



Designation: **A1085 – 13 A1085/A1085M – 15**

Standard Specification for Cold-Formed Welded Carbon Steel Hollow Structural Sections (HSS)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation ~~A1085~~; A1085/A1085M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

1. Scope^{Scope*}

1.1 This specification covers cold-formed welded carbon steel hollow structural sections (HSS) for welded or bolted construction. These shapes are utilized in but not limited to the following applications: buildings, bridges, towers, cranes, sign supports and poles, off-shore production and drilling platforms, roll-over protective structures (ROPS), falling object protective structures (FOPS), and amusement rides.

1.2 This HSS is produced in welded sizes with a periphery of 88 in. [2235 mm] or less, and a specified nominal wall thickness of 0.148 in. [3.8 mm] or greater and 0.875 in. [22 mm] or less.

1.3 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. The inch-pound units shall apply unless the “M” designation of this specification is specified in the order.

1.4 The text of this specification contains notes and footnotes that provide explanatory material. Such notes and footnotes, excluding those in tables and figures, do not contain any mandatory requirements.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products](#)

[A700 Guide for Packaging, Marking, and Loading Methods for Steel Products for Shipment](#)

[A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products](#)

[A941 Terminology Relating to Steel, Stainless Steel, Related Alloys, and Ferroalloys](#)

2.2 Military Standard:³

[MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage](#)

2.3 Federal Standards:⁴

[Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment](#)

[Fed. Std. No. 183 Continuous Identification Marking of Iron and Steel Products](#)

2.4 AIAG Standard:⁵

[B-1 Bar Code Symbology Standard](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms used in this specification, refer to Terminology [A941](#).

¹ This ~~test method~~ specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [A01](#) on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [A01.09](#) on Carbon Steel Tubular Products.

Current edition approved ~~April 1, 2013~~ Nov. 15, 2015. Published ~~April 2013~~ November 2015. Originally approved in 2013. Last previous edition approved in 2013 as [A1085–13](#). DOI: ~~10.1520/A1085-13~~ 10.1520/A1085_A1085M-15.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](#), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](#). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, [http://dodssp.daps.dla.mil](#).

⁴ Available from U.S. Government Printing Office Superintendent of Documents, 732 N. Capitol St., NW, Mail Stop: SDE, Washington, DC 20401, [http://www.access.gpo.gov](#).

⁵ Available from Automotive Industry Action Group (AIAG), 26200 Lahser Rd., Suite 200, Southfield, MI 48033, [http://www.aiag.org](#).

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard



4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall contain information concerning as many of the following items as are required to describe the desired material adequately:

- 4.1.1 Quantity (feet ~~[meters]~~ [metres] or number of lengths),
- 4.1.2 Name of material (cold-formed HSS),
- 4.1.3 Size (outside diameter and wall thickness for round HSS, and outside dimensions and wall thickness for square and rectangular HSS),
- 4.1.4 Length (random, multiple, specific; see 12.4),
- 4.1.5 End condition (see 17.3),
- 4.1.6 Burr removal (see 17.3),
- 4.1.7 Certification (see Section 19),
- 4.1.8 ASTM specification designation and year of issue,
- 4.1.9 End use,
- 4.1.10 Special requirements,
- 4.1.11 Bar coding (see 20.3),
- 4.1.12 Packing, Marking and Loading (see Section 21), and
- 4.1.13 Supplementary requirement, if any, including the additional requirement called for in the supplementary requirement.

5. Process

5.1 The steel shall be made by one or more of the following processes: open-hearth, basic-oxygen, or electric furnace.

5.2 When steels of different grades are sequentially strand cast, the steel producer shall identify the resultant transition material and remove it using an established procedure that positively separates the grades.

6. Manufacture

6.1 HSS shall be made from flat-rolled steel by the electric-resistance-welding process. The longitudinal butt joint of welded tubing shall be welded across its thickness. No transverse coil splices are permitted in the furnished product.

6.2 Stress relief or annealing is permissible. If heat treatment is performed mechanical testing shall be conducted after heat treatment.

NOTE 1—Welded HSS is normally furnished without removal of the inside flash.

7. Heat Analysis

7.1 Each heat analysis shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 1 for heat analysis.

7.2 The maximum permissible carbon equivalent shall be 0.45 %. The carbon equivalent shall be based upon the heat analysis. The required heat analysis and the carbon equivalent shall be reported. The carbon equivalent shall be calculated using the following formula:

$$CE = C + (Mn)6 + (Cr + Mo + V)5 + (Ni + Cu)15$$

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Element	Composition, %	
	Heat Analysis	Product Analysis
Carbon, max	0.26	+0.04
Carbon, max	0.26	0.30
Manganese, max	1.35	+0.05
Manganese, max	1.35	1.40
Phosphorus, max	0.035	+0.01
Phosphorus, max	0.035	0.045
Sulfur, max	0.035	+0.01
Sulfur, max	0.035	0.045
Aluminum, min	.015 acid soluble OR .020 total Al content	...
Silicon, max	0.04	+0.03
Silicon	≤0.04 or 0.15 ≤ Si ≤ 0.25	<0.07 or 0.13 ≤ Si ≤ 0.28

Notes:

(1) For each reduction of 0.01 percentage point below the specified maximum for carbon, an increase of 0.06 percentage point above the specified maximum for manganese is permitted, up to a maximum of 1.50% by heat analysis and 1.60% by product analysis.

(2) Where an ellipsis (...) appears in the table, requirements have not been defined.