



Designation: **F891 – 10 F891 – 16**

Standard Specification for Coextruded Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe With a Cellular Core¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F891; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers coextruded poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) plastic pipe with a cellular core and concentric inner and outer solid layers, and is produced using a multilayer coextrusion die for nonpressure use in three series: an IPS Schedule 40 series; a PS series with an iron pipe size outside diameter with varying wall thickness as required for pipe stiffness of 25, 50, and 100; and a sewer and drain series.

1.2 The function of this specification is to provide standardization of product-technical data and serve as a purchasing guide.

1.3 The text of this specification references notes, footnotes, and appendixes which provide explanatory material. The notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.

NOTE 1—All the pipe series covered by this specification are permitted to be perforated or belled for joining by solvent cement or belled for joining by an elastomeric seal (gasket). Because this pipe is OD controlled, the inside diameter will vary, and therefore, the pipe ID is not suitable for use as a socket. (For more information see Specification [D2672](#).)

NOTE 2—This standard specifies dimensional, performance and test requirements for plumbing and fluid handling applications, but does not address venting of combustion gases.

~~1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.~~

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

[ASTM F891-16](#)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/18cc3ab5-c3d4-47bd-90b9-f57fd3ea481f/astm-f891-16>

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [F17](#) on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [F17.25](#) on Vinyl Based Pipe.

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*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

NOTE 3—Specifications related to this specification are as follows: [D2665](#), [D2729](#), [D3034](#), [F512](#), [F758](#), and [F789](#).

1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- [D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing](#)
- [D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics](#)
- [D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings](#)
- [D2152 Test Method for Adequacy of Fusion of Extruded Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Pipe and Molded Fittings by Acetone Immersion](#)
- [D2321 Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications](#)
- [D2412 Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading](#)
- [D2444 Test Method for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup \(Falling Weight\)](#)
- [D2564 Specification for Solvent Cements for Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Plastic Piping Systems](#)
- [D2665 Specification for Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Fittings](#)
- [D2672 Specification for Joints for IPS PVC Pipe Using Solvent Cement](#)
- [D2729 Specification for Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Sewer Pipe and Fittings](#)
- [D2855 Practice for the Two-Step \(Primer and Solvent Cement\) Method of Joining Poly \(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) or Chlorinated Poly \(Vinyl Chloride\) \(CPVC\) Pipe and Piping Components with Tapered Sockets](#)
- [D3034 Specification for Type PSM Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Sewer Pipe and Fittings](#)
- [D3212 Specification for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals](#)
- [D3311 Specification for Drain, Waste, and Vent \(DWV\) Plastic Fittings Patterns](#)
- [D4396 Specification for Rigid Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) and Chlorinated Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(CPVC\) Compounds for Plastic Pipe and Fittings Used in Nonpressure Applications](#)
- [F402 Practice for Safe Handling of Solvent Cements, Primers, and Cleaners Used for Joining Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings](#)
- [F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems](#)
- [F477 Specification for Elastomeric Seals \(Gaskets\) for Joining Plastic Pipe](#)
- [F512 Specification for Smooth-Wall Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Conduit and Fittings for Underground Installation](#)
- [F545 Specification for PVC and ABS Injected Solvent Cemented Plastic Pipe Joints \(Withdrawn 2001\)³](#)
- [F656 Specification for Primers for Use in Solvent Cement Joints of Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Plastic Pipe and Fittings](#)
- [F758 Specification for Smooth-Wall Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Plastic Underdrain Systems for Highway, Airport, and Similar Drainage](#)
- [F789 Specification for Type PS-46 and Type PS-115 Poly\(Vinyl Chloride\) \(PVC\) Plastic Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe and Fittings \(Withdrawn 2004\)³](#)

2.2 Federal Standard:

[Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment \(Civil Agencies\)⁴](#)

2.3 Military Standard:

[MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage⁴](#)

2.4 ANSI Standards:

[Z34.1 American National Standard for Certification-Third-Party Certification Program⁵](#)

[Z34.2 American National Standard for Certification-Self-Certification by Producer or Supplier⁵](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminology [F412](#), and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology [D1600](#), unless otherwise specified. The abbreviation for poly(vinyl chloride) plastic is PVC.

3.2 Definitions:

3.2.1 *cellular plastic*—a plastic containing numerous cells, intentionally introduced, interconnecting or not, distributed throughout the mass.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, <http://www.dodssp.daps.mil> DLA Document Services Building 4/D 700 Robbins Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094 <http://quicksearch.dla.mil/>

⁵ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

3.2.2 *coextruded pipe*—pipe consisting of two or more concentric layers of material bonded together in processing by any combination of temperature, pressure, grafting, crosslinking, or adhesion.

3.2.3 *coextrusion*—a process whereby two or more heated or unheated plastic material streams, forced through one or more shaping orifice(s), become one continuously formed piece.

3.3 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.3.1 *lot*—a lot shall consist of all pipe of the same size produced from one extrusion line during one designated shift.

3.3.2 *IPS Schedule 40 Series*—pipe produced to an iron pipe outside diameter with a Schedule 40 wall thickness.

3.3.3 *PS Series*— pipe produced to an IPS outside diameter and having the required wall thickness to meet a designated pipe stiffness.

3.3.4 *sewer and drain series*—pipe produced to a sewer and drain outside diameter and having a minimum wall thickness to meet a designated pipe stiffness.

4. Classification by Application

4.1 Coextruded PVC plastic pipe, in an IPS Schedule 40 series, is referenced in **Table 1** for use in 4.1.1. A PS series with an iron pipe outside diameter, with varying wall thickness as required for pipe stiffness of 25, 50, and 100 is referenced in **Table 2** for use in 4.1.2, and a sewer and drain series is referenced in **Table 2** for use in 4.1.3 and 4.1.4.

4.1.1 Drain, waste, and vent pipe in IPS Schedule 40 series.

4.1.2 Underground communication conduit in PS series is not for underground electrical power distribution usage.

4.1.3 Nonpressure sewer and drain pipe for underground burial outside of the building.

4.1.4 Highway underdrain in sewer and drain series.

4.2 Recommendations for storage, joining, and installation are provided in **Appendix X1**, **Appendix X2**, and **Appendix X3**, respectively.

NOTE 4—Before installing pipe for industrial waste disposal use, the approval of the cognizant building code authority must be obtained, as conditions not commonly found in normal use may be encountered.

NOTE 5—This specification does not include requirements for pipe and fittings intended to be used to vent combustion gases.

5. Material

5.1 *Material Specification*—The PVC material for all layers shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Specification **D4396** with a cell class of 11432. PVC material, which has a higher cell class than those listed, is acceptable.

5.2 *Rework Material*—The manufacturer shall use only his own clean rework pipe material conforming with these cell class requirements. It shall be used only in the core layer if it contains any residual blowing agent. The pipe produced shall meet all requirements of this specification.

5.3 *Cellular Material*—Cellular PVC used in the core layer shall be of a closed cell structure when tested in accordance with **6.3.6**.

6. Requirements

6.1 *Workmanship*—The pipe shall be homogeneous throughout and free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, or other defects. The pipe shall be as uniform as commercially practicable in color, opacity, density, and other physical properties.

6.2 *Dimensions and Tolerances:*

TABLE 1 Minimum Wall Thickness,⁴ Pipe Stiffness, and Impact Strength for IPS Schedule 40 Series

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Wall Thickness, in.	Pipe Stiffness, lbf/in. ²	Impact Strength, ft-lbf
1¼	0.140	600	40
1½	0.145	600	50
2	0.154	300	80
3	0.216	300	100
3½	0.226	250	100
4	0.237	200	100
5	0.258	120	100
6	0.280	120	120
8	0.322	100	120
10	0.365	60	120
12	0.406	50	120

⁴ The maximum wall thickness shall not be greater than 1.25 times the minimum wall thickness.

TABLE 2 Minimum Wall Thickness^A for PS Series or Sewer and Drain Series for Minimum Pipe Stiffness

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Wall Thickness, in.						
	PS Series			Sewer and Drain Series			
	PS 25	PS 50	PS 100	PS 12.5	PS 25	PS 50	PS 100
2	...	...	0.100	...	...	...	...
3	...	0.103	0.130	...	...	0.100	0.120
3½	0.100	0.118	0.148	...	...	...	...
4	0.106	0.133	0.167	...	0.100	0.124	0.156
5	0.131	0.164	0.206	...	...	...	...
6	0.156	0.195	0.245	0.118	0.148	0.185	0.232
8	...	...	...	...	0.198	0.248	0.310
10	...	...	...	...	...	0.310	0.388
12	...	...	...	...	...	0.369	0.462
15	...	...	...	...	...	0.452	0.565
18	...	...	...	...	...	0.548	0.691

^AThe maximum wall thickness shall not be greater than 1.25 times the minimum wall thickness.

6.2.1 *Outside Diameter*—The outside diameter and tolerances for the IPS Schedule 40 series, PS series, and the sewer and drain series shall meet the requirements of **Table 3** when measured in accordance with Test Method **D2122**. The tolerances for out-of-roundness shall apply to the pipe prior to shipment.

6.2.2 *Wall Thickness*—The wall thickness for the IPS Schedule 40 series shall equal or exceed the minimum dimensions in **Table 1**, and for the PS series and sewer and drain series it shall equal or exceed the minimum dimensions in **Table 2**, when measured in accordance with Test Method **D2122**.

6.2.3 *Length*—The pipe length may be 10 or 20 ft with a tolerance on length of +½, –0 in., unless otherwise specified.

6.3 Performance Requirements:

6.3.1 *Pipe Stiffness*—The minimum pipe stiffness values at 5 % deflection when measure in accordance with Test Method **D2412**, shall equal or exceed the value in **Table 1** for IPS Schedule 40 series, or the value in **Table 2** or PS series and sewer and drain series. Three specimens shall be tested. If all three meet this requirement, the sample meets this requirement. If one or two fail, additional testing shall be conducted in accordance with **6.3.1.1**. If all three fail, the sample does not meet the requirement.

6.3.1.1 *Pipe Stiffness and Lower Confidence Limit*—In the event that one or two of the specimens tested in 6.3.1 fail to meet the minimum requirement, the average pipe stiffness of 11 specimens shall meet or exceed the minimum requirement given in **Table 1** for IPS Schedule 40 series pipe, and **Table 2** for PS Series and Sewer and Drain pipe. The 99 % lower confidence limit (LCL) shall be within 15 % of the average value. The LCL shall be calculated using the Student’s “t” distribution, with N-1 degrees of freedom, where N is the number of specimens (11). The critical t value shall be used to at least three significant digits. Alternatively, if the LCL exceeds the minimum PS requirement in the applicable table, but is not within 15 % of the average, the sample meets the requirements of the pipe stiffness testing. The 11 specimens include the three tested under **6.3.1**, and an additional eight with rotation by 35°, as specified in **D2412**, continuing throughout the remaining specimens.

The LCL based on testing eleven specimens is calculated as follows:

$$LCL = (\text{avg PS}) - \{2.76(\text{std. dev.})/\sqrt{N}\}$$

where:

$$N = 11$$

$$(\text{avg PS}) = [\sum(\text{PS}_i)]/(11)$$

TABLE 3 Outside Diameter and Tolerances

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Outside Diameter		Tolerance on Average Outside Diameter, in.	Out-of-Roundness Maxi- mum Diameter Minus Minimum Diameter, in.
	IPS Schedule 40 Series, in. PS Series, in.	Sewer and Drain Series, in.		
1¼	1.660	...	±0.005	0.060
1½	1.900	...	±0.006	0.060
2	2.375	...	±0.006	0.060
3	3.500	3.250	±0.008	0.060
3½	4.000	...	±0.008	0.100
4	4.500	4.215	±0.009	0.100
5	5.563	...	±0.010	0.100
6	6.625	6.275	±0.011	0.100
8	8.625	8.400	±0.015	0.150
10	10.750	10.500	±0.015	0.150
12	12.750	12.500	±0.015	0.150
15	...	15.300	±0.023	0.150
18	...	18.700	±0.028	0.200

$$(\text{std.dev.}) = \left[\frac{\sum PS^2 - (\sum PS)^2/N}{N-1} \right]^{1/2}$$

The 15 % requirement is calculated as follows:

$$(\text{avg} - \text{LCL})/(\text{avg}) \times 100 \leq 15 \%$$

NOTE 6—The 5 % deflection criteria is arbitrarily selected for testing convenience. It should not be considered as a limitation with respect to in-use deflection. The engineer is responsible for establishing the acceptable deflection limit.

NOTE 7—The strength and load-carrying capabilities of plastic pipe are measured and reported as pipe stiffness, which is determined in accordance with Test Method D2412. The term “crushing strength” is not applicable to plastic piping.

6.3.2 *Pipe Flattening*—There shall be no evidence of cracking, delamination, or rupture when pipe is deflected 60 % of the initial inside diameter, when tested in accordance with Test Method D2412. Three specimens shall be tested and all shall pass.

NOTE 8—This test is intended only for use as a quality control test, and not as a simulated service test.

6.3.3 *Impact Resistance*—The minimum impact resistance, when tested at the time of manufacture, shall comply with Table 1 for IPS Schedule 40 series and Table 4 for the PS series and sewer and drain series. Test in accordance with Test Method D2444, using Tup B and Holder B. Use a 20-lb (9.1-kg) tup for testing pipe sizes 4 in. and smaller and a 30-lb (13.6-kg) tup for pipe sizes larger than 4 in.

6.3.3.1 Test 10 specimens. When 9 or 10 specimens pass, accept the lot. When 2 or more specimens fail, test 10 additional specimens. When 17 of 20 specimens tested pass, accept the lot. When 4 or more of 20 specimens fail, test 20 additional specimens. When 32 of 40 specimens pass, accept the lot. When 9 or more of 40 specimens fail, the lot does not meet the requirements of this specification.

6.3.3.2 Failure of the test specimen shall be shattering or any crack or break extending entirely through the pipe wall and visible to the unaided eye.

6.3.4 *Bond*—The bond between layers shall be strong and uniform. It shall not be possible to separate any two layers with a probe or the point of a knife blade so that the layers separate cleanly, nor shall separation of the bond occur between layers during testing performed under the requirements of this specification.

6.3.5 *Extrusion Quality*—The pipe shall meet the requirements of Test Method D2152.

6.3.6 *Cellular Structure*—The core layer of cellular core pipe shall not allow the passage of water when tested at 10 ± 1 psig for a minimum of 30 minutes. The test sample shall be 18 ± 0.125 in. long. Create a seal on the O.D. and the I.D. of the pipe near one end in a manner that permits the exposed core to be subjected to water pressure (Note 9). Any sign of water emanating from the core at the opposite end after 30 minutes is indication of an open cell structure and the specimen does not meet the requirements of this specification.

NOTE 9—The method of sealing against the I.D. and O.D. of the pipe is not specified, as several acceptable methods are available. One such method uses an elastomeric no-hub adapter clamped to the O.D. and pneumatic or mechanical test plug to seal the I.D.

6.4 Other Requirements:

6.4.1 *Joining*—Coextruded poly(vinyl chloride) PVC plastic pipe produced in IPS Schedule 40 series and PS series are joined using fittings meeting the requirements of Specifications D2665, D3311, or F512. Fittings meeting the requirements of Specifications D2729, D3034, or F789 are used with the sewer and drain series, and Specification F545 are permitted for all series.

6.4.2 *Solvent Cement*—In the assembly of solvent cement joints, the safety requirements of Practice F402 shall be followed and the joint shall be assembled following Practice D2855, using a cleaner or primer.

6.4.3 *Gaskets*—Elastomeric seals (gaskets) shall meet the requirements of Specification F477.

6.4.4 *Lubricant*—The lubricant used for assembly shall have no detrimental effect on the gasket or on the pipe or fitting.

6.4.5 *Gasket Joints*—Gasket joints shall comply with Specification D3212 and be designed so that the gasket inside the pipe will be compressed radially on the pipe spigot, when assembled, to form a water-tight seal.

TABLE 4 Minimum Impact Strength for PS Series or Sewer and Drain Series

Nominal Pipe Size, in.	Minimum Impact Strength, ft-lbf			
	PS 12.5	PS 25	PS 50	PS 100
2	80
3	...	80	80	100
3½	...	80	80	100
4	...	80	100	100
5	...	100	100	100
6	70	100	100	120
8	...	140	140	140
10	...	160	160	160
12	...	200	200	200
15	220	...
18	220	...

6.4.6 *Gasket Displacement*—The joint shall be designed to avoid displacement of the gasket when installed. The assembly of the joint shall be in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendation.

7. Sampling and Conditioning

7.1 *Sampling*—The selection of the sample or samples of pipe shall be as agreed upon by the purchaser and seller. In case of no prior agreement, any sample selected by the testing lab shall be deemed adequate.

7.2 *Conditioning*:

7.2.1 For referee purposes, condition the specimens prior to test at $73.4 \pm 3.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($23 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$) and $50 \pm 5\%$ ~~10%~~ relative humidity in accordance with Practice D618, Procedure A.

7.2.2 For routine quality control testing, condition the specimens at the temperature and humidity of the manufacturer’s testing facility for not less than 1 h or until the specimens are at the room temperature.

7.3 *Test Conditions*:

7.3.1 For referee purposes, conduct tests in the standard laboratory atmosphere of $73.4 \pm 3.6^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($23 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$) and $50 \pm 5\%$ ~~10%~~ relative humidity.

7.3.2 For routine quality control testing, conduct tests at the room temperature and humidity of the manufacturer’s testing area.

7.4 *Test Methods*—Only specified ASTM test methods shall be used.

8. Retest and Rejection

8.1 If the results of any test(s) do not meet the requirements of this specification, the test(s) shall be conducted again in accordance with an agreement between the purchaser and the seller. There shall be no agreement to lower the minimum requirements of the specifications by such means as omitting test methods that are a part of the specification, substitution, or modifying test methods, or by changing the specification limits. In retesting, the product requirements of this specification shall be met, and the test methods designated in this specification shall be followed. If, upon retest, failure occurs, the quantity of product represented by the test(s) does not meet the requirements of this specification.

9. Marking

9.1 *Quality of Marking*—The marking shall be applied to the pipe for end-use application in such a manner that it remains legible (easily read) after installation and inspection.

9.2 *Content of Marking*—The pipe shall be marked at least every 5 ft in letters not less than $\frac{3}{16}$ in. high and in a color that contrasts with the color of the pipe, and shall contain the following information:

9.2.1 Manufacturer’s name or trademark.

9.2.2 This designation, ASTM F891, including the year of issue.

9.2.3 The wording “COEXTRUDED CELLULAR CORE PVC PIPE”.

9.2.3.1 Typical marking for identification of each series shall be as follows: IPS Schedule 40 Series Coextruded Cellular Core PVC DWV Pipe, PS-25 or 50 or 100 Series Coextruded Cellular Core PVC Communication Conduit, and Sewer and Drain Series Coextruded Cellular Core PVC Sewer and Drain, or Highway Underdrain Pipe.

9.2.4 Nominal pipe size and series (for example: $1\frac{1}{4}$ in. IPS Schedule 40 series).

9.2.5 Manufacturer’s code for identifying lot number, date, and year of manufacture, or other information as needed.

NOTE 10—Code bodies may require that pipe be marked on two opposite sides. For example, “DWV pipe.”

10. Quality Assurance

10.1 When the product is marked with this designation, F891, the manufacturer affirms that the product was manufactured, inspected, sampled, and tested in accordance with this specification and has been found to meet the requirements of this specification.

11. Keywords

11.1 cellular core; coextruded; drain; waste; and vent; PVC; Schedule 40; thermoplastic