This document is not an ASTM standard and is intended only to provide the user of an ASTM standard an indication of what changes have been made to the previous version. Because it may not be technically possible to adequately depict all changes accurately, ASTM recommends that users consult prior editions as appropriate. In all cases only the current version of the standard as published by ASTM is to be considered the official document.



Designation: A1018/A1018M - 16 A1018/A1018M - 16a

### Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Heavy-Thickness Coils, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Commercial, Drawing, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A1018/A1018M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

#### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers hot-rolled, heavy-thickness coils beyond the size limits of Specification A1011/A1011M.

1.2 The product is available in six designations: Commercial Steel, Drawing Steel, Structural Steel, High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel, High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength Steel.

1.3 This material is available only in coils described as follows:

Product	Size Limits, Coils O	nly
	Width, in. [mm]	Thickness, in. [mm]
Strip	Over 8 to 12, incl	0.230 to 1.000, incl
Sheet	[Over 200 to 300] Over 12	[From 6.0 through 25] 0.230 to 1.000, incl
	[Over 300]	[From 6.0 through 25]

NOTE 1—The changes in width limits with the publication of A635/A635M – 06a result in a change in tensile testing direction for material from 0.180 in. [4.5 mm] to 0.230 in. exclusive [6.0 mm exclusive] over 48 in. [1200 mm] wide as that material is now covered by Specification A568/A568M – 06a.

The purchaser is advised to discuss this change with the supplier.

1.4 Sheet and strip in coils of sizes noted in 1.3 are covered by this specification only with the following provisions:

1.4.1 The material is to be fed directly from coils into a blanking press, drawing or forming operation, tube mill, rolling mill, or sheared or slit into blanks for subsequent drawing or forming.

1.4.2 The material is not to be converted into steel plates for structural or pressure vessel use unless tested in complete accordance with the appropriate sections of Specifications A6/A6M (plates provided from coils) or A20/A20M (plates produced from coils). Plate converted from coils is no longer governed by this sheet steel specification and since this material is now a plate, the requirements of the appropriate plate specification shall apply, except in cases where there is a conflict between the requirements of the plate specification and this specification. In these cases, the more restrictive limits of either specification shall apply.

1.4.3 The dimensional tolerances of Specification A635/A635M are applicable to material produced to this specification.

1.4.4 Not all strength levels are available in all thicknesses. The user should consult the producer for appropriate size limitations.

1.5 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A6/A6M Specification for General Requirements for Rolled Structural Steel Bars, Plates, Shapes, and Sheet Piling

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloysand is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.19 on Steel Sheet and Strip.

Current edition approved May 1, 2016Sept. 1, 2016. Published May 2016September 2016. Originally approved in 2001. Last previous edition approved in 20152016 as A1018/A1018M – 15. A1018/A1018M – 16. DOI: 10.1520/A1018A1018M-16.10.1520/A1018A1018M-16A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

### 🕼 A1018/A1018M – 16a

A20/A20M Specification for General Requirements for Steel Plates for Pressure Vessels

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A568/A568M Specification for Steel, Sheet, Carbon, Structural, and High-Strength, Low-Alloy, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled, General Requirements for

A572/A572M Specification for High-Strength Low-Alloy Columbium-Vanadium Structural Steel

A635/A635M Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Heavy-Thickness Coils, Hot-Rolled, Alloy, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, and High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, General Requirements for

A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products

A941 Terminology Relating to Steel, Stainless Steel, Related Alloys, and Ferroalloys

A1011/A1011M Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

G101 Guide for Estimating the Atmospheric Corrosion Resistance of Low-Alloy Steels

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions—For definitions of other terms used in this specification refer to Terminology A941.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *inclusion control*, *n*—the process of reducing the volume fraction of inclusions or modifying the shape of inclusions to improve formability, weldability, and machinability.

3.2.1.1 Discussion-

Inclusions, especially those elongated during the rolling process, create the conditions for initiating or propagating cracks, or both, when the material is stretched or bent during the manufacture of a part. The adverse effects of inclusions are minimized by reducing the content of inclusions in the steel, or by altering the shape of inclusions through the use of additions during the steelmaking process that change the elongated shape of the inclusions to less harmful small, well dispersed globular inclusions, or both.

#### 4. General Requirements for Delivery

4.1 Material furnished under this specification shall conform to the applicable requirements of the current edition of Specification A635/A635M, unless otherwise provided herein.

#### 5. Classification

#### <u>ASTM A1018/A1018M-16a</u>

5.1 Heavy thickness coils are available in the following designations: 5.1.1 Commercial Steel (CS Types A-A, B, and B): C):

5.1.1.1 *Commercial Steel*, CS Types A and B combined with chemistry grade in accordance with Specification A635/A635M Table X1.3. (CS Type A-1006, CS Type A-1008, and so forth).

5.1.1.2 *Commercial Steel Designations*, in accordance with Specification A635/A635M Table X1.1, with no type specified, (CS-1005, CS-1006, CS-1020, and so forth).

5.1.2 Drawing Steel (DS Types A and B):

5.1.2.1 *Drawing Steel*, DS Types A and B combined with chemistry grade per Specification A635/A635M Table X1.3. (DS Type A-1005, DS Type B-1006, and so forth.)

5.1.3 Structural Steel-(SS Grades 30[205], 33[230], 36[250] Types 1 and 2, 40[275] and 45[310]).

5.1.4 *High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel*—(HSLAS Grades 45[310], 50[340], 55[380], 60[410], 65[450], 70[480]) in Classes 1 and 2.

5.1.4.1 This material is intended for miscellaneous applications where greater strength and savings in weight are important. The material is available in two classes. They are similar in strength level, except that Class 2 offers improved weldability and more formability than Class 1. Atmospheric corrosion resistance of these steels is equivalent to plain carbon steels. With copper specified, the atmospheric corrosion is somewhat enhanced.

5.1.5 High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel with Improved Formability—(HSLAS-F Grades 50[340], 60[410], 70[480], 80[550]).

5.1.5.1 This material has improved formability when compared with HSLAS. The steel is killed and made to a fine ferritic grain practice and includes microalloying elements such as columbium, titanium, vanadium, zirconium, and so forth. The steel shall be treated to achieve inclusion control. The material is intended for miscellaneous applications where higher strength, savings in weight, improved formability, and weldability are important. Atmospheric corrosion resistance of these steels is equivalent to plain carbon steels. With copper specified, the atmospheric corrosion resistance is somewhat enhanced.

NOTE 2-For methods of establishing the atmospheric corrosion resistance of low-alloy steels, see Guide G101.

5.1.6 Ultra-High Strength Steel—(UHSS Grades 90 [620] and 100 [690], Types 1 and 2).



5.1.6.1 This material has increased strength compared with HSLAS-F. The steel is killed and made to a fine ferritic grain practice, and includes microalloying elements such as columbium (niobium), titanium, vanadium, molybdenum, and so forth. The steel shall be treated to achieve inclusion control. The material is intended for miscellaneous applications where higher strength, savings in weight, and weldability are important. Atmospheric corrosion resistance of these steels is equivalent to plain carbon steels. With copper specified, the atmospheric corrosion resistance is somewhat enhanced.

5.1.7 When required for HSLAS, HSLAS-F, and UHSS steels, limitations on the use of one or more of the microalloy elements shall be specified on the order.

5.2 The limits for copper, chromium, nickel, and molybdenum are available in two levels, Limits A and Limits B (see Table 1).

#### 6. Ordering Information

6.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information, as required, to describe adequately the desired material.

6.1.1 ASTM specification number and year of issue.

6.1.2 Name of material and designation (hot-rolled steel sheet or hot-rolled strip) (include grade and, as appropriate, type and class for CS, DS, SS, HSLAS, HSLAS-F, and UHSS) (see 5.1).

6.1.2.1 For CS and DS, when a type is not specified, Type B will be furnished.

(1) When a chemistry grade is specified in accordance with Specification A635/A635M TableX1.3, Table X1.3, the grade shall be furnished as CS Type B-1008, DS Type A-1005, and so forth.

(2) When only a Steel Designation is specified in accordance with Specification A635/A635M Table X1.1, with no reference to CS Type A, CS Type B, DS Type A or DS Type B, the grade shall be furnished as CS-1005, CS-1008, CS-1020, and so forth. 6.1.2.2 For SS Grade 36, when a type is not specified, Type 1 will be furnished (see 5.1).

6.1.2.3 For UHSS, when a type is not specified, Type 1 shall be furnished.

6.1.2.4 For HSLAS, when a class is not specified, Class 1 will be furnished (see 5.1),

6.1.3 Copper bearing, (if required),

6.1.4 For SS, HSLAS, and HSLAS-F and selected CS steels, specify the limits for chemical requirements listed in Table 1 (elements Cu, Cr, Ni, and Mo). When Limits A or Limits B is not specified, Limits A shall be furnished.

6.1.5 *Condition*—Material in accordance with this specification is furnished in the hot rolled condition. Pickled (or blast cleaned) must be specified if required. Material ordered as pickled (or blast cleaned) will be oiled unless ordered dry,

# **Document Preview**

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements: Cu, Ni, Cr and Mo for Commercial Steels, Structural Steels, High-Strength Low-Alloy Steels, and High-Strength Low-Alloy Steels with Improved Formability

	% Heat Analysis, Element Maximum Unless Otherwise Shown										
Designation dards iteh.	ai/cLimits)g/star	dards/Cu <sup>A,B</sup> 6b0474	40-d6f7-Ni <sup>ø</sup> 8ab-812	f-314640Cr <sup>B,C</sup> 714/astn	n-a1018 Mo <sup><i>B,C</i>18m-16a</sup>						
CS:											
Grades 1002–1095,	А	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.06						
1515–1566	В	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.12						
SS:											
All grades	А	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.06						
	В	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.12						
HSLAS:											
All grades and classes	А	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.06						
except for Grade 70 [480]	В	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.12						
Grade 70 [480] Class 1 and Class 2	А	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.16						
	В	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.16						
HSLAS-F:											
Grades 50 [340] and 60 [410]	А	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.06						
	В	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.12						
Grade 70 [480] and 80 [550]	А	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.16						
	В	0.40	0.40	0.30	0.16						

<sup>A</sup> When copper bearing steel is specified, the minimum limit for copper is 0.20 %. When copper bearing steel is not specified, the maximum limit for copper is as shown in the table.

<sup>*B*</sup> For Limits B steels, the sum of copper, nickel, chromium and molybdenum shall not exceed 1.00 % on heat analysis. When one or more of these elements are specified by the purchaser, the sum does not apply; in which case, only the individual limits on the remaining elements shall apply.

<sup>c</sup> For Limits B steels, the sum of chromium and molybdenum shall not exceed 0.32 % on heat analysis. When one or more of these elements are specified, the sum does not apply; in which case, only the individual limits on the remaining elements shall apply.

## () A1018/A1018M – 16a

6.1.6 Type of edge must be specified for hot rolled sheet coils and strip coils, either mill edge or cut edge (sheet), mill edge or slit edge (strip),

6.1.7 Dimensions (decimal thickness and width of material),

NOTE 3—Not all producers are capable of meeting all the limitations of the thickness tolerance tables in Specification A635/A635M. The purchaser should contact the producer regarding possible limitations prior to placing an order.

6.1.8 Coils size and weight requirements (must include inside diameter (ID), outside diameter (OD), and maximum weight), 6.1.9 Quantity (weight),

6.1.10 Application (part identification and description). Orders for conversion to plate shall include reference to the applicable ASTM plate specification.

6.1.11 A report is required of heat analysis and mechanical properties as determined by the tension test, and

6.1.12 Special requirements (if any).

6.1.12.1 When the purchaser requires a limit on "carbon equivalent" (see Supplementary Requirement S1), this requirement shall be specified in the purchase order or contract.

6.1.12.2 When the purchaser requires thickness tolerances for  $\frac{3}{8}$  in. [10 mm] minimum edge distance (see Supplementary Requirement in Specification A635/A635M), this requirement shall be specified in the purchase order or contract.

NOTE 4—A typical ordering description is as follows: (inch pound units) ASTM A1018/A1018M: Grade 50, High-Strength, Low-Alloy Steel, Class 2, Limits B, hot rolled sheet coils, pickled and oiled, cut edge, 0.500 by 40 in. by coil; ID 24 in., OD 72 in., maximum; coil weight 40 000 lb., maximum;

TABLE 2 Chemica	I Requirements
Commercial and D	rawing Steels <sup>₽G</sup>

				•••••										
			% Heat	Analysis, El	ement	Maximum	Unless	Otherwise	Shown					
Designation	С	Mn	P S	AI	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Мо	V	Cb	Ti <sup>B</sup>	Ν	E
CS Type A <sup>D,E,F</sup>	0.10	0.60	0.030 0.035	A	Α	0.20 <sup>C</sup>	0.20	0.15	0.06	0.008	0.008	0.025	А	
CS Type B	0.02 to 0.15	0.60	0.030 0.035	Α	A	0.20 <sup>C</sup>	0.20	0.15	0.06	0.008	0.008	0.025	A	
CS Type C <sup>D,E,F</sup>	0.08	0.60	0.10 0.035			0.20 <sup>C</sup>	0.20	0.15	0.06	0.008	0.008	0.025		
DS Type A <sup>D,F</sup>	0.08	0.50	0.020 0.030	0.01 min	A	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.06	0.008	0.008	0.025	A	-
DS Type B	0.02 to 0.08	0.50	0.020 0.030	0.01 min	A	0.20	0.20	0.15	0.06	0.008	0.008	0.025	Α	

<sup>A</sup> There is no specified limit, but the analysis shall be reported.

<sup>B</sup> Titanium is permitted at the producer's option, to the lesser of 3.4N + 1.5S or 0.025 %.

<sup>C</sup> When copper steel is specified, the copper limit is a minimum requirement. When copper steel is not specified, the copper limit is a maximum requirement.

<sup>D</sup> For carbon levels less than or equal to 0.02 %, it is permissible to use vanadium, columbium, or titanium, or combinations thereof, as stabilizing elements at the producer's option. In such case, the limits for these elements are 0.10 % for vanadium or columbium and 0.15 % for titanium.

<sup>E</sup> When an aluminum deoxidized steel is required, it is permissible to order a minimum of 0.01 % total aluminum.

F It is permissible to furnish as a vacuum degassed or chemically stabilized steel, or both, at producer's option.

<sup>G</sup> For additional chemistry grades/designations, refer to Specification A635/A635M Appendix X1, Tables X1.1 and X1.3.

#### ASTM A1018/A1018M-16a

200 000 lb. for roll forming shapes; (SI units) ASTM A1018/A1018M: Grade 340, High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel, Class 2, Limits B, hot-rolled sheet coils, pickled and oiled, cut edge; 10 by 900 mm by coil; ID 600 mm, OD 1800 mm, maximum; coil weight 18 000 kg maximum; 90 000 kg for roll forming shapes. For conversion to plate: (inch-pound units) ASTM A1018/A1018M: Grade 50, High-Strength Low-Alloy Steel, Class 1, Limits A, hot-rolled sheet coils, as rolled, mill edge, 0.500 by 50 in. by coil, ID 24 in., OD 72 in., maximum; coil weight 40 000 lb., maximum; 200 000 lb. for conversion to plate, Specification A572/A572M Grade 50; (SI units) ASTM A1018/A1018M: Grade 340, Structural Steel, hot-rolled sheet coils, as rolled, mill edge; 10 by 1000 mm, OD 1800 mm, maximum; coil weight 18 000 kg maximum; 100 000 kg for conversion to plate, Specification A572/A572M Grade 340.

#### 7. Chemical Composition

7.1 The heat analysis of commercial steel and drawing steel shall conform to the requirements of Table 2, and where appropriate, Specification A635/A635M Table X1.1 and X1.3.

7.2 The heat analysis of structural steel, high-strength low-alloy steel, high-strength low-alloy steel with improved formability, and ultra-high strength steel shall conform to the requirements of Tables 2 and 3.

7.3 Table 1 describes the heat analysis requirements for two sets of limits (A and B) for the elements copper, chromium, nickel, and molybdenum. The required set of limits (A and B) for these elements shall be specified on the order.

7.4 Chemical analysis shall be conducted in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751.