



Designation: **C121/C121M—09^{e1} C121/C121M – 15**

Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Slate¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C121/C121M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

^{e1} NOTE—In 8.3, the first SI value in brackets was corrected from 0 to 20 editorially in May 2011.

INTRODUCTION

It is often desirable to gain some idea of the porosity of a material in question. Actual determinations of the pore space require the use of rather elaborate and refined equipment as well as considerable precision in carrying out the tests. For comparative purposes the absorption test affords a simple and sufficiently accurate means of obtaining the desired information. As applied to slate this test requires somewhat more care and precision than many other materials because of its dense nature and, consequently, the small quantities to be dealt with. Furthermore, the cleavage of slate—that property which permits it to be split into thin sheets of uniform thickness—must be taken into consideration when this test is made. On this account misleading results are often obtained on cubical specimens due to accidental cleavage cracks in the specimens. The shapes of specimens and larger number of specimens recommended in the following procedure are intended to eliminate to a large extent the inconsistent results which may be obtained on this material.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of the water absorption of slate.

1.2 *Units*—The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to consult and establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

[C119 Terminology Relating to Dimension Stone](#)

[C1799 Guide to Dimension Stone Test Specimen Sampling and Preparation](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—All definitions are in accordance with Terminology [C119](#).

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This test method is useful in indicating the differences in water absorption of slates. This test method also provides one element in the comparison of slates.

5. Test Specimens

5.1 The test specimens shall consist of square or rectangular slabs from $\frac{3}{16}$ to $\frac{5}{16}$ in. [5 to 8 mm] in thickness and not less than 4 in. [100 mm] on any side.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C18 on Dimension Stone and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C18.01 on Test Methods. Current edition approved April 1, 2009; Oct. 15, 2015. Published April 2009; November 2015. Originally approved in 1925 as C121-25T. Last previous edition approved in 2006 as C121-06-09^{e1}. DOI: 10.1520/C0121-C0121M-09E01-10.1520/C0121_C0121M-15.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.