



Designation: ~~C1283—11~~ **C1283 – 15**

## Standard Practice for Installing Clay Flue Lining<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1283; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice covers the minimum requirements for installing clay flue lining for residential concrete or masonry chimneys.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

- C24 Test Method for Pyrometric Cone Equivalent (PCE) of Fireclay and High Alumina Refractory Materials
- C27 Classification of Fireclay and High-Alumina Refractory Brick
- C55 Specification for Concrete Building Brick
- C90 Specification for Loadbearing Concrete Masonry Units
- C99 Test Method for Modulus of Rupture of Dimension Stone
- C129 Specification for Nonloadbearing Concrete Masonry Units
- C170 Test Method for Compressive Strength of Dimension Stone
- C199 Test Method for Pier Test for Refractory Mortars
- C216 Specification for Facing Brick (Solid Masonry Units Made from Clay or Shale)
- C270 Specification for Mortar for Unit Masonry
- C315 Specification for Clay Flue Liners and Chimney Pots
- C652 Specification for Hollow Brick (Hollow Masonry Units Made From Clay or Shale)
- C896 Terminology Relating to Clay Products

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/928c80e6-3303-4cdf-bfee-adaccb2bb5b3/astm-c1283-15>

### 3. Terminology

- 3.1 *General*—Terminology C896 should be used for clarification of definitions in this practice.
- 3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*
  - 3.2.1 *chimney connector*—tubular unit or pipe used to convey products of combustion from a heating or cooking appliance to the chimney.
  - 3.2.2 *flue*—passageway within a chimney through which products of combustion are conveyed.
  - 3.2.3 *flue liner*—manufactured tubular nonloadbearing fired clay unit, normally used for conveying hot gases in chimneys.
  - 3.2.4 *masonry chimney*—vertical structure constructed of brick, concrete, concrete masonry units, or stone, which contains one or more flues, and conveys products of combustion from a heat source or cooking appliance.
  - 3.2.5 *smoke chamber*—section of a fireplace above the throat and below the flue, which is an area of transition from the shape of the throat to the shape of the flue.

<sup>1</sup> This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C04 on Vitriified Clay Pipe and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C04.20 on Methods of Test and Specifications.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3.2.6 *thimble*—manufactured tubular nonloadbearing fired clay unit normally used to connect the chimney connector from an appliance through the wall of the chimney to the flue.

#### 4. Footings and Foundations

4.1 Footings for masonry chimneys shall be constructed of concrete or solid masonry at least 12 in. (305 mm) thick, and it shall extend at least 6 in. (150 mm) beyond the face of the foundation or support wall on all sides. Footings shall be founded below frost depth on natural undisturbed earth or engineered fill. In areas not subjected to freezing, footings shall be founded at least 12 in. (305 mm) below finished grade.

4.2 The foundation shall be placed, with respect to adjacent structures existing or anticipated, to minimize the possibility of damage by construction operations or by transmission of additional loads to the supporting soils.

4.3 Concrete footings and foundations shall conform to local building codes.

4.3.1 In the absence of a local building code, concrete with a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 3000 psi (21 MPa) shall be used.

4.4 Where a chimney or fireplace is added to the outside of the exterior wall of an existing structure, the following shall apply:

4.4.1 The new footing shall be installed at the same level or below the existing footing, provided the level is below the frost line and the new footing is placed on soil with adequate bearing capability.

4.4.2 The existing drainage provision shall not be obstructed.

#### 5. Chimney Construction

5.1 *Materials:*

5.1.1 *Flue Linings*—Specification **C315**.

5.1.2 *Refractory Mortar*—Test Method **C24** (cone 10) and Test Method **C199** (medium duty and water insoluble).

5.1.3 *Concrete Block*—Specification **C90** or Specification **C129**.

5.1.4 *Brick*—Specification **C55** or Specification **C216**, Grade SW.

5.1.5 *Mortar*—Specification **C270**.

5.1.6 *Firebrick*—Classification **C27**.

5.1.7 *Natural Stone*—Test Method **C170** or Test Method **C99**.

5.2 The chimney consists of a flue liner and the chimney wall. When used to vent a fireplace, the chimney is constructed directly on the smoke chamber.

5.3 The flue lining shall start from a point not less than 8 in. (205 mm) below the entrance of the lowest chimney connector.

5.4 Flue liners shall be installed, each flue liner carefully bedded on the previous one, using water insoluble refractory mortar complying with Test Method **C199** (medium duty). All joints of flue liners shall be  $\frac{1}{16}$  in. (1.6 mm) to  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm) thick, and struck flush so as to produce a straight, smooth, fully aligned flue. Liners shall be placed in such a manner as to minimize ledges or steps within the flue passageway.

5.5 Flue liners shall be maintained by filling any voids in the interior, or hot face, with medium duty water insoluble refractory mortar conforming to Test Method **C199**.

5.6 Flue liners shall be surrounded by masonry on all sides but shall not be bonded to the surrounding masonry. The flue liner shall contact the chimney wall only as necessary for support and alignment in order to permit the flue liner to expand and contract freely. The separation of the flue liner from the surrounding concrete or masonry shall not exceed the wall thickness of the flue liner. Where seismic reinforcing requires the space between the flue liner and the chimney wall to be grouted solid, the flue shall be wrapped with ceramic fiber paper capable of withstanding temperatures of 2100°F to prevent the flue liner from bonding to the chimney walls.

5.7 The flue lining shall extend the entire height of the chimney. The lining shall be carried up as vertically as possible. When offsets are necessary, their slopes shall be no flatter than 30° from vertical.

5.8 When more than one flue is contained in a chimney, a separation shall be provided between adjacent flues. The separation shall be solid masonry wythes (partitions) not less than 4 in. (100 mm) nominal thickness and bonded into the chimney walls.

5.9 Adjustments to the liner size or shape shall be made with a masonry saw.

5.9.1 When fabricating custom size flue liners, the aspect ratio shall not exceed 2:1 and the vertical joint shall be sealed with refractory mortar as required in **5.4**.

5.10 Openings in the flue liner for chimney connectors shall be manufactured or machine cut.

5.11 Chimney walls shall be constructed of concrete or solid masonry units at least 4 in. (100 mm) nominal thickness.

5.11.1 Products for chimney wall masonry construction are those (concrete, concrete masonry units, brick or stone) that are at least 75 % solid or grouted solid and which meet the requirements of Specification **C55**, Specification **C90**, Specification **C216** Grade SW, or Specification **C652**.