

Designation: E1730 - 15

Standard Specification for Rigid Foam for Use in Structural Sandwich Panel Cores¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E1730; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers rigid, closed cell, polyurethane and polyisocyanurate thermal insulation for sandwich panels used in shelter construction for exposure to ambient temperatures of -25° to 160°F (-32° to 71°C). Painted surfaces of shelters in actual field use reach temperatures of 200°F (93°C). The materials in this specification must be capable of withstanding processing, (laminating) temperatures of 230°F (110°C).
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 12, of this specification: This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

C165 Test Method for Measuring Compressive Properties of Thermal Insulations

C168 Terminology Relating to Thermal Insulation

C177 Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus

C273/C273M Test Method for Shear Properties of Sandwich Core Materials

C366/C366M Test Methods for Measurement of Thickness of Sandwich Cores

C390 Practice for Sampling and Acceptance of Thermal Insulation Lots

C518 Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus

C550 Test Method for Measuring Trueness and Squareness of Rigid Block and Board Thermal Insulation

D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics

D1621 Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics

D1622/D1622M Test Method for Apparent Density of Rigid Cellular Plastics

D1623 Test Method for Tensile and Tensile Adhesion Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics

D2126 Test Method for Response of Rigid Cellular Plastics to Thermal and Humid Aging

D2856 Test Method for Open-Cell Content of Rigid Cellular Plastics by the Air Pycnometer (Withdrawn 2006)³

E631 Terminology of Building Constructions

E1749 Terminology Relating to Rigid Wall Relocatable

2.2 Code of Federal Regulations Aeronautics and Space:⁴

14 CFR 25.853 (Federal Air Regulation 25.853) Compartment Interior (Amend. 25-72)

2.3 Federal Standard:⁵

QQ-A-250/11 Aluminum Alloy 6061-T6 Plate and Sheet 2.4 *Military Standard*:⁵

MIL STD 105 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

2.5 Other Documents:⁶

Aircraft Materials Fire Test Handbook DOT/FAA/AR-00/12 Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR) 25.853

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The terms used in this specification are defined in Terminologies C168, D883, E631, and E1749.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E06 on Performance of Buildings and is under the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E06.53 on Materials and Processes for Durable Rigidwall Relocatable Structures.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from U.S. Government Publishing Office, 732 N. Capitol St., NW, Washington, DC 20401-0001, http://www.gpo.gov.

⁵ Available from DLA Document Services, Building 4/D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, http://quicksearch.dla.mil.

⁶ Available from National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), 100 Bureau Dr., Stop 1070, Gaithersburg, MD 20899-1070, http://www.nist.gov.

4. Classification

- 4.1 The unfaced foam thermal insulation boards covered by this specification are classified as follows:
 - 4.1.1 *Type 1*—Nominal density: 2.0 lb/ft³ (32 kg/m³).
 - 4.1.2 *Type* 2—Nominal density: 3.0 lb/ft³ (48 kg/m³).
 - 4.1.3 Type 3—Nominal density: 4.0 lb/ft³ (64 kg/m³).
 - 4.1.4 Type 4—Nominal density: 12.0 lb/ft³ (192 kg/m³).

5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for materials purchased under this specification shall include the following:
 - 5.1.1 Designation of this specification,
 - 5.1.2 Product name and type, or both,
 - 5.1.3 Dimensions and tolerances,
 - 5.1.4 Impact resistance test specimen preparation,
 - 5.1.5 Material marking requirements, and
 - 5.1.6 Packaging requirements.

6. Foam

6.1 The morphology of the insulation shall consist of a multitude of individual cells of uniform size and dimension, essentially closed off from each other, homogeneous throughout, free of voids, accumulations of unexpanded material, foreign inclusions, or seams (see Table 1).

7. Dimensions and Tolerances

7.1 The dimensions, squareness, and tolerances shall be specified by the purchaser.

8. Qualification

- 8.1 When required by the purchaser, materials supplied under this specification must be tested for and meet the properties listed in Table 2. Having a qualified product does not obviate the supplier from continued, ongoing product compliance with all requirements to this specification.
- 8.2 In addition to meeting the requirements of the tests stipulated in Table 2 as manufactured, the compressive, tensile, and shear properties must also meet these requirements after having been preconditioned for 4 h at 230°F (110°C), and allowed to equilibrate in accordance with 11.2.
- 8.3 Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, qualified materials remain qualified as long as there are no changes in product formulation, critical raw materials, that is, isocyanates and polyols, basic methods of manufacture, or plant location.

TABLE 1 Classification of Characteristics

Characteristic	Major	Minor	Method of Inspection
Length, width, and thickness	Х		9.4.3
Edge squareness	X		9.4.3
Holes through board exceeding 40 mm ² for each 0.0625 in. ² (92900 mm ² for each square foot) of area	Х		9.4.2
Crushed foam	X		9.4.2
Voids larger than 0.0625 in.2 (40 mm)	X		9.4.2
Unexpanded material		Χ	9.4.2
Foreign inclusions		X	9.4.2
Contaminants		Χ	9.4.2
Seams	X		9.4.5

9. Acceptance

- 9.1 Lot Size for Acceptance Testing—For the purpose of acceptance testing a lot is defined as a single, identifiable, production run using raw materials from a single batch.
- 9.2 Acceptance Testing (Physical Properties)—A representative sample shall be selected from each foam lot and tested for the following physical properties:

Property	Requirement	Method
Density	Table 2	12.1
Compressive strength	Table 2	12.3
Shear strength	Table 2	12.5
Flame resistance	Table 2	12.8

- 9.3 Sampling for Acceptance (Examination):
- 9.3.1 Samples for quality conformance examination shall be selected in accordance with Inspection Level II of MIL STD 105.
- 9.3.2 When the conditions for reduced inspection specified in MIL STD 105 have been complied with, a reduced sampling in lieu of full sampling shall be instituted. Sampling for reduced inspection shall be in accordance with Practice C390 (Inspection Level S-2 of MIL STD 105).
 - 9.4 Examination:
- 9.4.1 Samples selected in accordance with 9.3 shall be examined for characteristics listed in Table 1.
- 9.4.2 Visual examination shall consist of scanning for surface characteristics.
- 9.4.3 Dimensional measurements shall be made with calipers, rules, and tape rules as appropriate to the specified tolerances. In cases of dispute or when specifically invoked by the purchaser, the methodology and procedures of Test Methods C366/C366M or Test Method C550 shall be utilized.
- 9.4.4 The Acceptable Quality Level (AQL) for major characteristics shall be 1.0~% and for minor characteristics shall be 2.5~%.
- 9.4.5 Seams (see Table 1) are defined as: a plane of undermixed material, or a fold which developed within the rising foam mass that reduces the tensile strength of the foam. When viewed normal to a cut sheet, a seam appears as a line on the foam surface. This condition must be differentiated from simple discoloration (arising from the same causes but not as pronounced) that have no appreciable effect on foam strength. This condition shall be evaluated by taking a sample, (not to exceed 2 in. (51 mm) thick) from the sheet and bending it over a 12 in. (305 mm) cylinder to failure. If the failure plane follows the discontinuity then the discontinuity shall be considered a seam.

10. Physical Property Requirements

10.1 The rigid, cellular polyurethane or polyisocyanurate foam shall have limiting property values as shown in Table 2.

11. Test Preconditioning

- 11.1 A period of at least 72 h must elapse from the time of foam manufacture until the cutting of any test specimens.
- 11.2 Unless otherwise specified, by the purchaser, the test specimens shall be conditioned at 75 \pm 9°F (24 \pm 2°C) and at relative humidity of less than 60 % for at least 12 h prior to testing.