# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 1998-05

Information technology – Configuration of Customer Premises Cabling (CPC) for applications –

# Part 2:

# i The grated Services Digital Network (ISDN) primary rate (standards.iteh.ai)

Technologies de l'information – Configuration du cablage dans les locaux d'usagers (CPC) pour les applications – Partie 2: Accès primaire au réseau numérique à intégration de services (RNIS)



Reference number ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998(E)

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<u>ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/56e5d9f5-b39b-4ecd-87f7-9801377612cb/iso-iec-14709-2-1998

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# CONTENTS

Page

FO	REWORD	3				
INTRODUCTION						
Cla	Clause					
1	Scope	5				
· •						
2						
3	3 Definitions					
4	Abbreviations and symbols	6				
	4.1 Abbreviations	6				
	4.2 Symbols	1				
5	Design requirements	7				
	5.1 General	7				
	5.2 Insertion loss	7				
	5.4 Electromagnetic environment up A DD DD DX / DX /	י 8				
	5.5 Spurs	8				
	5.6 Near-end crosstalk loss (NEXT) ards.iteh.ai)	8				
6	Point-to-point configurations	8				
-	ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998					
7 Component requirements within dedicated ISDNs cabling 5-b39b-4ecd-87f7						
	7.1 General	9				
	7.2 Gables	9				
	7.2.2 Characteristic impedance	9				
	7.2.3 Attenuation	10				
	7.2.4 Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) loss	10				
	7.2.5 Insulation resistance	10				
	7.3 Connectors	10				
	7.4 Cords	10				
8	Implementation over generic cabling systems1					
	8.1 General	10				
	8.2 Connection of ISDN primary access to generic cabling	11				
	8.3 Requirements for ISDN primary access generic cabling adapters	12				
9	Qualification of existing cabling	12				
	9.1 General	12				
	9.2 Spurs	13				
	9.3 Cabling integrity	13				
	9.4 Characteristic impedance	13				
	9.5 Insertion loss	13				
	9.6 Insulation resistance	13				
	9.7 Near-end crosstalk (NEXT) loss	13				

### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY –

## CONFIGURATION OF CUSTOMER PREMISES CABLING (CPC) FOR APPLICATIONS –

#### Part 2: Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) primary rate

#### FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the national bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO/IEC 14709-2 has been prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1: Information technology, Subcommittee SC 25: Interconnection of information technology equipment Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

This standard specifies Customer Premises Cabling for the connection of customer premises equipment with 1,544 Mbit/s and 2,048 Mbit/s interfaces to ISDN primary access and leased lines.

### <u>ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998</u>

The requirements in this standard are derived from 1TU-T 1.431 (Blue Book, Volume III) and contain additional requirements as well as modifications of 1TU-T 1.431 and IEC 60603-7.

The reader is referred to IEC 60950 for general safety requirements.

Other standards in the series are:

ISO/IEC 14709-1:1997, Information technology – Customer Premises Cabling (CPC) for applications – Part 1: Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) basic access

ISO/IEC 14763-1:—, Information technology – Implementation and operation of Customer Premises Cabling – Part 1: Administration <sup>1</sup>)

ISO/IEC 14763-2:—, Information technology – Implementation and operation of Customer Premises Cabling – Part 2: Planning and installation of copper cabling <sup>2</sup>)

ISO/IEC 14763-3:—, Information technology – Implementation and operation of Customer Premises Cabling – Part 3: Acceptance testing for optical cabling<sup>2</sup>)

ISO/IEC 14763-4:—, Information technology – Implementation and operation of Customer Premises Cabling – Part 4: Testing of balanced copper cabling<sup>2</sup>)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> To be published.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Under consideration.

### INTRODUCTION

This part of ISO/IEC 14709 is intended for use by those designing, planning, procuring, installing or testing cabling for ISDN primary access within a customer's premises. The design requirements are specified in clause 5; the minimum requirements for the associated components are specified in clause 7. In addition, guidance is given for the use of generic cabling in accordance with ISO/IEC 11801.

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### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY –

# CONFIGURATION OF CUSTOMER PREMISES CABLING (CPC) FOR APPLICATIONS –

#### Part 2: Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) primary rate

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 14709 specifies the design and configuration of Customer Premises Cabling for the connection of primary access ISDN equipment.

It includes

- design requirements for ISDN primary access point-to-point configuration;
- cabling requirements for the installation of new cabling;
- criteria for the use of existing cabling;
- criteria for implementation of ISDN primary access on generic cabling systems according to ISO/IEC 11801.

This standard applies to the customer premises cabling for the transmission of ISDN primary access signals as defined by ITU-T 1.431. The requirements in this standard apply to the cabling for both 1,544 Mbit/s and 2,048 Mbit/s interfaces.

# 2 Normative references ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998

#### https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/56e5d9f5-b39b-4ecd-87f7-

The following standards contain provisions/which,4through) reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO/IEC 14709. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO/IEC 14709 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

IEC 60603-7:1996, Connectors for frequencies below 3 MHz for use with printed boards – Part 7: Detail specification for connectors, 8-way, including fixed and free connectors with common mating features, with assessed quality

IEC 60807-8:1992, Rectangular connectors for frequencies below 3 MHz – Part 8: Detail specification for connectors, four-signal contacts and earthing contacts for cable screen

CISPR 22:1997, Information technology equipment – Radio disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement

CISPR 24:1997, Information technology equipment – Immunity characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement

ISO/IEC 11801:1995, Information technology – Generic cabling for customer premises

ISO/IEC 14709-1:1997, Information Technology – Customer Premises Cabling (CPC) for applications – Part 1: Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) basic access

ITU-T I.431: (Blue Book) Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) – Primary user-network interface – Layer 1

### 3 Definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO/IEC 14709 the definitions of ISO/IEC 14709-1 and ISO/ IEC 11801 apply, of which the following are repeated below.

#### 3.1

#### cable unit

single assembly of one or more cable elements usually of the same type or category. The cable unit may have a screen

NOTE - A binder group is an example of a cable unit.

[3.1.8 of ISO/IEC 11801:1995]

#### 3.2

#### channel

end-to-end transmission path connecting any two pieces of application-specific equipment. Equipment cables and work area cables are included in the channel

[3.1.13 of ISO/IEC 11801:1995]

#### 3.3

#### spur

multiple appearances of the same conductor or conductors continuing past the point of termination. Otherwise known as bridged taps, RD PREVIEW

# 4 Abbreviations and symbols and ards.iteh.ai)

#### 4.1 Abbreviations

#### ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998

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https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/56e5d9f5-b39b-4ecd-87f7-

- BD Building distributor
- CD Campus distributor
- DC Direct current
- EMC Electromagnetic compatibility
- FD Floor distributor
- GC Generic cabling
- ISDN Integrated services digital network
- NEXT Near-end crosstalk loss
- NT Network termination
- PBX Private branch exchange
- TE Terminal equipment

#### 4.2 Symbols

Cable



Network Termination



Dedicated cabling socket



Dedicated cabling plug



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- 7 -

Generic cabling socket (i.e. telecommunications outlet) ards.iteh.ai)

ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/56e5d9f5-b39b-4ecd-87f7-9801377612cb/iso-iec-14709-2-1998 Generic cabling plug

#### 5 Design requirements

#### 5.1 General

Signals passing between the NT1/NT2 and TE or signals passing between the NT1 and NT2 are subject to attenuation, distortion and induced noise. These signals may also cause electromagnetic radiation. Cabling components (including extension cords, adapters, cross-connect components, sockets, junction boxes etc.) and cable all contribute to these effects.

#### 5.2 Insertion loss

The insertion loss is measured from the NT1 to the TE, or from NT1 to NT2 at

- 0,772 MHz with 100  $\Omega$  non-reactive source and load impedances for 1,544 Mbit/s transmission rate;
- 1,024 MHz with 120  $\Omega$  non-reactive source and load impedances for 2,048 Mbit/s transmission rate.

The maximum insertion loss shall not exceed 6 dB in accordance with the system requirements of ITU-T I.431.

#### 5.3 Power feeding

In some cases power can be supplied via the cabling from the TE to the NT1 or from the NT2 to the NT1. In these cases a separate pair dedicated to power feeding is required.

#### 5.4 Electromagnetic environment

The performance of the ISDN primary access may be degraded by interference from external sources of electromagnetic radiation (such as motors), and from electrical signals from other applications carried under the same cable sheath. These effects can be minimized by employing good installation practice.

The impulsive noise generated by circuits carrying, for instance, analogue telephone signals or some unbalanced data transmission, can cause interference with signals carried on the ISDN cabling. Interference by crosstalk can be limited by putting pairs or quads for ISDN primary access in separate cables or cable units in the same cable.

EMC, emission and immunity to interference from the environment also have to be considered. EMC can be improved by screening, balancing of equipment, balance of cabling, filtering or a combination of these. However, all equipment and systems shall meet the requirements of EMC standards. The current relevant standards are CISPR 22 for emission and CISPR 24 for immunity.

#### 5.5 Spurs

There shall be no spurs in the ISDN primary access cabling.

#### 5.6 Near-end crosstalk loss (NEXT)

The NEXT of the cabling shall be greater than 25 dB at frequencies up to 1,0 MHz in accordance with the Class B link requirements of ISO/IEC 11801 and the system requirements of ITU-T I.431.

# 6 Point-to-point configurationsndards.iteh.ai)

Point-to-point configurations are illustrated in figure 21,998

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 $d_1$  is the distance between the NT1 and the point of connection of the customer's terminal equipment.  $d_1$  also applies to the distance between NT1 and NT2.

#### Figure 1 – Point-to-point configurations

Figure 1 is also relevant for the connection of an NT1 to an NT2.

The TE can be connected to the cabling in one of three ways

- via a plug at the end of a cord connected to the TE;
- hardwired, e.g. by the use of insulation displacement connectors incorporated in the TE;
- via a socket within the TE.

The insertion loss is measured over the distance  $d_1$  in figure 1 and shall not be greater than specified in 5.2.

Two pairs shall be available: one for the transmit circuit and one for the receive circuit.

It is recommended that the polarity of each wire be maintained throughout the length of the cabling to facilitate testing and provide more effective cable management.

#### 7 Component requirements within dedicated ISDN cabling

#### 7.1 General

Cabling specifically designed to support ISDN primary rate services shall comprise components which meet the requirements of 7.2, 7.3 and 7.4.

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The implementation of ISDN primary rate applications over generic cabling in accordance with ISO/IEC 11801 is defined in clause 83 nd ards.iten.a1)

#### 7.2 Cables

7.2.1 General

<u>ISO/IEC 14709-2:1998</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/56e5d9f5-b39b-4ecd-87f7-9801377612cb/iso-iec-14709-2-1998

Balanced cables (twisted pair or star quads) shall be used. The cable or cable elements may be screened or unscreened (see 5.4).

#### 7.2.2 Characteristic impedance

The characteristic impedance of the cable shall be in accordance with table 1.

#### Table 1 – Characteristic impedance requirements

	Transmission rate	
	1,544 Mbit/s	2,048 Mbit/s
Frequency MHz	Characteristic impedance $\Omega$	
0,200 - 0,772	100 ± 20	
0,772	100 ± 10	120 ± 24
0,772 – 1	Not specified	
1	Not specified	120 ± 12