



Designation: D3206 – 08 (Reapproved 2015)

Standard Test Method for Soil Resistance of Floor Polishes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3206; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of soil resistance of floor polishes on test tile only. A carpet covered roller is used to simulate the action of foot traffic. A synthetic soil is employed in conjunction with the roller.

1.2 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D1436 Test Methods for Application of Emulsion Floor Polishes to Substrates for Testing Purposes

D3153 Test Method for Recoatability of Water-Emulsion Floor Polishes

E97 Method of Test for Directional Reflectance Factor, 45-Deg 0-Deg, of Opaque Specimens by Broad-Band Filter Reflectometry (Withdrawn 1991)³

3. Significance and Use

3.1 This test method measures the ability of a floor polish to resist soiling by a standard soil that approximates dirt carried in from the outside.

4. Apparatus

4.1 *Official Vinyl Composition Tile (OVCT)*⁴—white, 304.8 by 304.8 mm (12 by 12 in.).

4.2 *Washability Apparatus*—The Gardner straight line washability machine.

4.3 *Roller*.⁴

4.4 *Carpeting*.⁵

4.5 *Standard Soiling Compound*—A soiling compound, such as AATCC (American Association of Textile Colorist and Chemist) synthetic soil formula.⁶

4.6 *Reflectometer*, equipped with a search unit for measuring diffused reflectance and a green filter.

4.7 *Pipet*, 2 mL.

5. Procedure

5.1 Clean the test tile in accordance with Test Method **D3153**, paragraph 9.1.2. Rinse well and allow to dry. Apply 2 mL of polish by following Method B of Test Methods **D1436**. After 3 h, apply a second coat, also 2 mL. Age the tiles for 48 h at room temperature.

5.2 Sprinkle carefully, as evenly as possible, exactly 2 g of soil across that portion of the tile over which the roller will track. Run the machine for 300 cycles (600 passes). During the cycling, it may be necessary to occasionally brush the soil back onto the track as it will be scattered by the motion of the roller. At the end of the test, wipe the surface with tissue to remove any loose soil. Wipe firmly, but do not bear down.

NOTE 1—Before new carpeting on the roller is used for the first time, it should be “broken in” by running over a blank tile with approximately 4 g of soil for 500 or more cycles.

6. Evaluation of Results

6.1 Measure 45-deg, 0-deg directional (diffuse) luminous (green filter) reflectance with instrument of type specified in Test Method **E97**. Set the clean tile, with two coats of polish, at 100 with the green filter. After the test, take five readings and average.

7. Calculation and Report

7.1 Calculate the quantitative degree of soiling as follows:

⁵ Obtain tight weave short pile carpet from local store.

⁶ Prepared soils are available from Textile Innovations Corporation, P.O. Box 8, Windsor NC 27983 or SDL Atlas Textile Testing Solutions: SDL Atlas LLC, 3934 Airway Drive, Rock Hill, SC 29732.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **D21** on Polishes and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **D21.04** on Performance Tests
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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ The sole source of supply of the apparatus known to the committee at this time is Chemical Specialties Manufacturers Assn., 1913 Eye St., N.W., Washington, DC 20006. If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend.