

Designation: F 1421 – 01

Standard Guide for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic) To Manage Obstetrical Emergencies¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This guide establishes the minimum training standard for the management of obstetrical emergencies by the emergency medical technician (basic).

1.2 This guide is one of a series which together describe the minimum training standard for the emergency medical technician (basic).

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- F 1031 Practice for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic)²
- F 1219 Guide for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic) to Perform Patient Primary Assessment²
- F 1285 Guide for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic) to Perform Patient Examination Techniques²
- F 1328 Guide for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic) to Prepare Patients for Medical Transportation²
- F 1329 Guide for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic) in Basic Anatomy and Physiology²
- F 1419 Guide for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic) to Manage Shock²
- F 1420 Guide for Training the Emergency Medical Technician (Basic) to Perform Management Techniques²

2.2 Other Documents:

Standards and Guidelines for Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation and Emergency Cardiac Care³ Textbook of Pediatric Advanced Life Support⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *management techniques*, *n*—refers to the step(s) that constitute action taken by the emergency medical technician (basic) for a patient in need of assistance as a result of a real or perceived traumatic or medical condition.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This guide establishes the minimum national standard for training the emergency medical technician (basic) in the management of obstetrical emergencies in patients of all ages. This guide does not preclude additions to or modifications of the management of obstetrical emergencies by the emergency medical technician (basic) as authorized by local medical protocol.

4.2 This guide shall be used by those who wish to identify the minimum training standard for the emergency medical technician (basic) as it relates to management of obstetrical emergencies.

4.3 This guide shall be used as the basis to revise Practice F 1031.

4.4 Every person who is identified as an emergency medical technician (basic) shall have been trained to this guide.

4.5 This guide does not stand alone and must be used in conjunction with all referenced documents cited in Section 2.

4.6 The management steps outlined in this guide are not necessarily in sequential order, and they will often vary with the patient's age, size, location, and condition.

5. General Guidelines

5.1 All emergency medical technicians (basic) shall be trained to:

5.1.1 Reassess all patients frequently and at least before and following every therapeutic intervention.

5.1.2 Deal with patient problems in the order of their severity.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 13.02.

³ Reprinted from JAMA, 6 June 1986, Vol 255, pp 2842–3044.

⁴ Chameides, et al., American Heart Association, Dallas, 1988.