actual temperature limits and physical property requirements in addition to the k-factors in [Appendix X1](#).

1.3 The use of thermal insulation materials covered by this specification may be regulated by building codes that address fire performance. For some end uses, specifiers should also address the effect of moisture and wind pressure resistance. Guidelines regarding these end use considerations are included in [Appendix X1](#).

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical

conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:³

- C165 Test Method for Measuring Compressive Properties of Thermal Insulations
- C168 Terminology Relating to Thermal Insulation
- C177 Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus
- C203 Test Methods for Breaking Load and Flexural Properties of Block-Type Thermal Insulation
- C272 Test Method for Water Absorption of Core Materials for Structural Sandwich Constructions
- C303 Test Method for Dimensions and Density of Preformed Block and Board-Type Thermal Insulation
- C335 Test Method for Steady-State Heat Transfer Properties of Pipe Insulation
- C390 Practice for Sampling and Acceptance of Thermal Insulation Lots
- C518 Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus
- C550 Test Method for Measuring Trueness and Squareness of Rigid Block and Board Thermal Insulation
- C870 Practice for Conditioning of Thermal Insulating Materials
- C1045 Practice for Calculating Thermal Transmission Properties Under Steady-State Conditions
- C1058 Practice for Selecting Temperatures for Evaluating and Reporting Thermal Properties of Thermal Insulation
- C1114 Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Thin-Heater Apparatus

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C16 on Thermal Insulation and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C16.22 on Organic and Nonhomogeneous Inorganic Thermal Insulations.

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² This specification is similar to ISO 4898-1984, “Cellular Plastics—Specification for Rigid Cellular Materials Used in the Thermal Insulation of Buildings,” in title only. The scope and technical content are significantly different.

ISO standards are available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- C1303** Test Method for Predicting Long-Term Thermal Resistance of Closed-Cell Foam Insulation
- C1363** Test Method for Thermal Performance of Building Materials and Envelope Assemblies by Means of a Hot Box Apparatus
- D1600** Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D1621** Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics
- D1622** Test Method for Apparent Density of Rigid Cellular Plastics
- D2126** Test Method for Response of Rigid Cellular Plastics to Thermal and Humid Aging
- D2863** Test Method for Measuring the Minimum Oxygen Concentration to Support Candle-Like Combustion of Plastics (Oxygen Index)
- E84** Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- E96/E96M** Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
- E176** Terminology of Fire Standards
- 2.2 *CAN/ULC Standard*⁴
- CAN/ULC S770** Standard Test Method for the Determination of Long-Term Thermal Resistance of Closed-Cell Thermal Insulating Foams

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 Terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology **C168**.

3.1.2 Terms used in this specification that relate to fire standards are defined in Terminology **E176**.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *EPS*—letter designation for the molded expanded polystyrene thermal insulation classified by this specification. It is defined as cellular plastic product manufactured from pre-expanded polystyrene beads subsequently molded into desired shapes and sizes resulting in a product which is rigid with closed cellular structure.

3.2.2 *RCPS*—letter designations for the rigid cellular polystyrene thermal insulation classified by this specification that identifies the product as rigid cellular polystyrene.

3.2.3 *PS*—used in this specification to represent polystyrene in accordance with Terminology **D1600**.

3.2.4 *XPS*—letter designation for the extruded expanded polystyrene thermal insulation classified by this specification. It is defined as cellular plastic product manufactured in a one stage process by extrusion and expansion of the base polymer in the presence of blowing agent(s) resulting in a product which is rigid with closed cellular structure.

4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers types of RCPS thermal insulations currently commercially available as described by the physical property requirements in **Table 1**.

⁴ Available from Underwriters Laboratories (UL), 2600 N.W. Lake Rd., Camas, WA 98607-8542, <http://www.ul.com>.

5. Ordering Information

5.1 Acquisition documents shall specify the following:

5.1.1 Title, number, and year of this specification,

5.1.2 Type (see **Table 1**),

5.1.3 *R*-value or thickness required (see **Tables 1 and 2**),

5.1.3.1 *Thermal Resistance/Thickness Relationship*—The thermal resistance (*R*-value) and the thermal resistivity (*R*-value/inch) of RCPS thermal insulation may vary with thickness. Therefore, when ordering, specify the *R*-value or the thickness, or both. For additional information, see Practice **C1045**.

5.1.4 Density, if other than specified in **Table 1**,

5.1.5 Tolerance, if other than specified (see **8.2**),

5.1.6 Length and width required (see **Table 2** and **8.1**),

5.1.7 If other than straight edges are required (see **8.3**),

5.1.8 If either ship-lap or tongue-and-groove edges are required (see **8.6**),

5.1.9 *Tapered Insulation*—special ordering information. In addition to other applicable requirements in Section **5** (**Note 1**), acquisition documents for tapered RCPS thermal insulation shall specify the following:

5.1.9.1 Minimum starting thickness,

5.1.9.2 Slope, in./ft (mm/m),

5.1.9.3 Average *R*-value,

5.1.9.4 Minimum thickness,

5.1.9.5 *Shop Drawings*—The tapered insulation supplier shall provide shop drawings to illustrate installation patterns and dimensions for each tapered module,

5.1.10 Sampling, if different (see **10.1**),

5.1.11 If a certificate of compliance is required (see **14.1**), and

5.1.12 If marking is other than specified (see **15.1**).

NOTE 1—Physical properties of tapered insulation should be determined on blocks of RCPS thermal insulation before the insulation is tapered.

5.1.13 *Type XIII*—Special ordering information. In addition to other applicable requirements in Section **5**, acquisition documents for Type XIII thermal insulation shall specify if presence of surface skins is required.

6. Materials and Manufacture

6.1 RCPS thermal insulation shall be formed by the expansion of polystyrene resin beads or granules in a closed mold, or by the expansion of polystyrene base resin in an extrusion process. RCPS thermal insulation shall be of uniform density and have essentially closed cells. All RCPS thermal insulation shall contain sufficient flame retardants to meet the oxygen index requirements of **Table 1**.

7. Physical Requirements

7.1 Inspection Requirements:

7.1.1 The physical requirements listed in this section are defined as inspection requirements (refer to Practice **C390**).

7.1.2 All dimensional requirements are described in Section **8**.

7.1.3 All workmanship, finish, and appearance requirements are described in Section **9**.

7.1.4 Density shall be in accordance with **Table 1**.

TABLE 1 Physical Property Requirements of RCPS Thermal Insulation

NOTE 1—The values for properties listed in this table may be affected by the presence of a surface skin which is a result of the manufacturing process. The values for Type XIII properties listed in this table must be generated on material with the surface skin removed. Where products are tested with skins-in-place, this condition shall be noted in the test report.

NOTE 2—Type III has been deleted because it is no longer available.

NOTE 3—In addition to the thermal resistance values in Table 1, values at mean temperatures of $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$ ($-4 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$), $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$ ($4 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$), and $110 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$ ($43 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$) are provided in X1.8 for information purposes.

NOTE 4—For Type XIII, in addition to the Thermal resistance property requirements shown in Table 1, there are Apparent Thermal Conductivity property values shown for informational purposes in Table X1.2 of Appendix X1.

NOTE 5—Values quoted are maximum values for 1.00 in. (25.4 mm) thick samples with natural skins intact. Lower values will result for thicker materials. Where water vapor permeance is a design issue, consult manufacturer.

NOTE 6—The values for thermal resistance listed in this table may be determined on product at a thickness other than 1 in. (25.4 mm) in accordance with 7.2.2.1. When tested at a thickness other than 1 in. (25.4 mm), the thermal resistance per inch shall meet the minimum requirement.

NOTE 7—Types XI, I, VIII, II, IX, XIV and XV are typically EPS insulation. Types XII, X, XIII, IV, VI, VII and V are typically XPS insulation.

Classification	Type XI	Type I	Type VIII	Type II	Type IX	Type XIV	Type XV	Type XII	Type X	Type XIII	Type IV	Type VI	Type VII	Type V
Compressive resistance at yield or 10 % deformation, whichever occurs first (with skins intact), min, psi (kPa)	5.0 (35)	10.0 (69)	13.0 (90)	15.0 (104)	25.0 (173)	40.0 (276)	60.0 (414)	15.0 (104)	15.0 (104)	20.0 (138)	25.0 (173)	40.0 (276)	60.0 (414)	100.0 (690)
Thermal resistance of 1.00-in. (25.4-mm) thickness, min, $\text{F}\cdot\text{ft}^2\cdot\text{h}/\text{Btu}$ ($\text{K}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{W}$)	3.1 (0.55)	3.6 (0.63)	3.8 (0.67)	4.0 (0.70)	4.2 (0.74)	4.2 (0.74)	4.3 (0.76)	4.6 (0.81)	5.0 (0.88)	3.9 (0.68)	5.0 (0.88)	5.0 (0.88)	5.0 (0.88)	5.0 (0.88)
Mean temperature: $75 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$ ($24 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$)														
Flexural strength, min, psi (kPa)	10.0 (70)	25.0 (173)	30.0 (208)	35.0 (240)	50.0 (345)	60.0 (414)	75.0 (517)	40.0 (276)	40.0 (276)	45.0 (310)	50.0 (345)	60.0 (414)	75.0 (517)	100.0 (690)
Water vapor permeance of 1.00-in. (25.4-mm) thickness (See Note 5.), max, perm ($\text{ng}/\text{Pa}\cdot\text{s}\cdot\text{m}^2$)	5.0 (287)	5.0 (287)	3.5 (201)	3.5 (201)	2.5 (143)	2.5 (143)	2.5 (143)	1.5 (86)	1.5 (86)	1.5 (86)	1.5 (86)	1.1 (63)	1.1 (63)	1.1 (63)
Water absorption by total immersion, max, volume %	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.3	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Dimensional stability (change in dimensions), max,%	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Oxygen index, min, volume %	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
Density, min, lb/ft^3 (kg/m^3)	0.70 (12)	0.90 (15)	1.15 (18)	1.35 (22)	1.80 (29)	2.40 (38)	3.00 (48)	1.20 (19)	1.30 (21)	1.60 (26)	1.45 (23)	1.80 (29)	2.20 (35)	3.00 (48)

TABLE 2 Common Dimensions of RCPS Thermal Insulation

Type	XI, I, VIII, II, IX, XIV, XV	X, IV, XII	VI, VII	V	XIII
Width, in. (mm)	12 to 48 (305 to 1219)	16, 24, 48 (406, 610, 1219)	24 (610)	16 (406)	14 to 20 (356 to 508)
Length, in. (mm)	48 to 192 (1219 to 4877)	48, 96 108 (1219, 2438, 2743)	48, 96, (1219, 2438)	96 (2438)	36 to 112 (914 to 2845)
Thickness, in. (mm)	$\frac{3}{8}$ to 24 (9.5 to 610)	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 (13 to 102)	1 to 4 (25 to 102)	1 to 4 (25 to 102)	7 to 10 (178 to 254)

NOTE 2—For lots of 150 units or less, the tightened inspection sampling plan in Practice C390 will be followed.

7.2 Qualification Requirements:

7.2.1 The physical properties listed in this section of the specification are defined as qualification requirements (refer to Practice C390). Thermal resistance, compressive resistance, flexural strength, water vapor permeance, water absorption, dimensional stability, and oxygen index shall be in accordance with Table 1. The average test value based upon testing the

number of test specimens required by the specified test method for each physical property or Section 11 of this specification shall be used to determine compliance.

7.2.2 The mean thermal resistance of the material tested shall not be less than the minimum value identified in Table 1. The thermal resistances of individual specimens tested shall not be less than 90 % of the minimum value identified in Table 1.