



Designation: **B941 – 10 B941 – 16**

Standard Specification for Heat Resistant Aluminum-Zirconium Alloy Wire for Electrical Purposes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B941; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers heat resistant aluminum-zirconium alloy round wire for electrical purposes. There is a family of aluminum-zirconium alloys that are used for heat-resistance (*i.e.*, that is, resist annealing), which differ by zirconium content, tensile strength, electrical conductivity, and maximum use temperature. This standard covers one currently commercially applicable alloy from this family.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on the date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.

2.2 *ASTM Standards:*²

[B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials](#)

[B557 Test Methods for Tension Testing Wrought and Cast Aluminum- and Magnesium-Alloy Products](#)

[B830 Specification for Uniform Test Methods and Frequency](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:* [ASTM B941-16](#)

3.1.1 *lot*—a group of production units, up to 30 000 lb [15 000 kg] of mass, of one type and size of wire, which was produced during the same time period, under similar production conditions, and, is presented for acceptance at the same time (Explanatory [Notes 1 and 2](#)).

3.1.2 *production unit*—a coil, reel, spool, or other package of wire that represents a single usable length.

3.1.3 *sample*—the production unit(s) from which a test specimen(s) has been removed, and which is considered to have properties representative of the lot.

3.1.4 *specimen*—a length of wire removed for test purposes.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:

4.1.1 Quantity of each size,

4.1.2 Wire size (see [11.1](#) and [11.2](#)),

4.1.3 Special tension test, if required (see [6.1](#), [6.2](#) and [7.1](#)),

4.1.4 Frequency of bending test (see [8.1](#) and [14.7](#)),

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.07 on Conductors of Light Metals.

Current edition approved Oct. 15, 2010/April 1, 2016. Published November 2010/May 2016. Originally approved in 2010. Last previous edition approved in 2010 as B941 – 10. DOI: [10.1520/B0941-10.1520/B0941-16](#).

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](#), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](#). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the [standard's](#) Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- 4.1.5 Special jointing procedures, if permitted (see 12.1),
- 4.1.6 Place of inspection (see 16.2),
- 4.1.7 Package size and type (see 17.1),
- 4.1.8 Special package marking, if required (see 17.4).

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 The aluminum wire shall be made from drawing stock. The rod shall have properties such that once drawn into wire, the wire properties set forth in Table 1 are met.

5.2 The wire shall be aluminum-zirconium alloy of such quality and purity that the finished product shall have the properties and characteristics prescribed in this specification, including tensile, elongation, heat resistance properties, bending properties, and electrical resistivity. Chemical analysis of a specific alloy is not a requirement of this specification unless definite agreement is reached between the manufacturer and the purchaser on individual orders.

6. Tensile Properties

6.1 *Tensile Strength and Elongation*—The wire shall conform to the tensile strength and elongation requirements set forth in Table 1 (Explanatory Note 3).

6.2 When requested by the purchaser, tension tests shall be made of specimens of wire containing joints made in the drawing stock or in the wire prior to final drawing. Such tests shall indicate tensile strengths not less than 90 % of the values for individual tests shown in Section 6.1.

7. Heat Resistance

7.1 Heat resistance tests (see section 14.4) shall indicate strengths not less than 90 % of the values for individual tests shown in Table 1. For the smallest size group, heat resistance values shall not be less than 90 % of the minimum strength specification. (Explanatory Note 5).

8. Wrap Test

8.1 The wire shall be free of brittleness as evidenced by its ability to be coiled or looped at least six times around its own diameter in a close helix, with or without a mandrel (see section 14.7). No fracture shall occur. Slight surface checks shall not constitute cause for rejection.

9. Resistivity

9.1 Electrical resistivity, determined on samples of drawn wire selected and tested in accordance with Test Method B193, shall not exceed 17.28 $\Omega \cdot \text{cmil}/\text{ft}$ ($0.02873 \Omega \cdot \text{mm}^2/\text{m}$) at 20°C (68°F) (Explanatory Note 4).

9.2 Equivalent conductivity; the wire shall meet or exceed 60.0 % IACS at 20°C (68°F).

9.3 When resistance measurements are made at temperatures other than 20°C (68°F), corrections shall be based on a temperature coefficient of resistance of $0.0036/^\circ\text{C}$ ($0.0020/^\circ\text{F}$); $0.0040/^\circ\text{C}$ ($0.0022/^\circ\text{F}$) (see Table 2).

10. Density

10.1 For the purpose of calculating mass, cross-section, and so forth, the density of aluminum-zirconium alloy shall be taken as 2700 kg/m³ [0.0970 lb/in.³] at 20°C [68°F].

11. Diameter

11.1 The diameter of the wire shall be specified in inches to the nearest 0.0001 in. or the diameter of the wire shall be specified in millimeters to the nearest 0.001 mm for wires less than 1.000 mm in diameter, and to the nearest 0.01 mm for wires 1.00 mm in diameter and larger.

11.2 The actual wire diameter shall not vary from the specified diameter by more than the values shown in Table 3.

TABLE 1 Tensile Strength and Elongation Requirements

Diameter		Tensile Strength		Heat Resistance	Elongation in 10 in. (250 mm)
in.	(mm)	min ksi	min (MPa)	(%)	min (%)
0.050-0.128	(1.25-3.25)	24.0	(165)	90 % of Minimum	2 %
0.128-0.154	(3.25-3.91)	23.5	(162)	90 %	2 %
0.154-0.185	(3.91-4.70)	23.0	(159)	90 %	2 %
> 0.185	(> 4.70)	22.5	(155)	90 %	2 %

TABLE 2 Temperature Correction Factors for Electrical Resistance

Resistance Temperature (°C)	Multiplying Factor for the conversion to 20°C
0	1.078
5	1.057
10	1.037
15	1.018
20	1
25	0.982
30	0.965
35	0.949
40	0.933
45	0.917
50	0.903
55	0.888
60	0.874
65	0.861
70	0.847
75	0.835
80	0.822
85	0.81
90	0.799
95	0.787
100	0.776
105	0.766
110	0.755
115	0.745
120	0.735
125	0.726
130	0.716
135	0.707
140	0.698
145	0.690
150	0.681
155	0.673
160	0.665
165	0.657
170	0.649
175	0.642
180	0.635
185	0.627
190	0.620
195	0.613
200	0.607
205	0.600
210	0.594
215	0.588
220	0.581
225	0.575
230	0.569
235	0.564
240	0.558

TABLE 2 Temperature Correction Factors for Electrical Resistance

Resistance Temperature (°C)	Multiplying Factor for the conversion to 20°C
0	1.080
5	1.060
10	1.040
15	1.020
20	1.000
25	0.980
30	0.960
35	0.940
40	0.920
45	0.900
50	0.880
55	0.860
60	0.840
65	0.820
70	0.800
75	0.780
80	0.760
85	0.740