



Designation: ~~F836M—02 (Reapproved 2015)~~ F836M – 16

Standard Specification for Style 1 Stainless Steel Metric Nuts (Metric)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F836M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope—Scope*

1.1 This specification covers the chemical and mechanical requirements for stainless steel metric nuts with nominal thread diameters M1.6 through M36 and intended for use in engineering applications requiring general corrosion resistance.

1.2 Eight groups of stainless steel alloys are covered, including three austenitic (Grades A1, A2, and A4), one ferritic (Grade F1), three martensitic (Grades C1, C3, and C4), and one precipitation hardening (Grade P1).

1.3 Seventeen property classes are covered, including nine austenitic, one ferritic, six martensitic, and one precipitation hardening. The property classes with the permissible alloys for each are listed in **Table 1**.

1.4 This specification is based in concept and content on ISO 3506. The chemical and mechanical requirements specified for all property classes, except as given in **1.4.1**, are essentially identical with classes of the same designation in ISO 3506.

1.4.1 This specification includes 13 of the 16 property classes covered in ISO 3506. Additionally, it includes property classes A1-70, A2-70, A4-70, A1-80, A2-80, and A4-80 for products with nominal thread diameters larger than M20; and four non-ISO property classes, C1-110, C4-110, C3-120, and P1-90.

1.5 Supplementary requirements of an optional nature are provided, applicable only when agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser at the time of the inquiry and order.

1.6 Suitable bolts, hex cap screws, and studs for use with nuts included in this specification are covered by Specification **F738M**. Unless otherwise specified, all bolts, hex cap screws, and studs used with these nuts shall conform to the requirements of Specification **F738M** and shall be of the same alloy group.

1.7 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²
- [A262 Practices for Detecting Susceptibility to Intergranular Attack in Austenitic Stainless Steels](#)
 - [A342/A342M Test Methods for Permeability of Weakly Magnetic Materials](#)
 - [A380 Practice for Cleaning, Descaling, and Passivation of Stainless Steel Parts, Equipment, and Systems](#)
 - [A493 Specification for Stainless Steel Wire and Wire Rods for Cold Heading and Cold Forging](#)
 - [A555/A555M Specification for General Requirements for Stainless Steel Wire and Wire Rods](#)
 - [A564/A564M Specification for Hot-Rolled and Cold-Finished Age-Hardening Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes](#)
 - [A582/A582M Specification for Free-Machining Stainless Steel Bars](#)
 - [A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products](#)
 - [D3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging](#)
 - [E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications](#)
 - [F606M Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets \(Metric\)](#)
 - [F738M Specification for Stainless Steel Metric Bolts, Screws, and Studs \(Withdrawn 2014\)³](#)
 - [F1470 Practice for Fastener Sampling for Specified Mechanical Properties and Performance Inspection](#)

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.04 on Nonferrous Fasteners. Current edition approved Sept. 1, 2015; May 1, 2016. Published November 2015; July 2016. Originally approved in 1983. Last previous edition approved in 2014 as ~~F536—02~~F836M—02(2010):(2015). DOI: ~~10.1520/F0836M-02R15~~10.1520/F0836M-16.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

TABLE 1 Property Classes of Stainless Steel Nuts

Property Class	Permissible Alloys
A1-50	304, 304L, 305 ^A
A1-70	384, 18-9LW, 302HQ
A1-80	
A2-50	
A2-70	321, 347
A2-80	
A4-50	
A4-70	316, 316L
A4-80	
F1-45	430 ^B
C1-70	410
C1-110	
C3-80	431
C3-120	
C4-70	416, 416Se
C4-110	
P1-90	630

^A When approved by the purchaser, Alloys 303, 303Se, or XM1 may be furnished.

^B When approved by the purchaser, Alloy 430F may be furnished.

2.2 ISO Standard:⁴

[ISO 3506 Corrosion-Resistant Stainless Steel Fasteners](#)

[ISO 4032 Hexagon regular nuts \(style 1\)—Product grades A and B](#)

2.3 ASME Standards:

[ASME B1.13M Metric Screw Threads—M Profile⁴](#)

[ASME B18.2.4.1MB18.2.4.4M Metric Hex Nuts, Style 1—Flange Nuts](#)

NOTE 1—The following ASTM standards are noted for information only as suitable sources of material for the manufacture of nuts to this specification: Specifications [A493](#), [A564/A564M](#), and [A582/A582M](#).

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3. Classification

3.1 The designation of each property class is comprised of three parts, a letter followed by a single digit, followed by either two or three digits (see [Table 1](#)).

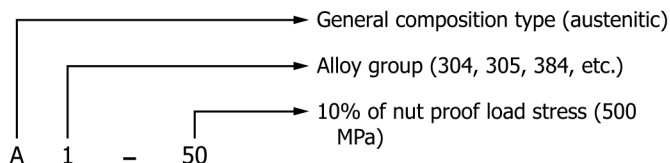
3.1.1 The letter indicates the general composition type of stainless steel:

- 3.1.1.1 *A* for austenitic steels,
- 3.1.1.2 *F* for ferritic steels,
- 3.1.1.3 *C* for martensitic steels, and
- 3.1.1.4 *P* for precipitation-hardening steel.

3.1.2 The first digit (1, 2, 3, or 4) indicates the alloy group. The permissible alloys within each group are given in [Table 1](#).

3.1.3 The last two or three digits (50, 70, 110, etc.) indicate 10 % of the specified nut proof load stress of the property class.

3.1.4 For example, Class A1-50 is an austenitic steel of any one of six permitted alloys, and the manufactured nut has a proof load stress of 500 MPa.



⁴ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, <http://www.asme.org>.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Orders for nuts under this specification shall include the following :
- 4.1.1 Quantity (number of pieces of each item);
 - 4.1.2 Name of item (specific type and style, and references to dimensional standard when appropriate);
 - 4.1.3 Size (nominal diameter, thread pitch);
 - 4.1.4 Property class;
 - 4.1.5 Supplementary requirements, if any (S1 through S3).
 - 4.1.6 Orders for nuts under this specification may include the following optional requirements:
 - 4.1.6.1 Forming (5.1);
 - 4.1.6.2 Alloy condition (5.2);
 - 4.1.6.3 Alloy selection (7.2.1 and S2);
 - 4.1.6.4 Test report (15.2);
 - 4.1.6.5 Additional testing (11.3);
 - 4.1.6.6 Corrosion resistance testing (11.2);
 - 4.1.6.7 Inspection (13.1);
 - 4.1.6.8 Heat number (11.1.1);
 - 4.1.6.9 Certification (15.1);
 - 4.1.6.10 Proof load testing (9.2).
 - 4.1.7 ASTM specification and date of issue. When date of issue is not specified, nuts shall be furnished to the latest issue.

NOTE 2—Example:

10 000 pieces, hex nut, ~~ASME B18.2.4.1M~~ISO 4032, M6 × 1, Class A2-70, furnish test report, ASTM F836M – XX.

—15 000 pieces, Hex Flange Nuts, ASME B18.2.4.4M, M8 × 1.25, class A4-50, Supplementary Requirement S3, ASTM F836 – XX.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 *Forming*—Unless otherwise specified, nuts shall be cold-formed, hot-formed, or machined, at the option of the manufacturer.

5.2 *Condition*—Nuts shall be furnished in the condition specified for the property class in Table 2. If other conditions are required, the condition and resultant mechanical properties shall be as agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

5.3 *Surface Finish*—Unless otherwise specified, nuts shall be cleaned and descaled in accordance with Practice A380.

6. Heat Treatment

6.1 *Austenitic Alloys, Grades A1, A2, and A4:*

6.1.1 When Condition A is specified, the nuts shall be machined from annealed or solution annealed stock, thus retaining the properties of the original material, or hot formed and solution annealed.

6.1.2 When Condition AF is specified, the nuts, following manufacture, shall be annealed by heating to $1040 \pm 30^\circ\text{C}$, at which time the chromium carbide will go into solution. The nuts shall be held for a sufficient time and then cooled at a rate sufficient to prevent precipitation of the carbide and to provide the properties specified in Table 2.

6.1.3 When Condition CW is specified, the austenitic alloy shall be annealed as specified in 6.1.1, and then cold-worked to develop the properties specified in Table 2.

6.1.4 When Condition SH is specified, nuts shall be machined from strain hardened stock.

6.2 *Ferritic Alloys, Grade F1:*

6.2.1 When Condition A is specified, the ferritic alloy shall be heated to a temperature of $790 \pm 30^\circ\text{C}$, held for an appropriate time, and then air-cooled to provide the properties specified in Table 2.

6.2.2 When Condition AF is specified, nuts shall be treated as specified in 6.1.2.

6.3 *Martensitic Alloys, Grades C1, C3, and C4:*

6.3.1 When Condition H is specified, the nuts shall be hardened and tempered by heating to $1010 \pm 30^\circ\text{C}$ sufficient for austenitization, holding for at least 1 h and then air-cooling to provide the properties specified in Table 2.

6.3.2 When Condition HT is specified, the nuts shall be hardened and tempered by heating to $1010 \pm 30^\circ\text{C}$ sufficient for austenitization, holding for at least $\frac{1}{2}$ h, rapid air- or oil-quenching, reheating to 275°C minimum, and holding for at least 1 h and then air-cooling to provide the properties specified in Table 2.

6.4 *Precipitation-Hardening Alloy, Grade P1*—When Condition AH is specified, the nuts shall be solution-annealed and aged by heating to $1040 \pm 15^\circ\text{C}$, holding for at least $\frac{1}{2}$ h, rapid air- or oil-quenching to 27°C maximum, reheating to $620 \pm 10^\circ\text{C}$ minimum, holding for 4 h, and then air-cooling to provide the properties specified in Table 2.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 It is the intent of this specification that nuts shall be ordered by property class.

TABLE 2 Mechanical Property Requirements

Property Class	Condition ^A	Alloy/Mechanical Property Marking	Nominal Thread Diameter	Proof Load Stress, MPa	Hardness			
					Vickers		Rockwell	
					min	max	min	max
A1-50 A2-50 A4-50	A or AF	F836A F836B F836C	M1.6 to M36	500	155	220	B81	B95
A1-70 A2-70 A4-70	CW	F836D F836E F836F	M1.6 to M20 over M20 to M36	700 550	220 160	330 310	B96 B83	C33 C31
A1-80 A2-80 A4-80	SH	F836G F836H F836J	M1.6 to M20 over M20 to M24 over M24 to M30 over M30 to M36	800 700 650 600	240 220 200 180	350 330 310 285	C23 B96 B93 B89	C36 C33 C30 C28
F1-45	A or AF	F836K	M1.6 to M36	450	135	220	B74	B96
C1-70 C4-70	H	F836L F836M	M1.6 to M36	700	220	330	B96	C34
C1-110 C4-110	HT	F836N F836P	M1.6 to M36	1100	350	440	C36	C45
C3-80	H	F836R	M1.6 to M36	800	240	340	C23	C35
C3-120	HT	F836S	M1.6 to M36	1200	380	480	C39	C48
P1-90	AH	F836T	M1.6 to M36	900	285	370	C28	C38

^A Legend of Conditions:

AF—formed and annealed.

CW—formed from annealed stock, thus acquiring a degree of cold work.

SH—machined from strain hardened stock.

A—machined from annealed or solution annealed stock, thus retaining the properties of the original material, or hot formed and solution annealed.

H—hardened and tempered at 565°C medium.

HT—hardened and tempered at 275°C minimum.

AH—solution annealed and age hardened after forming.

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7.2 Unless otherwise specified in the inquiry and purchase order (see Supplementary Requirement S2), when two or more alloys are permitted for nuts of a specified property class, the choice of alloy to be used shall be that of the fastener manufacturer as determined by his nut fabrication methods and material availability. The specific alloy used by the manufacturer shall be identified clearly on any certification required in the purchase order and shall have a chemical composition conforming to the limits specified in [Table 3](#).

7.2.1 When the purchaser specifies that a specific alloy be used, the alloy shall have a chemical composition conforming to the limits specified in [Table 3](#).

7.3 Product analysis may be made by the purchaser from nuts representing each lot. The chemical composition thus determined shall conform to the limits specified in [Table 3](#) for the specific alloy within the product analysis tolerances specified in Specification [A555/A555M](#).

7.3.1 In the event of discrepancy, a referee analysis of samples for each lot shall be made in accordance with [12.1](#).

8. Corrosion Resistance

8.1 Carbide Precipitation:

8.1.1 Rod, bar, and wire in the austenitic Alloy Groups A1, A2, and A4, except the free-machining grades, 303 and 303Se, used to make nuts in accordance with this specification, shall be capable of passing the test for susceptibility to intergranular corrosion as specified in Practice E of Practices [A262](#).

8.1.2 As stated in Practices [A262](#), samples may be subjected to the faster and more severe screening test in accordance with Practice A. Failing Practice A, specimens may be tested in accordance with Practice E and be considered satisfactory if passing Practice E.

9. Mechanical Properties

9.1 The hardness of nuts of each class shall not exceed the maximum hardness specified for the class in [Table 2](#). This shall be the only hardness requirement for nuts that are proof load tested.