



Designation: **E1348 – 11 E1348 – 15**

Standard Test Method for Transmittance and Color by Spectrophotometry Using Hemispherical Geometry¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This test method describes the instrumental measurement of the transmission properties and color of object-color specimens by the use of a spectrophotometer or spectrophotometer with a hemispherical optical measuring system, such as an integrating sphere.

1.2 This test method is generally suitable for all fully transparent specimens without regard for the specimen position relative to the transmission port of the instrument. Translucent specimens, however, must be placed flush against the transmission port of the sphere.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[D1003 Test Method for Haze and Luminous Transmittance of Transparent Plastics](#)

[D2244 Practice for Calculation of Color Tolerances and Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates](#)

[E179 Guide for Selection of Geometric Conditions for Measurement of Reflection and Transmission Properties of Materials](#)

[E284 Terminology of Appearance](#)

[E308 Practice for Computing the Colors of Objects by Using the CIE System](#)

[E805 Practice for Identification of Instrumental Methods of Color or Color-Difference Measurement of Materials](#)

[E1164 Practice for Obtaining Spectrometric Data for Object-Color Evaluation](#)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/1528e7b8-8436-4ae7-9310-a5feddeb9e90/astm-e1348-15>

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 The definitions in Guide [E179](#), Terminology [E284](#), and Practice [E1164](#) are applicable to this test method.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 This test method provides a procedure for measuring the transmittance of transmitting specimens by using a spectrophotometer or spectrophotometer equipped with a hemispherical optical measuring system such as an integrating sphere.

4.2 This test method includes procedures for calibrating the instrument and for selecting specimens suitable for precision measurement.

4.3 This test method is satisfactory for all fully transparent specimens with plane and parallel surfaces. When possible, the user should select the position of the specimen in the transmission compartment to provide either essentially total or essentially regular transmittance, depending on the end use of the measured data.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [E12](#) on Color and Appearance and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [E12.02](#) on Spectrophotometry and Colorimetry.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the [standard's](#) Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

4.4 Accurate measurement of translucent specimens requires that the specimen be placed flush against the transmission port of the integrating sphere (see Practice [E1164](#), 8.1.4).

4.5 Most modern spectrophotometers have the capacity to compute the color coordinates of the specimen during the measurement. When this is the case, the user of this test method must select the color ~~system, observer, scale, illuminant~~ and ~~illuminantobserver~~ (see the Procedure section in Practice [E308](#), Section 6).

5. Significance and Use

5.1 The most direct and accessible methods for obtaining the color coordinates of object colors are by instrumental measurement using spectrophotometers or colorimeters with either hemispherical or bidirectional optical measuring systems. This test method provides procedures for such measurement by transmittance spectrophotometry using a hemispherical optical measuring system.

5.2 This test method is especially suitable for measurement of the following types of specimens (see also Guide [E179](#) and Practice [E805](#)):

5.2.1 Fully transparent specimens (free from turbidity, haze, or translucency), and

5.2.2 Translucent or hazy specimens, provided that the specimen can be placed flush against the transmission port of the integrating sphere.

5.3 This test method is not recommended for measurement of retroreflective transparent or translucent specimens, or samples that are fluorescent.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Spectrophotometer or Spectrocolorimeter*, designed for the measurement of color coordinates of transmitting specimens by use of integrating-sphere geometry.

6.2 *Calibration Standards*, either supplied by the instrument manufacturer or obtained separately, as follows (see Practice [E1164](#), Section 10):

6.2.1 *White Tile or Pressed-Powder Reflectance Standard*, to be placed at the reflection port of the integrating sphere (mandatory).

6.2.2 *Calibration Standards*, for (1) setting or verifying zero on the photometric scale; (2) verifying the wavelength scale, and (3) evaluating stray light (optional).

6.2.3 *Verification Standards (recommended)* (see Practice [E1164](#), 10.5).

7. Test Specimen

7.1 For highest precision and accuracy, select specimens with the following properties (see Practice [E1164](#), Section 9):

7.1.1 High material uniformity and freedom from blemishes in the area to be measured, and

7.1.2 Specimens that have two essentially plane and parallel surfaces, and that have a standard thickness, if one is defined.

8. Calibration and Verification

8.1 Calibrate or verify the calibration of the following quantities (see Practice [E1164](#), Section 10):

8.1.1 Zero setting of the transmittance scale (mandatory),

8.1.2 Wavelength scale (recommended), and

8.1.3 Stray-light level (optional).

8.2 Calibrate the full-scale value of the transmittance scale of the instrument with no transmitting specimen in place and the white reflectance standard at the reflection port. Follow the instrument ~~manufacturer's~~manufacturer's instructions (mandatory).

NOTE 1—For maximum accuracy of measurement of translucent specimens, the white standard at the reflection port should have the same reflectance as that of the lining of the integrating sphere.

8.3 Verify the accuracy of the measured results by measurement of a series of verification standards (recommended) (see Practice [E1164](#), 10.5).

9. Procedure

9.1 When required, select the color ~~scales, observer, scale, illuminant~~ and ~~illuminantobserver~~ to be used in the computation of color coordinates (see the Procedure section in Practice [E308](#), Section 6).

9.2 Select settings of other options, such as wavelength range and interval, when required. Follow the instrument ~~manufacturer's~~manufacturer's instructions or specified procedures.

9.3 Handle the specimen carefully; avoid touching the area to be measured. When necessary, clean the specimen by an agreed procedure.

9.4 For the measurement of fully transparent specimens, place the specimen in the transmission compartment of the instrument.