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Designation: C28/C28M - 10 (Reapproved 2015)

Standard Specification for Gypsum Plasters¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C28/C28M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (\$\epsilon\$) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers gypsum mill-mixed plaster, gypsum neat plaster, gypsum wood-fibered plaster, and gypsum gauging plaster.

Note 1—Specification C842 contains application procedures for interior gypsum plaster.

- 1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. This paragraph does not apply to the appendix.
- 1.3 The text of this standard references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents (https://grande

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- C11 Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems
- C22/C22M Specification for Gypsum
- C35 Specification for Inorganic Aggregates for Use in Gypsum Plaster
- C471M Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Gypsum and Gypsum Products (Metric)
- C472 Test Methods for Physical Testing of Gypsum, Gypsum Plasters and Gypsum Concrete
- C778 Specification for Sand og/standards/sist/5768a469-bba1-4c2f-8379-e968e136c20
- C842 Specification for Application of Interior Gypsum Plaster
- E11 Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves

3. Terminology

- 3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions shall be in accordance with Terminology C11.
- 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 gypsum gauging plaster for finish coat, n—a calcined gypsum plaster designed to be mixed with lime putty for the finish coat.
- 3.2.2 gypsum neat plaster, n—calcined gypsum mixed at the mill with other ingredients to control working quality and setting time.

3.2.2.1 Discussion—

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C11 on Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C11.01 on Specifications and Test Methods for Gypsum Products.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

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Neat plaster is either fibered or unfibered. The addition of aggregate is required on the job.

3.2.3 gypsum mill-mixed plaster, n—calcined gypsum plaster, mixed at the mill with a mineral aggregate, designed to function as a base coat to receive various finish coats.

3.2.3.1 Discussion—

Other materials are not prohibited from being added to control setting time and other desirable working properties.

3.2.4 gypsum wood-fibered plaster, n—a calcined gypsum plaster in which wood fiber is used as an aggregate.

4. Materials

- 4.1 Calcined Gypsum—Calcined gypsum shall be manufactured from gypsum meeting the requirements of Specification C22/C22M.
 - 4.2 Vermiculite Aggregate, Specification C35.
 - 4.3 Perlite Aggregate, Specification C35.
 - 4.4 Sand Aggregate, Specification C35.
 - 4.5 Ottawa Sand, Specification C778 for 20–30 sand.
 - 4.6 Wood Fiber, non staining wood fiber.

5. Composition

- 5.1 When tested in accordance with Test Methods C471M, calcined gypsum shall contain no less than 66.0 weight % CaSO₄· $\frac{1}{2}$ H₂O.
 - 5.2 Aggregate—plasters shall contain a volume of aggregate not more than that shown in Table 1.

Note 2—An approximation of the aggregate content may be made by using the test methods in the appendix. A more accurate method for determining sand in plaster is described in Test Methods C471M. Test Methods C471M requires that the original sand and plaster components be available separately.

6. Mechanical Properties

- 6.1 Compressive Strength—When tested in accordance with Test Methods C472 the compressive strength shall be as specified in Table 1.
- 6.2 Setting Time—When tested in accordance with Test Methods C472 using the Vicat method, the setting time shall be as specified in Table 1.
- NOTE 3—Setting Time—Attention is directed to conditions affecting job set of gypsum plasters that are usually beyond the control of the producer. Materials added at the site of application such as water and aggregates affect job sets. In addition, the various bases with different absorptive values may affect job performance. The plaster may be retarded to provide a setting time of not more than 4 h. Setting times more than 2 h may result in lower compressive strengths.
- 6.3 Fineness of Gauging Plaster for Finish Coat—When tested in accordance with Test Method C472 100 % shall pass a No. 14 [1.4 mm] sieve and not less than 60 % shall pass a No. 100 [150 µm] sieve.³

TABLE 1 Composition and Physical Properties

Product	Aggregate Type	Composition, Aggregate per 100 lb of Plaster, not more than		Setting Time ^A	Compressive Strength ^B not less than	
		ft ³	m ³	hours	psi	MPa
Mill-Mixed Plaster over Lath Base	Vermiculite	2	0.057	1½ to 8	450	3.1
	Perlite	2	0.057	1½ to 8	600	4.1
	Sand	2.5	0.071	1½ to 8	700	4.8
Mill-Mixed Plaster over Masonry	Vermiculite	3	0.085	1½ to 8	325	2.2
	Perlite	3	0.085	1½ to 8	400	2.8
	Sand	3	0.085	1½ to 8	400	2.8
Neat Plaster	none			2 to 16 ^C	750 ^D	5.2
Wood Fibered Plaster	none			1½ to 8	1200	8.3
Gauging Plaster	none			E	1200	8.3

^A Setting time shall be not less than the shorter time shown nor more than the longer time shown.

³ Detailed requirements for these sieves are given in Specification E11.

^B Compressive strengths are as tested at the setting times specified in Test Methods C472.

^C When mixed with 3 parts by weight of Ottawa sand.

^D When mixed with 2 parts by weight of Ottawa sand.

E When not retarded, the setting time shall be not less than 20 nor more than 40 minutes and, when retarded, not less than 40 minutes.

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7. Sampling

7.1 At least 1 % of the packages, but not less than 5 packages, shall be sampled. Packages to be sampled shall be selected at random. Samples shall be taken both from the outer portion and the center of each package. The materials so obtained shall be thoroughly mixed to provide a composite sample of not less than 7 lb [3.2 kg]. This composite sample shall be placed immediately in a clean, dry, airtight container for delivery to the laboratory.

8. Packaging and Package Marking

- 8.1 Gypsum plasters shall be dry and free of lumps, and shall be shipped in packages.
- 8.2 When shipped for resale, the following information shall be legibly marked on each package or on a tag of suitable size attached to the package:
 - 8.2.1 Name of manufacturer or seller,
 - 8.2.2 Brand name, if any, and
 - 8.2.3 Net weight of the package.

9. Inspection

9.1 Inspection of the gypsum plaster shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier as part of the purchase agreement.

10. Rejection

10.1 Rejection of gypsum plaster that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification shall be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. The notice of rejection shall contain a statement documenting requirements of this specification.

11. Certification

11.1 When specified in the purchase agreement, a manufacturer's or supplier's report shall be furnished at the time of shipment certifying that the product is in compliance with this specification.

12. Keywords

12.1 aggregate; gauging plaster; gypsum plaster; mill-mixed plaster; neat plaster; plaster; wood fibered plaster

APPENDIX

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist (Nonmandatory Information) 79-e968e136c209/astm-c28-c28m-102015

X1. DETERMINATION OF AGGREGATE CONTENT OF MILL-MIXED PLASTER

INTRODUCTION

The determination of the aggregate content of mill-mixed plaster is normally not precise. Most gypsum plasters contain natural impurities that cannot be separated from the aggregate by either mechanical or chemical means. A better estimate can be made by obtaining the approximate purity of the gypsum plaster used in the product from the manufacturer.

An accurate method for determining sand in set plaster is contained in Test Methods C471M. Separate specimens of the sand and gypsum plaster used in the mill-mixed plaster are required for Test Methods C471M.

X1.1 Scope

X1.1.1 This appendix covers mechanical and chemical test methods for separating the aggregate from gypsum plaster.

X1.2 Mechanical Separation

X1.2.1 Significance and Use: