



Designation: **C1329/C1329M – 12 C1329/C1329M – 15**

## Standard Specification for Mortar Cement<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1329/C1329M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers three types of mortar cement for use where mortar for masonry is required.

1.2 *Units*—The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. Values in SI units shall be obtained by measurement in SI units or by appropriate conversion, using the Rules for Conversion and Rounding given in Standard **IEEE/ASTM SI 10**, of measurements made in other units. Values are stated in only SI units when inch-pound units are not used in practice.

1.3 The text of this standard refers to notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.

1.4 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to Section 16. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. (Warning—Fresh hydraulic cementitious mixtures are caustic and may cause chemical burns to skin and tissue upon prolonged exposure.<sup>2</sup>)*

### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:<sup>3</sup>

**C91** Specification for Masonry Cement

**C109/C109M** Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens)

**C151** Test Method for Autoclave Expansion of Hydraulic Cement

**C183** Practice for Sampling and the Amount of Testing of Hydraulic Cement

**C185** Test Method for Air Content of Hydraulic Cement Mortar

**C187** Test Method for Amount of Water Required for Normal Consistency of Hydraulic Cement Paste

**C188** Test Method for Density of Hydraulic Cement

**C219** Terminology Relating to Hydraulic Cement

**C266** Test Method for Time of Setting of Hydraulic-Cement Paste by Gillmore Needles

**C305** Practice for Mechanical Mixing of Hydraulic Cement Pastes and Mortars of Plastic Consistency

**C430** Test Method for Fineness of Hydraulic Cement by the 45- $\mu$ m (No. 325) Sieve

**C511** Specification for Mixing Rooms, Moist Cabinets, Moist Rooms, and Water Storage Tanks Used in the Testing of Hydraulic Cements and Concretes

**C778** Specification for Sand

**C1357** Test Methods for Evaluating Masonry Bond Strength

**C1506** Test Method for Water Retention of Hydraulic Cement-Based Mortars and Plasters

**IEEE/ASTM SI 10** Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System

### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology **C219**.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard*:

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **C01** on Cement and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **C01.11** on Masonry Cement. Current edition approved April 1, 2012; June 1, 2015. Published May 2012; July 2015. Originally approved in 1996. Last previous edition approved in 2005; 2012 as **C1329 – 05-C1329/C1329M – 12**. DOI: 10.1520/C1329-C1329M-12.10.1520/C1329-C1329M-15.

<sup>2</sup> *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 04.01. See the section on Safety Precautions in the Manual of Cement Testing.

<sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3.2.1 *mortar cement*—a hydraulic cement, primarily used in masonry construction, consisting of a mixture of portland or blended hydraulic cement and plasticizing materials (such as limestone or hydrated or hydraulic lime), together with other materials introduced to enhance one or more properties such as setting time, workability, water retention, and durability.

3.2.1.1 *Discussion*—

Mortar cement is similar to masonry cement in use and function (See Specification C91). However, this specification requires lower air contents and includes a flexural bond strength requirement.

**4. Classification**

4.1 Mortar cements are classified as Type N, S, or M, according to the physical requirements prescribed in Table 1.

**5. Physical Properties**

5.1 Mortar cement shall conform to the applicable requirements prescribed in Table 1 for its classification.

**6. Sampling**

6.1 At the option of the purchaser, the cement shall be sampled and tested to verify compliance with this specification, sampling and testing shall be performed in accordance with Practice C183.

6.2 Practice C183 is not designed for manufacturing quality control and is not required for manufacturer’s certification.

**7. Temperature and Humidity**

7.1 The temperature and relative humidity of the air in the vicinity of the mixing slab and dry materials, molds, base plates, and mixing bowl shall conform to the requirements of Test Method C109/C109M.

7.2 The moist cabinet or moist room shall conform to the requirements of Specification C511.

**8. Fineness**

8.1 Determine the residue on the ~~45- $\mu$ m~~ 45  $\mu$ m (No. 325) sieve in accordance with Test Method C430.

**9. Normal Consistency**

9.1 Determine the normal consistency by the Vicat apparatus in accordance with Test Method C187.

**10. Autoclave Expansion**

10.1 Determine the autoclave expansion in accordance with Test Method C151. After molding, store the bars in the moist cabinet or room for 48 h  $\pm$  30 min before removal from the molds for measurement and testing in the autoclave. Calculate the difference in length of the test specimen before and after autoclaving to the nearest 0.01 % of the effective ~~gage~~ gauge length, and report as the autoclave expansion of the mortar cement.

**TABLE 1 Physical Requirements**

Mortar Cement Type	N	S	M
Fineness, residue on a 45 $\mu$ m (No. 325) sieve, max, %	24	24	24
Fineness, residue on a 45 $\mu$ m (No. 325) sieve, max, %	24	24	24
Autoclave expansion, max, %	1.0	1.0	1.0
Time of setting, Gillmore method:			
Initial set, minutes, not less than	120	90	90
Initial set, minutes, not more than	1000	1000	1000
Compressive strength (average of three cubes):			
<del>The compressive strength of mortar cubes, composed of 1 part cement and 3 parts blended sand (half graded standard sand and half standard 20-30 sand) by volume, prepared and tested in accordance with this specification, shall be equal to or higher than the values specified for the ages indicated below:</del>			
<del>The compressive strength of mortar cubes, composed of 1 part cement and 3 parts blended sand (half graded standard sand and half standard 20-30 sand) by volume, prepared and tested in accordance with this specification, shall be equal to or higher than the values specified for the ages indicated below:</del>			
7 days, MPa [psi]	3.5 [500]	9.0 [1300]	12.4 [1800]
<del>28 days, MPa [psi]</del>	<del>6.2 [900]</del>	<del>14.5 [2100]</del>	<del>20.0 [2900]</del>
28 days, MPa [psi]	6.2 [900]	14.5 [2100]	20.0 [2900]
Flexural bond strength			
28 days, min, MPa [psi]	0.5 [70]	0.7 [100]	0.8 [115]
Air content of mortar:			
Min, volume %	8	8	8
<del>  Max, volume %</del>	<del>17</del>	<del>15</del>	<del>15</del>
Max, volume %	21	19	19
Water retention value, min, %, of original flow	70	70	70