# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD 3827/II

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MEWADYHAPOAHAA OPFAHUSALUA TIO CTAHAAPTUSALUU. ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

# Shipbuilding – Co-ordination of dimensions in ships' accommodation – Part II : Glossary of terms

Construction navale – Coordination dimensionnelle pour l'ameublement des navires – Partie II : Glossaire de termes

First edition - 1977-02-01

(standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO 3827-2:1977</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9b7b7982-f088-4fe8-9640de8bde468b45/iso-3827-2-1977

UDC 629.12 : 389.63 : 001.4

Ref. No. ISO 3827/II-1977 (E)

Descriptors : shipbuilding, ships, appointments, furnishing, prefabrication, dimensional co-ordination, modular structures, vocabulary.

### FOREWORD

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Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 3827 II was developed by Technical Committee VIEW ISO/TC 8, *Shipbuilding*, and was circulated to the member bodies in June 1975.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Austria	Israel	ISO 3827-2:1977 South Africa, Rep. of
Belgium	https://standards.iteh.a	ai/catalog/standards/sist/9b/b/982-1088-41e8-9640-
Brazil	Japan d	le8bde468b450sp-3827-2-1977
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The member body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

France

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# Shipbuilding – Co-ordination of dimensions in ships' accommodation – Part II : Glossary of terms

### INTRODUCTION

The rationalization of traditional shipbuilding methods provides a unique opportunity for the introduction of a system of dimensional co-ordination similar to that prepared for land use within ISO/TC 59, *Building construction*. The system will give module sizes, controlling dimensions, recommendations for co-ordinating spaces, etc., for use in dimensional co-ordination in shipbuilding and will thus facilitate greater use of prefabricated assemblies and utilization of related standard components.

In the adoption of dimensional co-ordination, the fullest possible clarification of the concepts involved and the terms S. I expressing those concepts is essential and this part of ISO 3927 is intended to promote such understanding. It

# should be read in conjunction with interview i

Part I : Principles of dimensional co-ordination 468b45/iso-3822001 9 dimension : A

Part III : Co-ordinating sizes for components and assemblies;

Part IV : Controlling dimensions.

### SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

This International Standard defines terms relating to dimensional co-ordination in shipbuilding. The terms are arranged in groups to cover separate aspects of the subject. Reference systems feature significantly in the dimensional co-ordination of ships and components. The "reference system" (clause 4) is the overall geometric network used to divide a ship's layout and to express dimensional requirements for various components and assemblies. Within this the "controlling reference system" (clause 5) relates only to the sizes and positions of elements of construction within the dimensional framework of the ship. The "component reference system" (clause 6) provides, in a comparable form, the dimensional description of an individual component for the purpose of its co-ordination with adjacent components.

An index of the terms is provided separately.

NOTE – Words in italics in definitions are terms defined elsewhere in this glossary.

GLOSSARY

### 1 CO-ORDINATION

**1001 dimensional co-ordination**: The application of a range of related *dimensions* to the sizing of *components* and *assemblies* and the structures incorporating them.

**1002 modular co-ordination** : *Dimensional co-ordination* using the *international basic module, multimodule*, and *sub-module* and a *modular reference system*.

**2001** dimension : A distance (for example between two points, lines or planes).

NOTE — The definition relates to the geometric concept of a dimension. In ordinary usage, the word "dimension" is also sometimes used to denote a specified *size*; thus, reference is made to the "dimensioning" of a drawing when the meaning is to enter upon it the specified values of the dimensions.

**2002** size : The magnitude of a *dimension* in terms of a defined unit.

**2003** preferred size : A *size* chosen in advance of others for specific purposes.

### **3 MODULES**

**3001** module : A convenient unit of *size* which is used as an increment of coefficient in *dimensional co-ordination*.

**3002** standard module : A *module* whose *size* is selected from the preferences listed in ISO 3827/III.

3003 basic module : A module whose size is 100 mm.

**3004 multimodule :** A *module* whose *size* is an agreed multiple of 100 mm.

**3005** sub-module : A *module* whose *size* is an agreed subdivision of 100 mm.

### 4 THE REFERENCE SYSTEM

### 4.1 General

4101 reference system : A system of points, lines and planes to which sizes and positions of a component or assembly may be related.

4102 reference point : A point of a reference system.

4103 reference line : A line of a reference system.

4104 reference plane : A plane of a reference system.

**4105** zone : A space between *reference planes* within or in relation to which a *component* or group of *components* is arranged. The space may be left unfilled.

**4106** neutral zone : A zone which interrupts the regular increments of a reference system.

4107 modular reference system : A reference system in which the distance between consecutive parallel planes or lines is the international basic module or a multiple thereof.

4108 modular point : A point of a modular reference system. standar

5006 deck to ceiling height : The height between the upper key reference plane of one deck and the lower key 4109 modular line : A line of a modular reference system reference plane of the ceiling above.

4110 modular plane : A plane of a modular reference

**5007 boundary condition** : The dimensional relationship of a boundary of a zone or co-ordinating space, to an adjacent key reference plane or other reference plane 4111 modular zone : A zone between modular planes. specified in relation to a key reference plane.

module.

bulkhead.

of controlling zone.

**a**1

top of beam.

plane.

NOTES

1 A zero boundary condition exists where the boundary of the zone or space is coincident with the reference plane.

4206 basic module grid : A reference grid in which the distance between consecutive parallel lines is one basic

5001 key reference plane : A reference plane which

defines the boundary of a controlling zone or the axis of a

5002 controlling line : A line representing a key reference

5003 controlling zone : A zone between key reference

planes, provided for a deck, deckhead, bulkhead or lining,

NOTE - Controlling zones contain the structure together with finishings, services, linings, suspended ceilings, etc., as applicable.

5004 controlling dimension : A dimension between key reference planes, for example deck to ceiling height, width

5005 tween deck height : The height from top of beam to

**5 THE CONTROLLING REFERENCE SYSTEM** 

2 A positive boundary condition exists where the *zone* or space extends past the *reference plane*.

3 A negative boundary condition exists where the zone or space stops short of the reference plane.

### 4.2 Line representation

system.

planes.

planes.

4201 reference grid : A rectilinear network of reference lines in one plane.

4112 modular space : A space bounded by modular

4113 modular dimension : A dimension between modular

4114 modular size : The size of a modular dimension.

4202 layout grid : A reference grid applied to the layout drawings of a ship.

4203 structural grid : A layout grid for locating structure.

4204 space grid : A three-dimensional network of rectilinear reference lines.

**4205** modular grid : A reference grid in which the distance between consecutive parallel lines is a multiple of the international basic module.

6 THE COMPONENT REFERENCE SYSTEM

6001 co-ordinating plane : A plane by reference to which a component or assembly is co-ordinated with another.

6002 co-ordinating space : A space bounded by coordinating planes, allocated to a component or assembly, including allowance for joints and tolerances.

### 6003 co-ordinating dimension :

1) A dimension of a co-ordinating space.

2) A dimension which is common to two or more components to permit their assembly.

**6004 co-ordinating size**: The *size* of a *co-ordinating dimension*.

NOTE - Recommendations for the derivation of co-ordinating sizes for components and assemblies are contained in ISO 3827/III.

### 7 THE COMPONENT AND ITS SIZES

7001 component : Material formed as a distinct unit.

**7002 modular component**: A *component* whose *co-ordinating sizes* are in accordance with ISO 3827/III.

7003 assembly: An aggregate of *components* used together.

**7004** work size : A *size* of a *component* specified for its manufacture, to which its actual size should conform within specified permissible deviations.

**7005** manufacturing size : A *size* within the specified permissible deviations from a *work size*.

7006 limits of size: The extreme permissible *manufacturing sizes* between which the actual size should lie.

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