



Designation: C90 – 15

Standard Specification for Loadbearing Concrete Masonry Units¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C90; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers hollow and solid (see 5.3 and 5.4) concrete masonry units made from hydraulic cement, water, and mineral aggregates with or without the inclusion of other materials. There are three classes of concrete masonry units: Normal Weight, Medium Weight, and Lightweight. These units are suitable for both loadbearing and nonloadbearing applications.

1.2 Concrete masonry units covered by this specification are made from lightweight or normal weight aggregates, or both.

NOTE 1—The requirements of this specification have been researched, evaluated, and established for over a century, resulting in the physical properties and attributes defined here. These requirements are uniquely and solely applicable to concrete masonry units manufactured on equipment using low or zero slump concrete and the constituent materials defined herein. Many performance attributes of concrete masonry units are indirectly accounted for, or inherently reflected within, the requirements of this specification without direct measurement, assessment, or evaluation. Applying the requirements of this specification to products that may be similar in appearance, use, or nature to those covered by this specification may not address all pertinent physical properties necessary to ensure performance or serviceability of the resulting construction in real-world applications under typical exposure environments. Products manufactured using alternative materials, manufacturing methods, or curing processes not covered by this specification should not be evaluated solely using the requirements in this specification; however, developers of new products can consider the property requirements of this specification as a beginning benchmark for unit performance. It is reasonable to test new products for system performance as well as unit performance.

1.3 The text of this specification references notes and footnotes which provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the standard.

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

NOTE 2—When particular features are desired such as surface textures

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C15 on Manufactured Masonry Units and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C15.03 on Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units.

Current edition approved Dec. 15, 2015. Published January 2016. Originally approved in 1931. Last previous edition approved in 2014 as C90 – 14. DOI: 10.1520/C0090-15.

for appearance or bond, finish, color, or particular properties such as density classification, higher compressive strength, fire resistance, thermal performance or acoustical performance, these features should be specified separately by the purchaser. Suppliers should be consulted as to the availability of units having the desired features.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- C33 Specification for Concrete Aggregates
- C140 Test Methods for Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units
- C150 Specification for Portland Cement
- C331 Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Concrete Masonry Units
- C426 Test Method for Linear Drying Shrinkage of Concrete Masonry Units
- C595 Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements
- C618 Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete
- C979 Specification for Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete
- C989 Specification for Slag Cement for Use in Concrete and Mortars
- C1157 Performance Specification for Hydraulic Cement
- C1232 Terminology of Masonry
- C1240 Specification for Silica Fume Used in Cementitious Mixtures
- C1314 Test Method for Compressive Strength of Masonry Prisms
- E519 Test Method for Diagonal Tension (Shear) in Masonry Assemblages
- E72 Test Methods of Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction

3. Terminology

3.1 Terminology defined in Terminology C1232 shall apply for this specification.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

4. Materials

4.1 *Cementitious Materials*—Materials shall conform to the following applicable specifications:

- 4.1.1 *Portland Cement*—Specification C150.
- 4.1.2 *Modified Portland Cement*—Portland cement conforming to Specification C150, modified as follows:
 - (1) *Limestone*—If calcium carbonate is added to the cement, the CaCO₃ content shall not be less than 85 %.
 - (2) *Limitation on Insoluble Residue*—1.5 %.
 - (3) *Limitation on Air Content of Mortar*—Volume percent, 22 % max.
 - (4) *Limitation on Loss on Ignition*—7 %.
- 4.1.3 *Blended Hydraulic Cements*—Specification C595.
- 4.1.4 *Hydraulic Cement*—Specification C1157.
- 4.1.5 *Pozzolans*—Specification C618.
- 4.1.6 *Blast Furnace Slag Cement*—Specification C989.
- 4.1.7 *Silica Fume*—Specification C1240.

4.2 *Aggregates*—Aggregates shall conform to the following specifications, except that grading requirements shall not necessarily apply:

- 4.2.1 *Normal Weight Aggregates*—Specification C33.
- 4.2.2 *Lightweight Aggregates*—Specification C331.

4.3 *Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete*—Specification C979.

4.4 *Other Constituents*—Air-entraining agents, integral water repellents, and other constituents shall be previously established as suitable for use in concrete masonry units and shall conform to applicable ASTM standards or shall be shown by test or experience not to be detrimental to the durability of the concrete masonry units or any material customarily used in masonry construction.

5. Physical Requirements

5.1 At the time of delivery to the purchaser, units shall conform to the physical requirements prescribed in Table 1 and Table 2. All units shall be sound and free of cracks or other defects that interfere with the proper placement of the unit or significantly impair the strength or permanence of the construction. Minor cracks, incidental to the usual method of manufacture or minor chipping resulting from customary methods of handling in shipment and delivery, are not grounds for rejection.

NOTE 3—Higher compressive strengths than those listed in Table 2 may be specified where required by design. Consult with suppliers to determine

availability of units of higher compressive strength.

NOTE 4—Oven-dry densities of concrete masonry units generally fall within the range of 85 to 145 lbf/ft³ (1360 to 2320 kg/m³). Because available densities will vary, suppliers should be consulted before specifying project requirements.

5.1.1 When higher compressive strengths than those listed in Table 2 are specified, the tested average net area compressive strength of three units shall equal or exceed the specified compressive strength, and the tested individual unit net area compressive strength of all three units shall exceed 90 % of the specified compressive strength.

5.2 At the time of delivery to the purchaser, the linear shrinkage of units shall not exceed 0.065 %.

NOTE 5—The purchaser is the public body or authority, association, corporation, partnership, or individual entering into a contract or agreement to purchase or install, or both, concrete masonry units. The time of delivery to the purchaser is FOB plant when the purchaser or the purchaser’s agent transports the concrete masonry units, or at the time unloaded at the worksite if the manufacturer or the manufacturer’s agent transports the concrete masonry units.

5.3 *Hollow Units:*

5.3.1 Face shell thickness (t_f) and web thickness (t_w) shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

NOTE 6—Web thickness (t_w) not conforming to the requirements prescribed in Table 1 may be approved, provided equivalent structural capability has been established when tested in accordance with the applicable provisions of Test Methods E72, C1314, E519, or other applicable tests and the appropriate design criteria developed in accordance with applicable building codes.

5.4 *Solid Units:*

5.4.1 The net cross-sectional area of solid units in every plane parallel to the bearing surface shall be not less than 75 % of the gross cross-sectional area measured in the same plane.

5.5 *End Flanges:*

5.5.1 For units having end flanges, the thickness of each flange shall not be less than the minimum face shell thickness.

NOTE 7—Flanges beveled at the ends for mortarless head joint applications that will be filled with grout are exempt from this requirement. Flanges which are specially shaped for mortarless head joint applications which have been shown by testing or field experience to provide equivalent performance are exempt from this requirement.

6. Permissible Variations in Dimensions

6.1 *Standard Units*—For standard units, no overall dimension (width, height, and length) shall differ by more than ±1/8 in. (3.2 mm) from the specified dimensions.

TABLE 1 Minimum Face Shells and Web Requirements^A

Nominal Width (W) of Units, in. (mm)	Face Shell Thickness (t_f), min. in. (mm) ^{B,C}	Webs	
		Web Thickness ^C (t_w), min. in. (mm)	Normalized Web Area (A_{nw}), min. in. ² /ft ² (mm ² /m ²) ^D
3 (76.2) and 4 (102)	3/4 (19)	3/4 (19)	6.5 (45,140)
6 (152)	1 (25)	3/4 (19)	6.5 (45,140)
8 (203) and greater	1 1/4 (32)	3/4 (19)	6.5 (45,140)

^AAverage of measurements on a minimum of 3 units when measured as described in Test Methods C140.
^BWhen this standard is used for units having split surfaces, a maximum of 10 % of the split surface is permitted to have thickness less than those shown, but not less than 3/4 in. (19.1 mm). When the units are to be solid grouted, the 10 % limit does not apply and Footnote C establishes a thickness requirement for the entire faceshell.
^CWhen the units are to be solid grouted, minimum face shell and web thickness shall be not less than 5/8 in. (16 mm).
^DMinimum normalized web area does not apply to the portion of the unit to be filled with grout. The length of that portion shall be deducted from the overall length of the unit for the calculation of the minimum web cross-sectional area.