



Designation: F2329/F2329M – 15

# Standard Specification for Zinc Coating, Hot-Dip, Requirements for Application to Carbon and Alloy Steel Bolts, Screws, Washers, Nuts, and Special Threaded Fasteners<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2329/F2329M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

## 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for hot-dip zinc coating applied to carbon steel and alloy steel bolts, screws, washers, nuts, and special threaded fasteners. It also provides for minor coating repairs. Nails and rivets are not included in this specification.

1.2 It is intended to be applicable to fasteners that are centrifuged or otherwise handled to remove excess galvanizing bath metal (free zinc).

1.3 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

[A153/A153M Specification for Zinc Coating \(Hot-Dip\) on Iron and Steel Hardware](#)

[A394 Specification for Steel Transmission Tower Bolts, Zinc-Coated and Bare](#)

[A563 Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts \(Metric\) A0563\\_A0563M](#)

[A563M Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Nuts \(Met-](#)

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.03 on Coatings on Fasteners.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

ric) (Withdrawn 2021)<sup>3</sup>

[A780/A780M Practice for Repair of Damaged and Uncoated Areas of Hot-Dip Galvanized Coatings](#)

[B487 Test Method for Measurement of Metal and Oxide Coating Thickness by Microscopical Examination of Cross Section](#)

[E376 Practice for Measuring Coating Thickness by Magnetic-Field or Eddy Current \(Electromagnetic\) Testing Methods](#)

[F606/F606M Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, Direct Tension Indicators, and Rivets](#)

[F1470 Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection](#)

[F1789 Terminology for F16 Mechanical Fasteners](#)

## 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 Terms used in this specification are defined in Terminology [F1789](#) unless otherwise defined in this specification.

3.1.2 *batch lot*—quantity of identical parts cleaned, pickled, fluxed, and galvanized together at one time in a galvanizing basket.

3.1.3 *galvanizing*—hot-dip zinc coating.

3.1.4 *high temperature galvanizing*—galvanizing process carried out in a ceramic vessel (kettle) at an approximate temperature ranging between 990°F and 1040°F [530°C and 560°C].

3.1.5 *hot-dip zinc coating of mechanical fasteners*—process whereby fasteners are zinc coated by immersion in a bath of molten zinc, resulting in the formation of the iron/zinc alloy coating and a zinc coating at the surface of the fastener. This process involves the removal of excess zinc by spinning the parts in a centrifuge, or brushing the threaded portion, or handling otherwise to remove the excess zinc.

3.1.6 *production lot*—batches of parts originating from the same manufacturing lot, processed continuously through

<sup>3</sup> The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org).

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

cleaning, pickling, fluxing, dipping in molten zinc and spun in a centrifuge, or other means, without any significant change in time, temperature, and concentration of the constituents of the process.

3.1.7 *stress relief*—process of heating parts for a definite time at a given temperature in order to relieve stress induced by work hardening.

#### 4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for zinc coating of fasteners to this specification shall include the following:

- 4.1.1 Name of product (that is bolt, stud, nut, washers, or other);
- 4.1.2 ASTM designation and year of issue, including fastener specification number;
- 4.1.3 Hydrogen embrittlement relief treatment, as required by the purchaser (see, 7.2.3);
- 4.1.4 Quantity of fasteners to be hot-dip zinc coated;
- 4.1.5 Stress relief or tempering temperature to which the fasteners were subjected, if applicable;
- 4.1.6 Secondary processing such as chromating, phosphating, or lubrication, if applicable;
- 4.1.7 Average galvanizing temperature to which fasteners will be subjected, if required by the purchaser (see 7.2.2);
- 4.1.8 Specify baking if required (see 7.2.3); and
- 4.1.9 Certification, if required (see 14.1).
- 4.1.10 Supplementary Requirements (See S1).

#### 5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 *Condition of the As-Received Fasteners*—The fasteners as received by the galvanizer shall be free from contaminants that are not readily removed in the cleaning process and would adversely affect the galvanizing.

5.2 *Process*—Unless otherwise covered in this specification, all processing parameters shall be in accordance with the requirements of Specification A153/A153M.

5.2.1 *Process Control*—Galvanized fasteners subjected to a process control plan based upon batch lot level shall comply with the batch lot sampling plan in Table 1, and the sampling plan for production lot (prevention process) as determined in 10.2.2 shall be applied.

5.3 *Spinning and Quenching*:

5.3.1 Parts shall be spun immediately following removal from the galvanizing bath and quenched in water. In addition, small parts shall be air cooled, as needed, in order to prevent the formation of zinc oxide.

5.3.2 Parts, which cannot be spun shall be brushed or handled otherwise to remove the excess zinc.

#### 5.4 Alteration of Threaded Fasteners:

5.4.1 Fasteners that have been hot-dip galvanized shall not be further altered (such as subjected to a cutting, rolling, or finishing-tool operation) by the galvanizer unless specifically authorized in writing by the purchaser.

5.4.2 Hot-dip galvanizing of externally threaded fasteners shall meet the thread fitting requirements of the specified product standard or specific allowance as determined by the customer.

NOTE 1—The scope of this specification does not cover the requirements regarding the overtapping of galvanized nuts. These requirements are established by the applicable product standard, such as Specification A563, Specification A563M (or others), or in writing by the purchaser, if needed.

#### 5.5 Secondary Processing:

5.5.1 When requested by the purchaser, treatments such as chromating or phosphating shall be applied to reduce the possibility of wet storage staining (white corrosion) or to assist subsequent painting.

5.5.2 When specified on the purchase order, the nuts, bolts, or screws shall be lubricated to enhance assembly.

5.6 *Touch-up and Repair*—Bare, cut, or damaged spots found on fasteners after galvanizing, totaling less than 1% of the coated surface area, may be repaired with paints containing zinc dust. Such paints shall have zinc-dust concentrations of 65 to 69% or concentrations above 92% in the dried film. The repairing party shall select the paint and follow its application instructions. The applied coating shall provide barrier protection, and preferably be anodic to steel. Thickness measurements of repaired areas shall not be required.

NOTE 2—Experience shows that, in general, organic zinc-rich systems are tolerant of marginal surface preparation and are not critical of climatic or atmospheric conditions for curing. Corrosion resistance and service performance are very dependent on the properties of the paint system, the extent of surface preparation, and the skills of individual applicators. See Practice A780/A780M.

#### 6. Chemical Composition of Zinc

6.1 Unless otherwise specified in the product standard, the zinc used for the coating shall conform to the requirements of the section on Zinc of Specification A153/A153M.

#### 7. Safeguards Against Alteration of Fasteners Mechanical Properties

7.1 *Stress Relief*—Fasteners subjected to severe work hardening shall be stress-relieved by the fastener manufacturer prior to hot-dip zinc coating (galvanizing).

#### 7.2 Hot-Dip Zinc Coating:

##### 7.2.1 Effect of Temperature on Mechanical Properties:

7.2.1.1 Galvanizing carried out at a temperature above 800°F [425°C] can adversely affect the final mechanical properties of the fasteners. Therefore, the supplier of the

**TABLE 1 Process Control of Batch Lot<sup>A</sup> Sampling Plan**

Batch Lot Size	Sample Size <sup>B</sup>		
	Average Coating Thickness <sup>C</sup>	Adhesion	Appearance <sup>D</sup>
5 to 25	1	1	1
26 to 50	1	1	2
51 to 150	2	1	2
151 and over	2	2	2

<sup>A</sup> The acceptance criterion in all cases is zero defects.

<sup>B</sup> The sample size is the number of specimen(s) required to be tested/inspected to the applicable criteria.

<sup>C</sup> Frequency of coating thickness measurements: one set of specimen(s) for every five batch lots. For test method, see 11.1.

<sup>D</sup> Visual inspection for conformance.