

Designation: A815/A815M – $14^{\epsilon 1}$

Standard Specification for Wrought Ferritic, Ferritic/Austenitic, and Martensitic Stainless Steel Piping Fittings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A815/A815M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (\$\epsilon\$) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

ε¹ NOTE—Editorially corrected Table 1 in December 2015.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers two general classes, WP and CR, of wrought ferritic, ferritic/austenitic, and martensitic stainless steel fittings of seamless and welded construction covered by the latest revision of Specification A960/A960M. Fittings differing from these standards may be furnished in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S58 of Specification A960/A960M.

1.1.1 Class WP fittings are subdivided into four subclasses: Classes WP-S, WP-W, WP-WX, and WP-WU. They are manufactured to the requirements of Specification A960/A960M, and they shall have pressure ratings compatible with 13.2. Class WP-S fittings are those manufactured from seamless product by a seamless method of manufacture (marked with class symbol WP-S); Class WP-W fittings are those which contain welds where the fitting fabrication or construction welds have been radiographed (marked with class symbol WP-W); and Class WP-WX fittings are those which contain welds where all welds have been radiographed (marked with class symbol WP-WX); and Class WP-WU fittings are those which contain welds where all welds have been ultrasonically tested (marked with class symbol WP-WU).

- 1.1.2 Class CR fittings are those manufactured to the requirements of MSS SP-43, and they shall have pressure ratings compatible with 13.3.
 - 1.2 This specification does not apply to cast fittings.
- 1.3 Optional supplementary requirements are provided. When desired, one or more of these may be specified in the order.
- 1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable "M" specification designation [SI units], the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

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1.5 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A262 Practices for Detecting Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack in Austenitic Stainless Steels

A388/A388M Practice for Ultrasonic Examination of Steel Forgings

A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products

A763 Practices for Detecting Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack in Ferritic Stainless Steels

A923 Test Methods for Detecting Detrimental Intermetallic Phase in Duplex Austenitic/Ferritic Stainless Steels

A960/A960M Specification for Common Requirements for Wrought Steel Piping Fittings

E165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry

2.2 ASME Standards:³

B16.9 Factory-Made Wrought Butt-Welding Fittings

B16.11 Forged Fittings, Socket-Welding and Threaded

2.3 MSS Standards:⁴

MSS SP-43 Standard Practice for Light Weight Stainless Steel Butt-Welding Fittings

MSS SP-79 Socket-Welding Reducer Inserts

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http://www.asme.org.

⁴ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, http://www.mss-hq.com.

MSS SP-83 Steel Pipe Unions, Socket-Welding and Threaded

MSS SP-95 Swage(d) Nipples and Bull Plugs

MSS SP-97 Integrally Reinforced Forged Branch Outlet Fittings—Socket Welding, Threaded and Buttwelding Ends

2.4 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Codes:³

Section VIII Division I Section IX

2.5 ASNT Standard:⁵

SNT-TC-1A Recommended Practice for Nondestructive Testing Personnel Qualification and Certification

3. Common Requirements and Ordering Information

- 3.1 Material furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A960/A960M including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the purchase order. Failure to comply with the common requirements of Specification A960/A960M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between this specification and Specification A960/A960M, this specification shall prevail.
- 3.2 Specification A960/A960M identifies the ordering information that should be complied with when purchasing material to this specification.

4. Materials

- 4.1 The material for fittings shall consist of forgings, bars, plates, or seamless or welded tubular products that conform to the chemical requirements in Table 1.
- 4.2 The steel shall be melted by one of the following processes:
- 4.2.1 Electric furnace (with separate degassing and refining optional),
 - 4.2.2 Vacuum furnace, or
- 4.2.3 Electric furnace followed by vacuum or electroslagconsumable remelting.
- 4.3 If secondary melting is employed, the heat shall be defined as all ingots remelted from a primary heat.

5. Manufacture

- 5.1 Forming—Forging or shaping operations may be performed by hammering, pressing, piercing, extruding, upsetting, rolling, bending, fusion welding, machining or by combination of two or more of these operations. The forming procedure shall be so applied that it will not produce surface discontinuities deeper than 5 % of the specified nominal thickness of the fitting.
- 5.2 All classes of fittings shall be heat treated in accordance with Section 6.
- 5.3 Fittings ordered as Class WP-S shall be of seamless construction and shall meet all requirements of Specification A960/A960M.
- ⁵ Available from American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT), P.O. Box 28518, 1711 Arlingate Ln., Columbus, OH 43228-0518, http://www.asnt.org.

- 5.4 Fittings ordered as Class WP-W shall meet the requirements of Specification A960/A960M and (1) shall have all welds made by the fitting manufacturer and all pipe welds made with the addition of filler metal radiographically examined throughout the entire length in accordance with Paragraph UW-51 of Section VIII, Division 1, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code; and (2) shall not require radiography of the starting pipe weld if the pipe was welded without the addition of filler metal. In place of radiographic examination, welds made by the fitting manufacturer may be ultrasonically examined in accordance with the code requirements stated in 5.6.
- 5.5 Fittings ordered as Class WP-WX shall meet the requirements of Specification A960/A960M and shall have all welds, whether made by the fitting manufacturer or the starting material manufacturer, radiographically examined throughout their entire length in accordance with Paragraph UW-51 of Section VIII, Division I of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. The radiography of welds for this class of fittings can be done either prior to or after forming at the option of the manufacturer.
- 5.6 Fittings ordered as Class WP-WU shall meet the requirements of Specification A960/A960M and shall have all welds, whether made by the fitting manufacturer or the starting material manufacturer, ultrasonically examined throughout their entire length in accordance with Appendix 12 of Section VIII, Division 1 of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- 5.7 The radiography or ultrasonic examination for this class of fittings may be done at the option of the manufacturer, either prior to or after forming.
- 5.8 Personnel performing NDE examinations shall be qualified in accordance with SNT-TC-1A.
- 4.5.9 Fittings covered in Specification A960/A960M and ordered as CR shall meet the requirements of Specification A960/A960M and do not require nondestructive examination.
- 5.10 All classes of fittings shall have the welders, welding operators, and welding procedures qualified under the provisions of Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code except that starting pipe welds made without the addition of filler metal do not require such qualification.
- 5.11 All joints welded with filler metal shall be finished in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph UW-35 (a) of Section VIII, Division 1, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- 5.12 Fittings machined from bar shall be restricted to NPS 4 or smaller.
- 5.12.1 All caps machined from bar shall be examined by liquid penetrant in accordance with Practice E165.
- 5.13 Weld buildup is permitted to dimensionally correct unfilled areas produced during cold forming of stub ends. Radiographic examination of the weld buildup shall not be required provided that all of the following steps are adhered to:
- 5.13.1 The weld procedure and welders or welding operators meet the requirements of 5.10,

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Note 1—Where an ellipsis (...) appears in this table, there is no requirement.

						Con	position,	%						
Gra	ide ^A													
Grade WP	Grade CR	UNS	C, max	Mn ^B	P, max	S, max	Si, max	Ni ^B	Cr	Мо	Cu ^B	N^B	Ti	Other
						Fer	ritic Steel	s						
WP27	CR27	S44627	0.010	0.75	0.020	0.020	0.40	0.50	25.0– 27.5	0.75– 1.50	0.20	0.015		Cb 0.05–0.20
WP33	CR33	S44626	0.06	0.75	0.040	0.020	0.75	0.50	25.0– 27.0	0.75– 1.50	0.20	0.040	0.20-1.00 (7×(C+N)) min	
WP429	CR429	S42900	0.12	1.0	0.040	0.030	0.75	0.50	14.0– 16.0					
WP430	CR430	S43000	0.12	1.00	0.040	0.030	1.00	0.50	16.0– 18.0					
WP430TI	CR430Ti	S43036	0.10	1.00	0.040	0.030	1.00	0.75	16.0– 19.5				(5×C) min 0.75 max	
WP446	CR446	S44600	0.20	1.50	0.040	0.030	0.75	0.50	23.0– 27.0			0.25		
						Ferritic/A	Austenitic	Steels						
WPS31803	CRS31803	S31803	0.030	2.00	0.030	0.020	1.0	4.5– 6.5	21.0– 23.0	2.5– 3.5		0.08- 0.20		
WPS32101	CRS32101	S32101	0.040	4.0– 6.0	0.040	0.030	1.00	1.35– 1.70	21.0– 22.0	0.10– 0.80	0.10 - 0.80	0.20- 0.25		
WPS32202	CRS32202	S32202	0.030	2.00	0.040	0.010	1.00	1.00- 2.80	21.5– 24.0	0.45		0.18- 0.26		
WPS32750	CRS32750	S32750	0.030	1.20	0.035	0.020	0.8	6.0 - 8.0	24.0- 26.0	3.0– 5.0	0.5	0.24-		
WPS32950	CRS32950	S32950	0.030	2.00	0.035	0.010	0.60	3.5– 5.2	26.0– 29.0	1.00- 2.50		0.15- 0.35		
WPS32760	CRS32760	S32760	0.030	1.00	0.030	0.010	1.00	6.0-	24.0- 26.0 ^C	3.0-	0.50 - 1.00	0.20- 0.30		W 0.50–1.00
WPS39274	CRS39274†	S39274†	0.030	1.00	0.030	0.020	0.80	6.0 -	24.0-	2.50– 3.50 ^C	0.20-	0.24- 0.32		W 1.50–2.50
WPS32550	CRS32550	S32550	0.04	1.50	0.040	0.030	1.00	4.5– 6.5	24.0– 27.0	2.9– 3.9	1.50– 2.50	0.32 0.10– 0.25		1.50-2.50
WPS32205	CRS32205	S32205	0.030	2.00	0.030	0.020	1.00	4.5-	22.0– 23.0	3.0– 3.5	2.50	0.25 0.14– 0.20		
				A	STM	Marte	ensitic Ste		23.0	3.5		0.20	<u> </u>	
WP410	CR410	S41000	0.15	1.00 ist	0.040	0.030	21.00	0.50	11.5-	63b353	33 d /as1	tm-a8	15-a815m-1	4e1··
WPS41008	CRS41008	S41008	0.08	1.00	0.040	0.030	1.00	max 0.60	13.5 11.5– 13.5					
WPS41500	CRS41500	S41500	0.05	0.50 - 1.00	0.030	0.030	0.60	3.5– 5.5	11.5– 14.0	0.50– 1.00				W 0.50–1.00

[†] Editorially corrected.

- 5.13.2 Heat-treatment is performed after welding and prior to machining,
- 5.13.3 All weld surfaces are liquid penetrant examined in accordance with Appendix 8 of Section VIII, Division 1 of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, and
- 5.13.4 Repair of areas in the weld is permitted, but 5.13.1, 5.13.2, and 5.13.3 must be repeated.
- 5.14 Stub ends may be produced with the entire lap added as weld metal to a straight pipe section provided the welding satisfies the requirements of 5.10 for qualifications and Section 6 for post weld heat treatment.
- 5.14.1 *Class WP-W*—Radiographic inspection of the weld is required (see 5.4).

- 5.14.2 *Class WP-WX*—Radiographic inspection of all welds is required (see 5.5).
- 5.14.3 *Class WP-WU*—Ultrasonic inspection of all welds is required (see 5.6).
- 5.14.4 *Class CR*—Nondestructive examination is not required (see 5.9).
- 5.15 Stub ends may be produced with the entire lap added by the welding of a ring, made from plate or bar of the same alloy grade and composition, to the outside of a straight section of pipe, provided the weld is double welded, is a full penetration joint, satisfies the requirements of 5.10 for qualifications and Section 6 for post weld heat treatment.

^A Naming system developed and applied by ASTM International.

^B Maximum unless otherwise indicated.

 $^{^{}C}$ % Cr + 3.3 × % Mo + 16 × % N = 40 min.

- 5.15.1 *Class WP-W*—Radiographic inspection of all welds, made with the addition of filler metal is required (see 5.4).
- 5.15.2 *Class WP-WX*—Radiographic inspection of all welds, made with or without the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.5).
- 5.15.3 *Class WP-WU*—Ultrasonic inspection of all welds, made with or without the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.6).
- 5.15.4 *Class CR*—Nondestructive examination is not required (see 5.9).

6. Heat Treatment

- 6.1 Unless otherwise stated herein, heat treatment shall be performed after welding and in accordance with the requirements of Table 2.
- 6.1.1 No final heat treatment of welded fittings (HT-O) fabricated from ferritic/austenitic plate that has been heat treated as required by Table 2 for the particular grade, is required, provided material representative of the fittings, including base metal, weld metal, and heat affected zone, passes a Test Methods A923 Method B or C (See Note 1) corrosion evaluation per heat. Each fitting supplied under this requirement shall be stenciled with the suffix HT-O.
- 6.1.2 For materials not listed in Table 3 of Test Methods A923, the HT-O provision does not apply.

- Note 1—The Test Methods A923 test method (B or C) is at the manufacturer's option, unless otherwise specified by the purchaser.
- 6.2 All fittings machined directly from forgings or bars (see 5.12), previously heat treated in accordance with the requirements specified in Table 2, need not be reheat treated.

7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 The chemical composition of each cast or heat shall be determined and shall conform to the requirements of the chemical composition for the respective grades of materials listed in Table 1. Methods and practices relating to chemical analyses required by this specification shall be in accordance with Methods, Practices, and Definitions A751. Product analysis tolerances in accordance with Specification A960/A960M are applicable.
- 7.2 Except as listed below, in fittings of welded construction, the composition of the deposited weld shall conform to the same requirements as the base metal.
- 7.2.1 Welds on S32950 base metal shall be made with nominal 26 % Cr, 8 % Ni, 2 % Mo weld metal.
- 7.2.2 Welds on S31803 base metal shall conform to the same requirements as the base metal or shall be made with nominal 22 % Cr, 9 % Ni, 3 % Mo weld metal.
- 7.2.3 Welds on S32202 base metal shall be made with nominal 22 % Cr, 9 % Ni, 3 % Mo weld metal.

TABLE 2 Heat Treatment

		IADEL E Hout Houtilont		
Stainless Steel	All WP and CR Grad	les Temperature	Cooling	Tempering Temperature
Ferritic	All	≥ 1200 °F [650 °C]	As appropriate for grade	Not specified
Ferritic/Austenitic	S31803	1870–2010 °F [1020–1100 °C]	Water quench or rapidly cooled by other means	Not required
	S32101	1870 °F [1020 °C] min ASTM A815/A815M-14e1	Water quench or rapidly cooled by other means	Not required
	catalog/star \$32202;/sis	1/33/9213b 1870–1975 °F) 2–9 fcb [1020–1080 °C]	rapidly cooled by other means	815 Not required 4e
	S32205	1870–2010 °F [1020–1100 °C]	Water quench	Not required
	S32750	1920–2060 °F	Water quench or	Not required
		[1025–1125 °C]	rapidly cooled by other means	·
	S32760	2010–2085 °F [1100–1140 °C]	Water quench or rapidly cooled by other means	Not required
	S39274	1920–2060 °F [1025–1125 °C]	Water quench or rapidly cooled by other means	Not required
	S32550	1950–2060 °F ^A [1065–1125 °C] ^A	Water quench	Not required
	S32950	Not specified	Not specified	Not required
Martensitic	S41000	≥ 1200°F [650°C]	Not specified	Not specified
	S41008	>1200°F [650°C]	In still air as appropriate for grade	Not specified
	S41500	≥ 1750 °F [955 °C]	Air cool to ≤ 200 °F [95 °C] prior to any optional intermediate temper and prior to final temper.	1050–1150 °F [565–620 °C]

^AThe higher temperature (2000 to 2060 °F [1095 to 1125 °C]) PWHT is best used on welded product—the lower temperature PWHT (1950 to 2010 °F [1065 to 1100 °C]) is best used on wrought or seamless products only.