



Designation: E247 – 01 (Reapproved 2015)^{ε1}

Standard Test Method for Determination of Silica in Manganese Ores, Iron Ores, and Related Materials by Gravimetry¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E247; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

^{ε1} NOTE—Editorially corrected 1.1 and Table 1 in November 2015.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of silica in iron ores, iron ore concentrates and agglomerates, and manganese ore in the range from 0.5 % to 15 %.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²

D1193 Specification for Reagent Water

E50 Practices for Apparatus, Reagents, and Safety Considerations for Chemical Analysis of Metals, Ores, and Related Materials

E135 Terminology Relating to Analytical Chemistry for Metals, Ores, and Related Materials

E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

E877 Practice for Sampling and Sample Preparation of Iron Ores and Related Materials for Determination of Chemical Composition and Physical Properties

E882 Guide for Accountability and Quality Control in the Chemical Analysis Laboratory

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E01 on Analytical Chemistry for Metals, Ores, and Related Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E01.02 on Ores, Concentrates, and Related Metallurgical Materials.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms used in this test method, refer to Terminology E135.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The sample is fused with sodium peroxide in a zirconium crucible. The melt is leached with water and dissolved in HCl. Silica is separated by double dehydration with HClO₄. The two precipitates are combined, ignited, and weighed. The silica is volatilized by treatment with HF and H₂SO₄ and the residue weighed.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method is intended to be used for compliance with compositional specifications for silica content. It is assumed that all who use these procedures will be trained analysts capable of performing common laboratory procedures skillfully and safely. It is expected that work will be performed in a properly equipped laboratory and that proper waste disposal procedures will be followed. Appropriate quality control practices must be followed such as those described in Guide E882.

6. Interferences

6.1 This test method is written for iron and manganese ores containing less than 0.25 % of fluorine. None of the elements normally found in iron ores or in manganese ores interfere with this test method.

7. Apparatus

7.1 *Zirconium Crucible* (50-mL capacity).

7.2 *Platinum Filter Cone*.

8. Reagents and Materials

8.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents conform to the specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society where