This document is not an ASTM standard and is intended only to provide the user of an ASTM standard an indication of what changes have been made to the previous version. Because it may not be technically possible to adequately depict all changes accurately, ASTM recommends that users consult prior editions as appropriate. In all cases only the current version of the standard as published by ASTM is to be considered the official document.



Designation: D4397 - 10 D4397 - 16

Standard Specification for Polyethylene Sheeting for Construction, Industrial, and Agricultural Applications¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4397; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers polyethylene sheeting, $250 \,\mu m \,(0.010 \text{ in. or } 10 \text{ mils})$ or less in thickness, intended for construction, industrial, and agricultural applications.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.3 The following precautionary statement pertains only to the test methods portion, Section 8 of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

NOTE 1-There is no known ISO equivalent to this standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²
D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing
D882 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Thin Plastic Sheeting
D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics
D1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique
D1709 Test Methods for Impact Resistance of Plastic Film by the Free-Falling Dart Method
D2103 Specification for Polyethylene Film and Sheeting
D3892 Practice for Packaging/Packing of Plastics
D4976 Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Molding and Extrusion Materials
D6988 Guide for Determination of Thickness of Plastic Film Test Specimens
E96/E96M Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
E1347 Test Method for Color and Color-Difference Measurement by Tristimulus Colorimetry
F88 Test Method for Seal Strength of Flexible Barrier Materials
2.2 Military Standard:
MIL-STD-1916 DoD Preferred Methods for Acceptance of Product³

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The plastics terminology used in this specification is in accordance with the definitions given in Terminology D883.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 nominal length—the length of sheeting in any roll, as specified on product labels, invoices, sales literature, and the like.

3.2.2 *nominal net weight*—the weight of sheeting in any roll, as specified on product labels, invoices, sales literature, and the like.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D20 on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D20.19 on Film, Sheeting, and Molded Products.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available online at http://assist.daps.dla.mil.http://quicksearch.dla.mil.

🖽 D4397 – 16

3.2.3 *nominal thickness*—the thickness of sheeting in any roll, as specified on product labels, invoices, sales literature, and the like.

3.2.4 nominal width—the width of sheeting in any rolls, as specified on product labels, invoices, sales literature, and the like.

4. Materials

4.1 The sheeting shall be made from polyethylene or modified polyethylene, such as an ethylene copolymer consisting of a major portion of ethylene in combination with a minor portion of some other monomer, or a mixture of polyethylene with a lesser amount of other polymers.

NOTE 2-Polyethylene sheeting is made in a variety of colors, opacities, translucencies, and dimensions. It is recommended that manufacturers be consulted on the varieties available.

5. General Requirements

5.1 *Appearance*—The sheeting shall have appearance qualities conforming with those produced by good commercial practices. It shall be as free as is commercially possible of gels, streaks, pinholes, particles of foreign matter, and undispersed raw material. There shall be no other visible defects such as blocking, holes, tears, or blisters. The edges shall be free of nicks and cuts visible to the unaided eye.

5.2 Dimensions:

5.2.1 *Size*—The nominal thickness, width, and length of the sheeting in each roll shall be agreed upon between the buyer and the seller.

5.2.2 Tolerances:

5.2.2.1 *Thickness*—The thickness at any point, when measured in accordance with 8.7, shall not be less than 80 % of the nominal thickness.

5.2.2.2 *Width*—The tolerance for widths of 0.3 m (1 ft) or more, shall be 3.2 mm ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.) per foot of nominal width. For all widths less than 0.3 m (1 ft), the tolerance shall be 3.2 mm ($\frac{1}{8}$ in.). Width to be measured in accordance with 8.8.

5.2.2.3 Length—The length of sheeting per roll, when measured in accordance with 8.8, shall be within +3% to -1% within +3% to -1% of the length specified.

5.2.3 *Minimum Net Weight*—The actual net weight of each roll shall be not less than the nominal net weight, when determined in accordance with the formula established in 8.9. The nominal net weight shall, in turn, be the labeled net weight.

6. Detail Requirements

Document Preview

6.1 *Color and Finish*—The sheeting can be natural, (essentially colorless), color tinted, translucent, or opaque. The surface finish can be plain, printed, or otherwise treated as agreed upon between the buyer and the seller.

6.2 *Impact Resistance*—The average impact resistance shall be not less than the resistance specified in Table 1, when tested in accordance with 8.10.

6.3 *Mechanical Properties*—The average tensile strength and elongation at break for all thicknesses of sheeting shall be as specified in Table 2, when tested in accordance with 8.11.

6.4 *Reflectance*—The daylight reflectance of white opaque sheeting, intended for use in curing concrete, shall be not less than 70 %, when determined in accordance with 8.12.

6.5 *Luminous Transmittance*—Black sheeting intended for exclusion of light and for maximum resistance to weathering shall have an average luminous transmittance not greater than 1 %, when determined in accordance with 8.13. This low level of luminous transmittance indicates a high degree of opacity.

_	TABLE 1 Dart Drop Impact Resistance ^A				
	Nominal Thickness, µm (mils)	Dart Drop Impact Resistance, min, g			
	25 (1.0)	40			
	38 (1.5)	65			
	50 (2.0)	85			
	75 (3.0)	125			
	100 (4.0)	165			
	125 (5.0)	205			
	150 (6.0)	260			
	175 (7.0)	315			
	200 (8.0)	370			
	225 (9.0)	420			
	250 (10.0)	475			

^A Values for nominal thickness other than those listed shall be determined by arithmetical interpolation.

🕼 D4397 – 16

TABLE 2 Mechanical Properties

	Lengthwise Direction	Crosswise Direction
Tensile strength, min, MPa (psi)	11.7 (1700)	8.3 (1200)
Elongation, min, % ^A	225	350

 A For films of nominal thickness of <2 mils (<50 $\mu m),$ minimum % to be 200 and 325, respectively (LD/CD).

6.6 Water Vapor Transmission Rate (WVTR)—The average water vapor transmission shall not be greater than 22.0 g/m² (1.40 g/100 in.²) per 24 h for sheeting 25 μ m (1 mil) in thickness, when determined in accordance with 8.14. The water vapor transmission rate is inversely proportional to the thickness. Maximum limits for rate of water transmission as a function of thickness are given in Table 3. Equivalent maximum limits in terms of permeance are given in Table 4. The WVTR requirement is not necessary for all applications (such as pallet wrap). However, Table 3 and Table 4 can be used for those cases where the WVTR is an important consideration.

7. Sampling

7.1 Samples for test purposes shall be taken from rolls, selected at random from the total number of rolls in each shipment or lot, in accordance with Table 5.

7.2 The samples for testing shall be full width and shall be cut at least three full turns, but not less than 1.5 m (5 ft), from either end of the sheeting on each roll. Normally about 2 m² (20 ft²) of sheeting is needed to carry out all the tests. All the tests shall be made on each sample roll. Rolls damaged in shipment shall not be selected for testing.

7.3 The specimens to be used for a particular test shall be cut from different parts of the sheeting sample (that is, they shall not be cut adjacent to one another), unless otherwise specified in the test.

8. Test Methods

8.1 *General*—The tests given herein are intended primarily for use as production tests in conjunction with manufacturing processes and inspection methods to ensure conformity of sheeting with the requirements of this specification.

8.2 *Production Inspection and Testing*—During the process of manufacture, the manufacturer shall make inspections and tests in accordance with methods described by this specification. The manufacturer shall keep such essential records and other information to document his claim that the requirements of this specification are met with a high degree of assurance.

8.3 *Inspection*—The samples of sheeting shall be visually inspected to determine conformance of the sheeting with the requirements of 5.1.

8.4 Conditioning—Condition the test specimens at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}C$ (73.4 $\pm 3.6^{\circ}F$) for not less than 40 h prior to test in accordance with Specification D4976 or as otherwise specified by agreement. In cases of disagreement, the tolerances shall be $\pm 1^{\circ}C$ ($\pm 1.8^{\circ}F$).

8.5 *Test Conditions*—Conduct the tests at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}C$ (73.4 $\pm 3.6^{\circ}F$) in accordance with Specification D4976 or as otherwise specified by agreement. In cases of disagreement, the tolerances shall be $\pm 1^{\circ}C$ ($\pm 1.8^{\circ}F$).

8.6 In addition, for films containing fillers, co-monomers, pigments or other modifiers of a hydrophilic nature, conditioning and testing shall be done at 50 \pm 10 % relative humidity. In cases of disagreement, the tolerance shall be \pm 5 % relative humidity.

ADIE 2 Specification for Water Vener Transmission Date

8.7 *Thickness*—Measure the thickness in accordance with Guide D6988.

(WVTR) ^A								
WVTR (g/24·h·m ²) max	Nominal Thickness		WVTR (g/ - 24.b.100.in ²)					
	μm	(mils)	max					
22.0	25	(1)	1.40					
11.0	50	(2)	0.70					
7.3	75	(3)	0.47					
5.5	100	(4)	0.35					
4.4	125	(5)	0.28					
3.7	150	(6)	0.23					
3.1	175	(7)	0.20					
2.8	200	(8)	0.18					
2.4	225	(9)	0.16					
22	250	(10)	0 14					

^A Values for nominal thickness other than those listed shall be determined by arithmetical interpolation.