



Designation: **F2435 – 12 F2435 – 15**

Standard Specification for Steel Reinforced Polyethylene (PE) Corrugated Pipe¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2435; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

1. ~~Scope~~ Scope*

1.1 This specification covers requirements and test methods for materials, dimensions, workmanship, elongation, impact resistance, pipe stiffness, perforations, and markings for steel reinforced corrugated polyethylene (PE) piping systems of nominal sizes 8 in. (200 mm), through 80 in. (2000 mm). The steel reinforced polyethylene pipes governed by this standard are intended for use in underground applications where soil provides support for their flexible walls. ~~These pipes will be used to collect or convey stormwater runoff for~~ The steel reinforced polyethylene corrugated pipes governed by this standard are intended for use in non-pressure applications for sanitary sewers, storm sewers and drainage pipes, or both pipes.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 There is no similar or equivalent ISO standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²

A591/A591M Specification for Steel Sheet, Electrolytic Zinc-Coated, for Light Coating Weight [Mass] Applications (Withdrawn 2005)³

A653/A653M Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process

A1008/A1008M Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable

D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing

D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

D2321 Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications

D2412 Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading

D3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals

D3350 Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Pipe and Fittings Materials

F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

F449 Practice for Subsurface Installation of Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe for Agricultural Drainage or Water Table Control

F477 Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe

F2136 Test Method for Notched, Constant Ligament-Stress (NCLS) Test to Determine Slow-Crack-Growth Resistance of HDPE Resins or HDPE Corrugated Pipe

2.2 *AASHTO Standard*⁴

Standard Specification for Highway Bridges, Division II, Section 30, "Metal Culverts."

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.11 on Composite. Current edition approved July 1, 2012; June 1, 2015. Published August 2012; September 2015. Originally approved in 2005. Last previous edition approved in 2007 as F2435-07-12. DOI: 10.1520/F2435-12.10.1520/F2435-15.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 444 N. Capitol St., NW, Suite 249, Washington, DC 20001. <http://www.transportation.org>

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

- 2.3 Federal Standards:⁵
 Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)
- 2.4 Military Standards:⁵
 MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions used in this specification are in accordance with Terminology F412, unless otherwise noted.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *double-wall steel reinforced polyethylene corrugated pipe, n*—polyethylene corrugated pipe with steel reinforcing helical V-shaped profile encapsulated within the corrugations and with a closed channel on the inside of the pipe (See Fig. 2).

3.2.2 *single-wall steel reinforced polyethylene corrugated pipe, n*—polyethylene corrugated pipe with steel reinforcing helical V-shaped profile encapsulated within the corrugations and with an open channel on the inside of the pipe (See Fig. 1).

3.2.3 *triple-wall, adj*—polyethylene corrugated pipe with steel reinforcing profiles either helical V-shaped profiles or U-shaped profiles encapsulated within the corrugations and with steel reinforcing helical flat profiles encapsulated within the exterior polyethylene layer and with a closed channel (polyethylene layer) on the inside of the pipe (See Fig. 3 and Fig. 4).

3.2.4 *Steel Reinforced Polyethylene Corrugated Pipe (SRPCP), n*—single wall, double wall or triple wall, helical (spiral) corrugated pipe with steel reinforcing ribs, either V-shaped or U-shaped, encapsulated within polyethylene.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Steel reinforced corrugated PE pipes are used for underground applications where soil provides support to their flexible walls. Their major use is to collect or convey storm water run-off for sewers and drains, or both.

4.2 Exclusions from recommended use:

4.2.1 Permanent exposure to sunlight and exposure to chemicals whose compatibility with the pipe and fittings is not known.

5. Materials

5.1 *Polyethylene Materials:*

iteh Standards
 (https://standards.iteh.ai)
 Preview

⁵ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098; DLA Document Services Building 4/D 700 Robbins Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094 <http://quicksearch.dla.mil/>

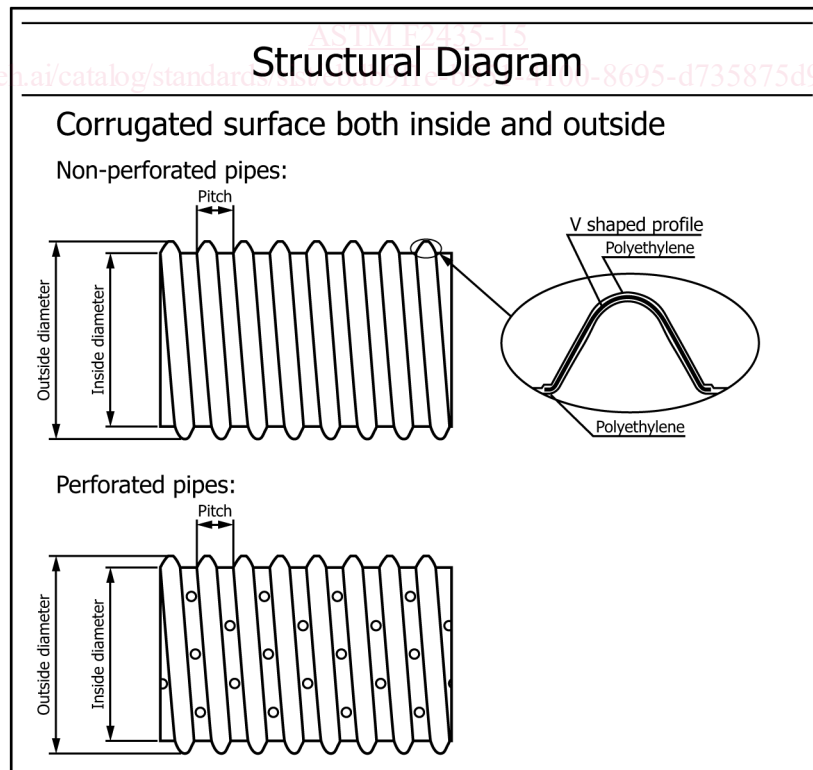


FIG. 1 Single-Wall Steel Reinforced Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe – Types I, III and IV

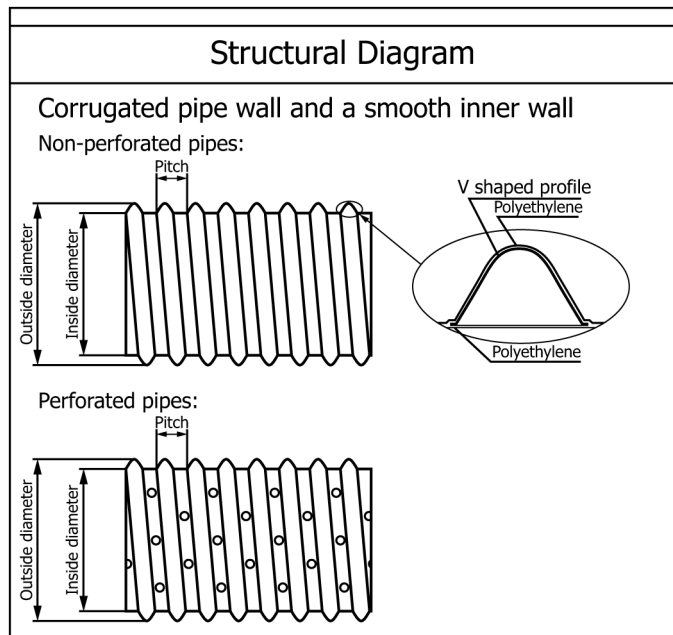


FIG. 2 Double-Wall Steel Reinforced Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe – Types I, III and IV

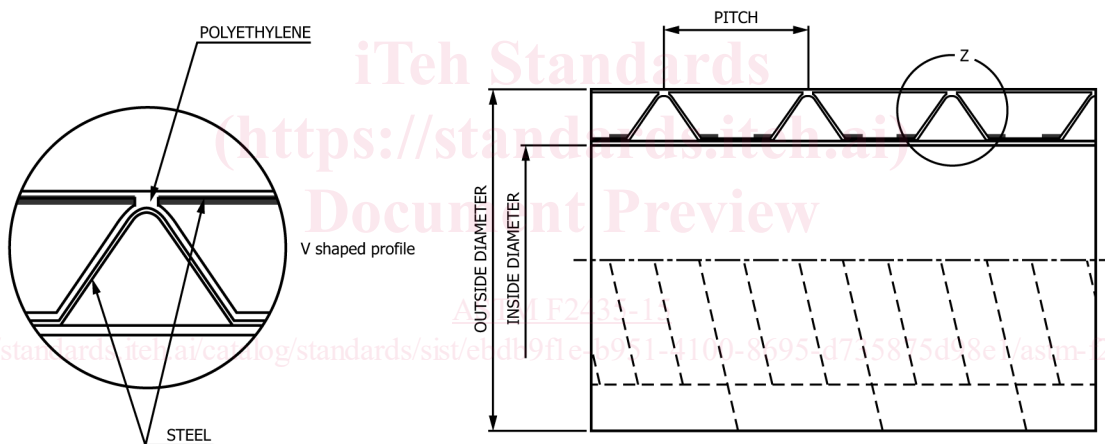


FIG. 3 Triple-Wall Steel Reinforced Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe – Type IIA

5.1.1 Polyethylene compounds used in the manufacture of steel reinforced corrugated PE drainage pipe shall meet or exceed the requirements of cell classification of 333430C as defined and described in Specification D3350.

5.1.2 Slow crack growth resistance of the polyethylene compound shall be determined by testing in accordance with Test Method F2136. The applied stress shall be 600 psi (4100 kPa). The test specimens must exceed 41 h with no failures. Testing shall be done on polyethylene material taken from the finished pipe.

5.1.3 *Carbon Black Content*—Minimum 2.0 wt. % to a maximum 3.0 wt. % of the total of the polyethylene compound.

5.2 *Steel Materials:*

5.2.1 The minimum thickness of the steel sheet shall be as listed in Tables 1-4. The steel substrate shall conform to Specification A1008/A1008M or A653/A653M, and the minimum yield strength of the steel sheet shall not be less than 24.66 ksi (170 MPa). The zinc-galvanized coating shall have a minimum zinc coating designation of 20Z (intermediate coating) as defined in Specification A591/A591M.

5.2.2 *Steel Material Content*—Maximum 75% ($\pm 2\%$) of the total weight of the pipe. The steel material is fully encapsulated by the polyethylene material with a minimum thickness of the polyethylene at its thinnest point of 0.012 in. (0.3 mm).

5.3 *Rework Material*—Rework material is not to be used in the manufacture of this product.

5.4 *Gaskets*—Elastomeric gaskets shall comply with the requirements specified in Specification F477.

5.5 *Lubricant*—The lubricant used for assembly of gasketed joints shall have no detrimental effect on the gasket or on the pipe.

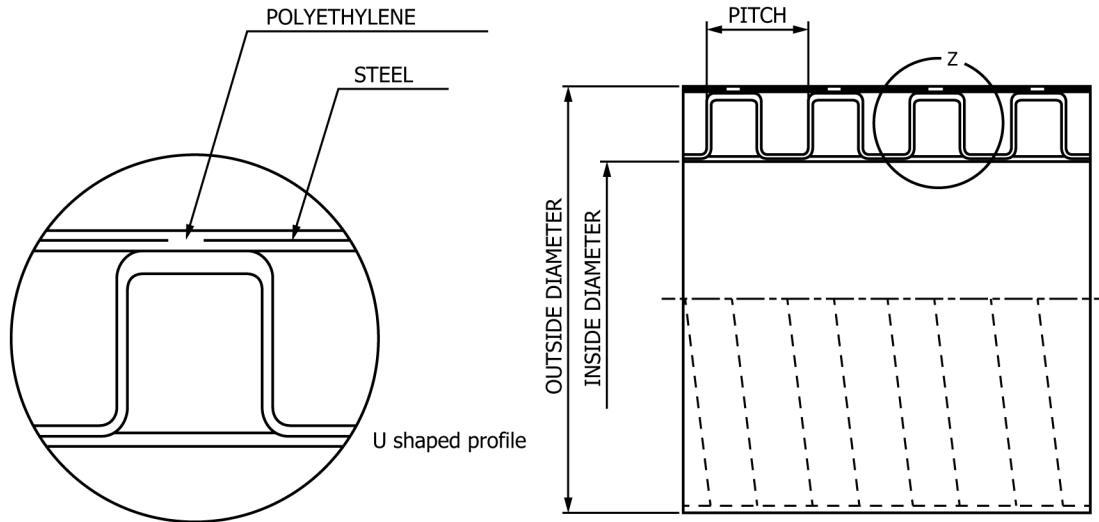


FIG. 4 Triple-Wall Steel Reinforced Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe – Type IIB

TABLE 1 Dimensions and Pipe Stiffness for Single-Wall Pipe and Double-Wall Pipe – Type I (V-shaped profile)

Nominal Size		Inside Diameter		Outside Diameter		Pitch		Waterway Wall Thickness (min)		Minimum Steel Thickness		Minimum Pipe Stiffness	
inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	psi	MPa
8	200	8.0	203	9.1	231.1	2.16	54.9	0.13	3.3	0.0118	0.30	58	0.40
10	250	10.0	254	10.95	278.1	2.16	54.9	0.13	3.3	0.0118	0.30	58	0.40
12	300	12.0	305	13.12	333.2	2.16	54.9	0.13	3.3	0.0118	0.30	58	0.40
18	450	18.0	457	19.58	497.3	2.63	66.8	0.165	4.2	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
24	600	24.0	610	26.56	674.6	3.42	86.9	0.165	4.2	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
28	700	28.0	711	30.85	783.6	3.85	97.8	0.204	5.2	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
32	800	32.0	813	35.11	891.8	4.25	108.0	0.212	5.4	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
36	900	36.0	914	39.4	1000.8	4.88	124.0	0.272	6.9	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
40	1000	40.0	1016	47.2	1198.9	6.69	169.9	0.382	9.7	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
45	1125	44.0	1118	51.73	1313.9	7.48	190.0	0.402	10.2	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
48	1200	48.0	1219	56.42	1432.1	8.07	205.0	0.425	10.8	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
54	1375	54.0	1372	63.12	1603.2	8.85	224.8	0.449	11.4	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
61	1525	61.0	1524	70.41	1788.4	9.25	235.0	0.469	11.9	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
67	1675	67.0	1676	76.4	1940.6	9.25	235.0	0.492	12.5	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
73	1825	73.0	1829	82.98	2107.7	9.25	235.0	0.512	13.0	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40
80	2000	80.0	2032	91.25	2317.8	9.25	235.0	0.512	13.0	0.0157	0.40	58	0.40

NOTE 1—The purpose of the HDPE encapsulation of the steel is to attain bonding between the steel and PE to form a composite structure. The PE encapsulation is not for protecting the steel from corrosion damage. The minimum PE thickness of 0.012 in. at the thinnest point still maintains the bond between the steel and PE. The pipe is designed to combine pipe stiffness and buckling performance. The thickness of the HDPE encapsulation does not affect product performance.

6. Requirements

6.1 *Workmanship*—The inside and outside surfaces of the pipe shall be semi-matte or glossy in appearance and free of chalking, sticky, or tacky materials. The pipe wall shall not have cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions or other defects that are visible to the naked eye and that can affect the wall integrity or the bonding to the steel reinforcement. Holes deliberately placed in perforated pipe are permitted. The surface shall be free of bloom.

6.2 Pipe Dimensions and Tolerances:

6.2.1 Pipe Dimensions (for both perforated and non-perforated pipe) shall comply with Table 1, Table 3, and Table 4 for single-wall and double-wall pipe and Table 2 for triple-wall pipe, when measured in accordance with Test Method D2122.

6.2.2 *Inside Diameter*—The tolerance on the nominal inside diameter shall be $\pm 2.0\%$, when measured in accordance with section 8.3.

6.2.3 *Outside Diameter*—The tolerance on the nominal outside diameter shall be $\pm 2.0\%$, when measured in accordance with section 8.4.

6.2.4 *Wall Thickness*—The tolerance of the minimum wall thickness of the waterway of the pipe (see Tables 1-4) shall be $+35\%$ when measured in accordance with 8.5.

6.2.5 *Length*—The pipe shall be sold in any length agreeable to the user. Length shall not be less than 99% of the specified length when measured in accordance with section 8.6.