

Designation: D4576 - 16

# Standard Test Method for Mold Growth Resistance of Wet Blue and Wet White<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4576; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination of mold growth resistance of Wet Blue and Wet White subject to storage and shipping requirements and intended for use in leather manufacturing. This test method may not be suitable to evaluate fungicides that are inactivated by proteins. This includes alkyldimethylbenzyl ammonium chlorides.
- 1.2 Conclusions about mold growth resistance are drawn from the results by comparing the test with a simultaneously run control of known resistance. Success or failure is determined by the amount of mold growth relative to the control.
- 1.3 To allow use of this test method by any laboratory, flexibility has been permitted in times, temperature, and humidity of incubation, inoculum, hide sampling area, and choice of control. These may be adjusted to fit local conditions but must be standardized.
- 1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

# 2. Terminology

- 2.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 2.1.1 *Wet Blue*—hide or skin, or split of a hide or skin, tanned with basic chromium sulfate, containing approximately 50 % moisture and having an acidic pH.
- 2.1.2 *Wet White*—a hide or skin, or split of a hide or skin tanned with organic or non-organic tanning agents (excluding chromium or iron containing agents and vegetable extracts), containing approximately 50 % moisture.

### 3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 Wet Blue and Wet White test specimens are surrounded by but not covered with agar, inoculated, and incubated.

- 3.2 After various incubation periods, mold growth is rated as a percentage of the Wet Blue and Wet White surface covered by mold.
- 3.3 Resistance to mold growth of the Wet Blue or Wet White test specimen is determined by comparison with Wet Blue or Wet White of known resistance characteristics (the control), that is tested simultaneously.

## 4. Significance and Use

- 4.1 This test method provides a technique for evaluating mold growth resistance characteristics of Wet Blue and Wet White, and should assist in the prediction of storage time before molding occurs.
- 4.2 The degree of correlation between this test and commercial quantities of Wet Blue and Wet White in storage or shipment situations, or both, has not been fully determined.

## 5. Interferences

- 5.1 A common interference is contamination of plates, agar, or samples by unwanted organisms that settle in from the
- 5.2 Volatility and Leachability of Biocides—A "zone of inhibition" where no mold grows on the agar adjacent to the specimen indicates that the fungicide may leach.

#### 6. Apparatus

- 6.1 Petri Dishes, 120 mm diameter. Sterile plastic disposable dishes are preferred.
- 6.2 *Incubator*, or location providing similar conditions being free of drafts, and capable of a constant ( $\pm$  2°C) temperature within the 26 to 30°C range.
- 6.3 *Medicine droppers*, disposable plastic type delivering 30 to 35 drops per mL.

#### 7. Reagents and Materials

7.1 *Potato Dextrose Agar*, <sup>2</sup> a dehydrated plating medium used in culturing yeasts and molds from dairy products.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D31 on Leather and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D31.02 on Wet Blue.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The sole source of supply of a product that meets the requirements of this method known to the committee at this time is Potato Dextrose Agar stock no. 0013-01-4, available from Difco Labs, P.O. Box 1058A, Detroit, MI 28232. If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend.