



Designation: D3336 – 05 (Reapproved 2015)

# Standard Test Method for Life of Lubricating Greases in Ball Bearings at Elevated Temperatures<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3336; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.*

## 1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the evaluation of the performance of lubricating greases in ball bearings operating under light loads at high speeds and elevated temperatures.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* For specific warning statements, see 8.1.

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

A600 Specification for Tool Steel High Speed

2.2 *ABMA Standard:*<sup>3</sup>

Standard 4, Tolerance Definitions and Gaging Practices for Ball and Roller Bearings

2.3 *ASTM Adjuncts:*

Standard Ball Bearings (set of five)<sup>4</sup>

## 3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 A grease lubricated SAE No. 204 size ball bearing is rotated at 10 000 r/min under light load at a specified elevated

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.G0.05 on Functional Tests - Temperature.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>3</sup> Available from American Bearing Manufacturers Assoc., 2025 M St., NW, Ste 800, Washington, DC 20036.

<sup>4</sup> Available from ASTM International Headquarters. Order Adjunct No. ADJD3336. Original adjunct produced in 1984.

temperature. Tests are continued until failure or completion of a specified number of hours of running time.

## 4. Significance and Use

4.1 This test method can be used to evaluate the ability of grease to provide adequate lubrication for extended periods of ball bearings operating under light loads at high speeds and elevated temperatures.

## 5. Apparatus<sup>5,6</sup>

5.1 *Test Spindle*<sup>7</sup>(see Figs. 1-4 ), capable of operating at speeds of 10 000 r/min and temperatures as high as 371 °C (700 °F). The test bearing seat dimension shall be 19.99 mm to 20.00 mm (0.7870 in. to 0.7874 in.). For spindles having the test bearing and the support bearing in the same housing (CRC Type, Figs. 1-3) (Note 2) the internal construction of the spindle shall be such that the outboard support bearing, or both bearings are free to float axially in the housing. In designs where both bearings are free to float, the spindle shaft shall have a 0.508 mm to 0.762 mm (0.020 in. to 0.030 in.) free axial movement or end play. The outboard bearing seat dimension should be 19.99 mm to 20.00 mm (0.7870 in. to 0.7874 in.).

5.1.1 The test unit design (Fig. 1 and Fig. 2) should be such that a finger spring washer produces a 22 N to 67 N (5 lbf to 15 lbf) thrust load on the floating outboard support bearing.<sup>8,6</sup>

### 5.2 Bearing Housing:

5.2.1 *For CRC Type Spindles*—The bearing housing diameter shall be 47.005 mm to 47.021 mm (1.8506 in. to 1.8512 in.) to give proper bearing mounting. Construction shall be such that the test bearing is equipped with flush spacers or shields to confine the grease to the bearing. The spacers or

<sup>5</sup> Complete apparatus is available from Falex Corp., 1020 Airpark Dr., Sugar Grove, IL 60554.

<sup>6</sup> If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee,<sup>1</sup> which you may attend.

<sup>7</sup> Pope Machinery Corporation Grease Test Spindles No. P-1911 or P-6301A-HT (Fig. 1) and No. P-7605-B (Fig. 2); and Falex Corp. spindles of the type shown in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 have been found satisfactory for this purpose.

<sup>8</sup> The sole source of supply of the apparatus known to the committee at this time is Falex Part No. 643-187-070, Falex Corp. 1020 Airpark Dr., Sugar Grove, IL 60554.

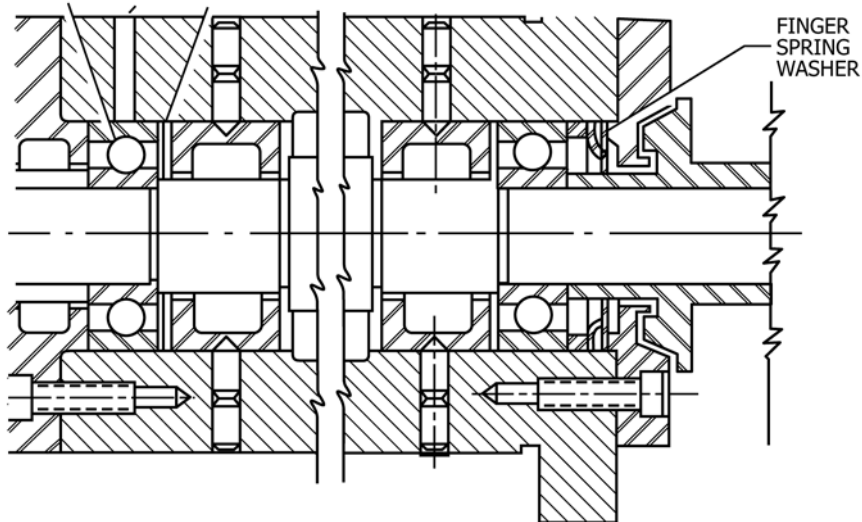


FIG. 1 Test Spindle (Both Bearings Floating)

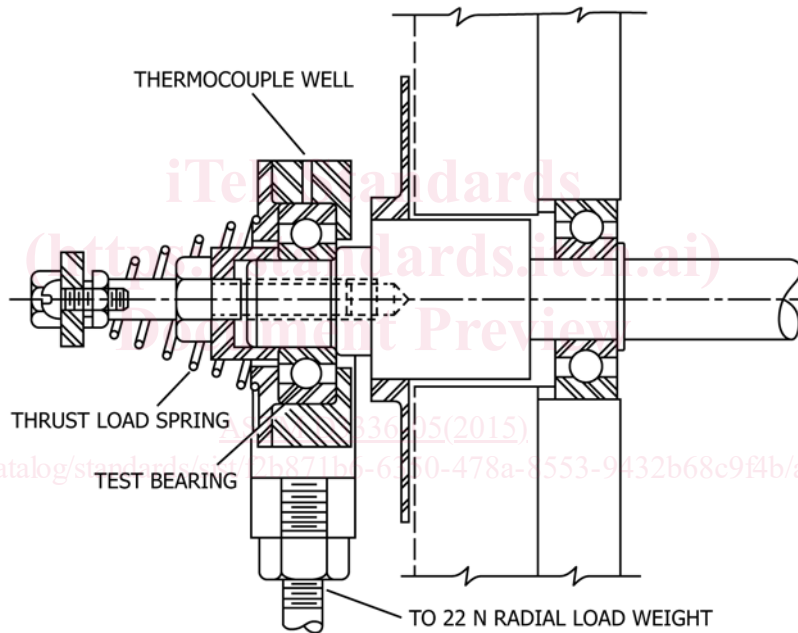


FIG. 2 Test Spindle (with Radial Load)

shields shall have a clearance between the inside diameter and the shaft of 0.127 mm to 0.178 mm (0.005 in. to 0.007 in.) per side.

NOTE 1—This type of spindle is described in CRC Research Technique for the Determination of Performance Characteristics of Lubricating Grease in Antifriction Bearings at Elevated Temperature (CRC Designations L-35-54 and CRC L-35-62).

5.2.2 For Navy Type Spindles (Test Bearing Mounted Outside Spindle Housing)—The bearing housing shall be constructed of material similar to that of the test bearing and shall be tempered to retain dimensional stability at temperatures up to 371 °C (700 °F). Internal diameter shall be 47.005 mm to 47.021 mm (1.8506 in. to 1.8512 in.). The housing cover shall be flush fitting to confine the grease to the bearing. Provision

shall be made for insertion in the housing of one or two small thermocouples which shall lightly press on and be in continual contact with the outer race of the test bearing. The housing shall be fitted with lugs to accommodate a yoke and added weight so that a radial load may be applied to the test bearing. A thrust load of 22 N ± 2 N (5 lbf ± 0.55 lbf) shall be applied to the outer race of the bearing by means of a helical spring calibrated at room temperature.

5.3 Motor Drive Assembly—Spindle bracket and constant belt tension motor drive assembly capable of providing spindle speeds up to 10 000 r/min ± 200 r/min by means of an

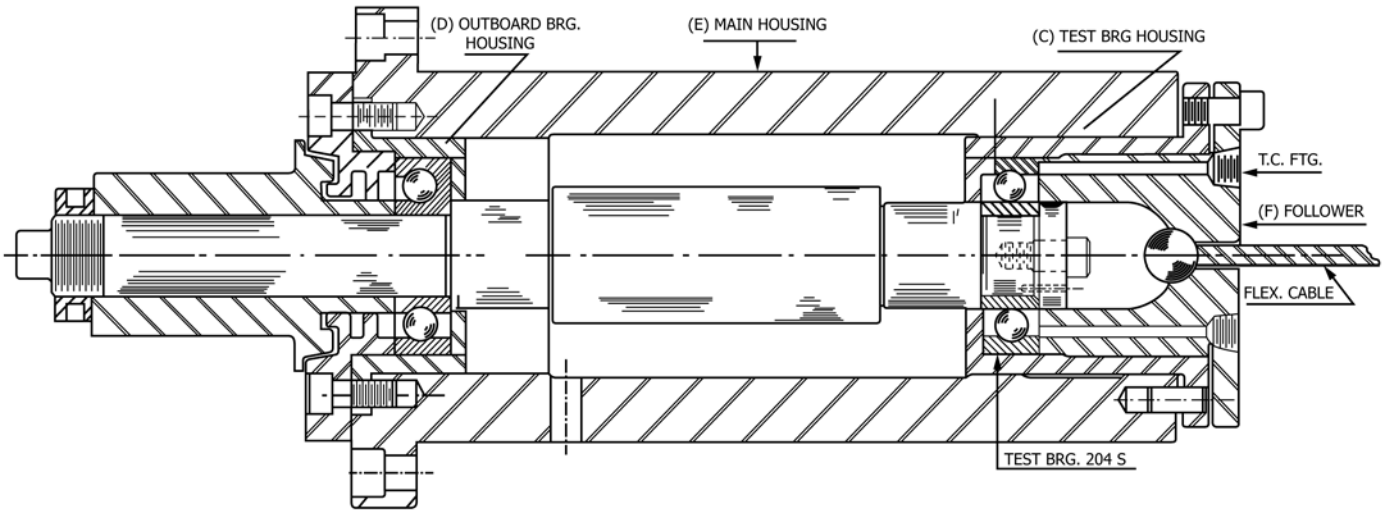


FIG. 3 Test Spindle Thrust Load Design

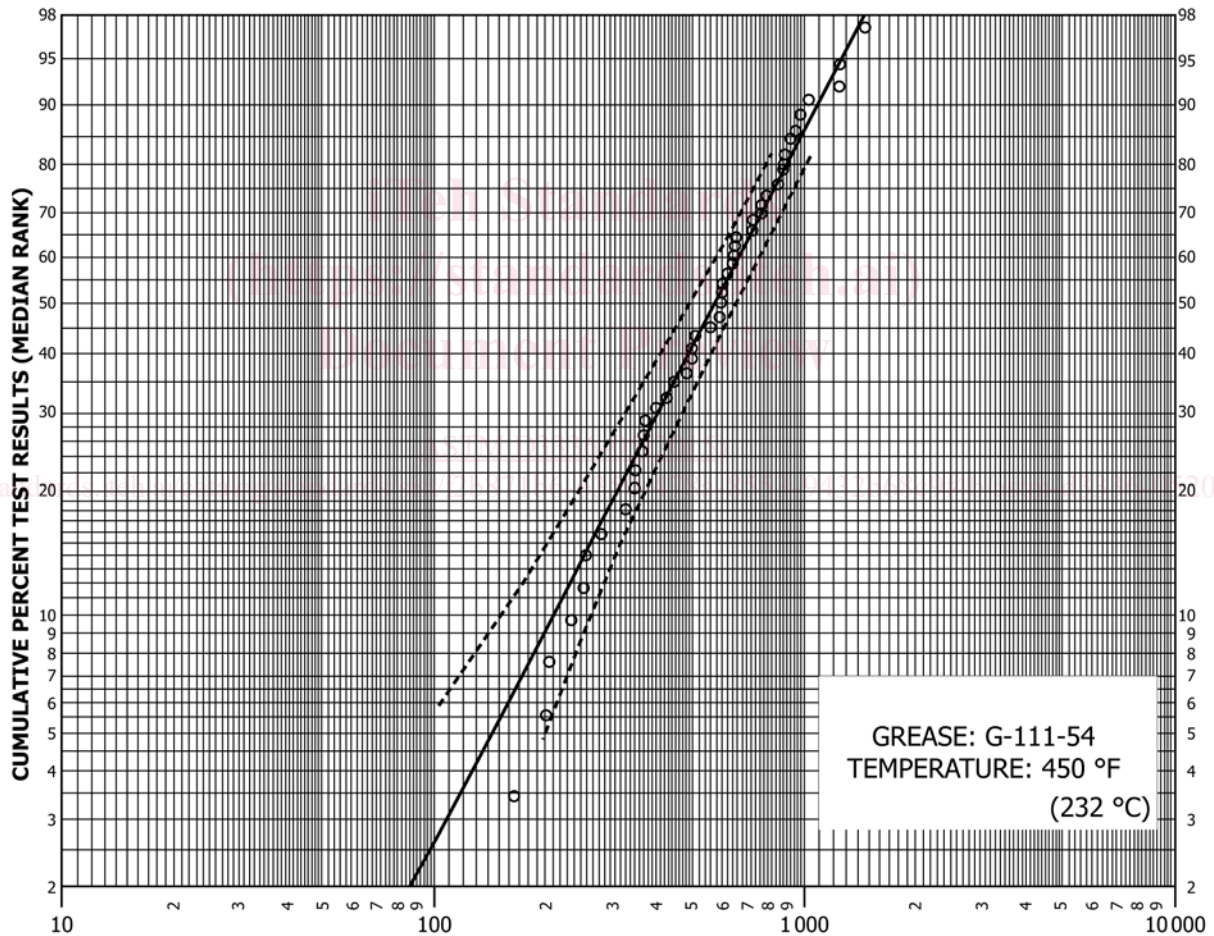


FIG. 4 G-III-54 Grease Life, Hours to Failure

endless belt. The motor shall be mounted so that a belt tension of approximately 67 N (15 lbf) can be maintained on the test spindle pulley.

5.4 *Oven*, removable, capable of producing a test temperature of 371 °C (700 °F) within 1½ h.

5.5 *Control Equipment*:

5.5.1 The temperature at the outside diameter of the test bearing shall be maintained within 3 °C (5 °F) of the specified test temperature. The temperature control equipment shall be adequate to maintain the temperature at the outer race of the