

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 11070:2000

01-januar-2000

Vodila sterilnih žilnih katetrov za enkratno uporabo (ISO 11070:1998)

Sterile single-use intravascular catheter introducers (ISO 11070:1998)

Einführinstrumente für intravaskuläre Katheter zur einmaligen Verwendung (ISO 11070:1998)

Introducteurs de cathéters intravasculaires stériles, non réutilisables (ISO 11070:1998) (standards.iteh.ai)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 11070:1999

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f8d8145-2ce1-41ce-9fab-

d4b3f9a6edd7/sist-en-iso-11070-2000

en

ICS:

11.040.25 Injekcijske brizge, igle in Syri

katetri

Syringes, needles an

catheters

SIST EN ISO 11070:2000

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 11070:2000

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 11070

April 1999

ICS 11.040.20

English version

Sterile single-use intravascular catheter introducers (ISO 11070:1998)

Introducteurs de cathéters intravasculaires stériles, non réutilisables (ISO 11070:1998)

Einführinstrumente für intravaskuläre Katheter zur einmaligen Verwendung (ISO 11070:1998)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 March 1999.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

SIST EN ISO 11070:2000 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/3f8d8145-2ce1-41ce-9fab-d4b3f9a6edd7/sist-en-iso-11070-2000



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

Page 2 EN ISO 11070:1999

Foreword

The text of the International Standard from Technical Committee ISO/TC 84 "Medical devices for injections" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as an European Standard by Technical Committee CEN/TC 205 "Non-active medical devices", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 1999, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 1999.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 11070:1999 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

NOTE: Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative).

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)







Page 3 EN ISO 11070:1999

Annex ZA (normative)
Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

Publication	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN</u>	<u>Year</u>
ISO 594-1	1986	Conical fittings with a 6% (Luer) taper for syringes, needles and certain other medical equipment - Part 1: General requirements	EN 20594-1	1993
ISO 7886-1	1993	Sterile hypodermic syringes for single use - Part 1: Syringes for manual use (including Technical Corrigendum 1:1995)	EN ISO 7886-1	1997

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 11070:2000

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11070

> First edition 1998-05-01

Sterile single-use intravascular catheter introducers

Introducteurs de cathéters intravasculaires stériles, non réutilisables

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)



ISO 11070:1998(E)

ents	Page
Scope	1
Normative references	1
Definitions	1
General requirements	4
Additional requirements for introducer needles	5
Additional requirements for introducer catheters	6
Additional requirements for sheath introducers	7
Additional requirements for guide wires	8
Additional requirements for dilators	9
Additional requirements for kits containing combinations of devices specified in this International Standard	10
ces	
dance on materials and design t for corrosion resistance Teh STANDARD PREVIEW ermination of force at break of introducer catheters, sheath introducers and dilators t for liquid leakage from sheath introducers under pressure teh at t for liquid leakage through haemostasis valves of sheath introducers t for fracture of guide wires t for resistance of guide wires to damage by flexing t for strength of union of core wire and coil of guide wire and union of coil and safety wire	11 12 13 14 16 17 19 21 23
	Scope Normative references Definitions General requirements Additional requirements for introducer needles Additional requirements for introducer catheters Additional requirements for sheath introducers Additional requirements for guide wires Additional requirements for dilators Additional requirements for dilators Additional requirements for kits containing combinations of devices specified in this International Standard tor corrosion resistance in the standard standard requirements for dilators and design the for corrosion resistance in the standard standard requirements and design the standard region of force at break of introducer catheters, sheath introducers and dilators the for liquid leakage from sheath introducers under pressure to a standard requirements of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixisis 3848145 contains the product of standard requirements of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixisis 3848145 contains the product of standard requirements of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixisis 3848145 contains the product of standard requirements and dilators the formation of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixisis 3848145 contains the product of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixis and the product of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixis and the product of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixis and the product of guide wires to damage by flexing matrixis and guide wires to damage by flexing matrix and

© ISO 1998

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland
Internet central@iso.ch
X.400 c=ch; a=400net; p=iso; o=isocs; s=central

Printed in Switzerland

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 11070 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 84, *Medical devices for injection,* Subcommittee SC 1, *Syringes, needles and intravascular catheters for single use.*

Annexes B, C, D, E, F, G, and H form an integral part of this International Standard. Annexes A and J are for information only.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN ISO 11070:2000

ISO 11070:1998(E)

Sterile, single-use intravascular catheter introducers

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for introducer needles, introducer catheters, sheath introducers, guide wires and dilators supplied in the sterile condition, and intended for single use in conjunction with intravascular catheters specified in ISO 10555.

NOTE - Guidance on materials and design of accessory devices is given in annex A.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 594-1:1986, Conical fittings with a 6 % (Luer) taper for syringes, needles and certain other medical equipment — Part 1: General requirements.

ISO 594-2:1991, Conical fittings with a 6% (Luer) taper for syringes, needles and certain other medical equipment — Part 2: Lock fittings.

ISO 7886-1:1993, Sterile hypodermic syringes for single use — Part 1: Syringes for manual use.

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definitions apply.

NOTE - Schematic examples of the devices covered by this International Standard, with examples of terminology, are given for information in figures 1, 2 and 3.

3.1

coil (of a guide wire)

outer, helically wound wire

3.2

core wire (of a guide wire)

inner wire used to achieve stiffness of the guide wire

ISO 11070:1998(E) © ISO

3.3

dilator

flexible, tubular device used for dilating the percutaneous opening into a blood vessel

3.4

distal end

patient end

end of the device which is inserted into the patient

3.5

effective length

length of the device that can be inserted into the body

3.6

guide wire

spring guide

flexible device over which a catheter or dilator is passed to assist in the insertion and location of the catheter or dilator into a blood vessel

NOTE - The guide wire may be pre-formed, such as the J-type guide wire shown in figure 3, have a fixed or movable core, and may also be coated.

3.7

hub

connector(s) at the proximal end of the intravascular catheter introducer which may either be integral with the introducer or be capable of being securely fitted to the proximal end of the introducer

3.8 introducer catheter

(standards.iteh.ai)

short, flexible tube which is introduced into a blood vessel typically over an introducer needle, and through which a catheter or guide wire can be introduced after removal of the introducer needle ce1-41ce-9fab-

d4b3f9a6edd7/sist-en-iso-11070-2000

3.9

intravascular catheter introducer

device designed to be used in conjunction with an intravascular catheter to facilitate introduction into the vascular system

3.10

introducer needle

pointed, rigid tube through which a guide wire or catheter can be introduced into a blood vessel

3.11

proximal end

free end

end of the device opposite the distal end

3.12

safety wire (of a guide wire)

additional wire used to minimize the possibility of detachment of the tip

3.13

sheath introducer

flexible tube which is introduced into a blood vessel, typically over a dilator, and through which a guide wire or catheter can be introduced after removal of the dilator

3.14

tip

extremity of the distal end of the device