## Standard Terminology Relating to Emergency Medical Services<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 1177; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\epsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This terminology covers standard definitions of terms which apply to all F-30 standards but which are more precise than common usage.

## 2. Terminology

- 2.1 Appropriate definitions for interpretation of terms used in ASTM Emergency Medical Services standards shall be determined in the following order:
- 2.1.1 Specific definitions of terminology or description of terms provided in the standard. These will apply to use of the term in that standard only.
- 2.1.2 ASTM Standard Terminology Relating to Emergency Medical Services (Standard F-1177).
- 2.1.3 Taber's Cyclopedic Medical Dictionary, 16th Edition (Philadelphia: F. A. Davis Company, 1989).
- 2.1.4 Mosby's Emergency Dictionary (St. Louis: C.V. Mosby Company, 1989).
  - 2.2 Definitions:
- adjunct instructor—an individual with specialized subject matter expertise, who, on occasion, instructs a specific topic of a curriculum under the direction of the course instructor/coordinator.
   F 1256, F 1257
- **advanced life support**—medically accepted life sustaining, invasive or non-invasive procedures; provided at the detection of a physician or other authorized health care provider.
- **ambulance**—a vehicle for transportation of the sick and injured, equipped and staffed to provide emergency medical care during transit.
- **ambulance service**—a qualified provider of medical transportation for patients requiring treatment and/or monitoring due to illness or injury.
- **ambulance service provider**—a person or organization, either public or private, responsible for operation, maintenance, and administation of an ambulance service.
- associate instructor—an individual who possesses the qualifications and education/training of a course instructor/coordinator, but, in a specific course, assumes a supportive

- or assisting role to the course instructor/coordinator. This individual may substitute for the course instructor/coordinator in case of necessity or, in other courses, serves as a course instructor/coordinator.

  F 1256, F 1257
- basic life support—medically accepted non-invasive procedures used to sustain life.
- basic life support/cardiopulmonary resuscitation (BLS/CPR)—a set of skills that includes airway management, chest compressions, and others as defined by the American Heart Association.

  F 1254, F 1255, F 1287
- **call rotation**—a system in which emergency medical responses are allocated sequentially to multiple providers.
- clinical certification—a standardized process for evaluation and recognition of an acceptable level of competence in a specific aspect of patient care.
   F 1256, F 1257
- clinical experience—exposure to and practice in an area of patient care. F 1256, F 1257
- **clinical/field preceptor**—an individual who supervises and evaluates the students during clinical or field experiences under the direction of the course instructor/coordinator.

F 1256, F 1257

- clinical medical practice—patient diagnosis and treatment, including treatment protocols, which are the purview of qualified professionals (as determined by the state or other appropriate authority).
- **communication resource**—an entity responsible for implementation of direct medical direction and/or entities responsible for response and scene two-way communication (a. k. a. medical control resource).
- course administrator—an individual responsible for managing administrative details of a course, separate from actual instruction of the course.
  F 1256, F 1257
- course instructor/coordinator (I/C)—an individual who is authorized by the appropriate entity to present and assess competence in all of the subject matter contained in a curriculum. This person also oversees all instruction in the course and makes final evaluations concerning student competence.

  F 1256, F 1257
- **definitive care**—a level of therapeutic intervention capable of providing comprehensive health care services for a specific condition.
- **delegated practice**—the medical activities of providers performed under the authority and direction of a licensed physician.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This terminology is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F-30 on Emergency Medical Services and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F30.06 on Terminology.

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