

# Standard Guide for Testing Coil Coatings<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3794; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This guide covers procedures for testing coil coatings. The test methods included are listed in Table 1. Where more than one test method is listed for the same characteristic, no attempt is made to indicate superiority of one method over another. Selection of test methods to be followed must be governed by the requirements in each individual case, together with agreement between the producer and user.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. Some specific hazards statements are given in Section 7 on Hazards.

# 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

- B117 Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) ApparatusB368 Test Method for Copper-Accelerated Acetic Acid-Salt Spray (Fog) Testing (CASS Test)
- C1371 Test Method for Determination of Emittance of Materials Near Room Temperature Using Portable Emissometers
- C1549 Test Method for Determination of Solar Reflectance Near Ambient Temperature Using a Portable Solar Reflectometer
- D522 Test Methods for Mandrel Bend Test of Attached Organic Coatings
- D523 Test Method for Specular Gloss

- D610 Practice for Evaluating Degree of Rusting on Painted Steel Surfaces
- D660 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Checking of Exterior Paints
- D661 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Cracking of Exterior Paints
- D714 Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Blistering of Paints
- D822 Practice for Filtered Open-Flame Carbon-Arc Exposures of Paint and Related Coatings
- D823 Practices for Producing Films of Uniform Thickness of Paint, Varnish, and Related Products on Test Panels
- D870 Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Water Immersion
- D968 Test Methods for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by Falling Abrasive
- D1005 Test Method for Measurement of Dry-Film Thickness of Organic Coatings Using Micrometers
- D1014 Practice for Conducting Exterior Exposure Tests of Paints and Coatings on Metal Substrates
- D1193 Specification for Reagent Water
- D1200 Test Method for Viscosity by Ford Viscosity Cup
- D1210 Test Method for Fineness of Dispersion of Pigment-Vehicle Systems by Hegman-Type Gage
- D1212 Test Methods for Measurement of Wet Film Thickness of Organic Coatings
- D1308 Test Method for Effect of Household Chemicals on Clear and Pigmented Organic Finishes
- D1474 Test Methods for Indentation Hardness of Organic Coatings
- D1475 Test Method For Density of Liquid Coatings, Inks, and Related Products
- D1654 Test Method for Evaluation of Painted or Coated Specimens Subjected to Corrosive Environments
- D1729 Practice for Visual Appraisal of Colors and Color Differences of Diffusely-Illuminated Opaque Materials
- D1735 Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings Using Water Fog Apparatus
- D1823 Test Method for Apparent Viscosity of Plastisols and Organosols at High Shear Rates by Extrusion Viscometer
- D1824 Test Method for Apparent Viscosity of Plastisols and Organosols at Low Shear Rates

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- D2092 Guide for Preparation of Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Surfaces for Painting (Withdrawn 2008)<sup>3</sup>
- D2196 Test Methods for Rheological Properties of Non-Newtonian Materials by Rotational Viscometer
- D2197 Test Method for Adhesion of Organic Coatings by Scrape Adhesion
- D2244 Practice for Calculation of Color Tolerances and Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates
- D2247 Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings in 100 % Relative Humidity
- D2248 Practice for Detergent Resistance of Organic Finishes
- D2369 Test Method for Volatile Content of Coatings
- D2454 Practice for Determining the Effect of Overbaking on Organic Coatings
- D2697 Test Method for Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings
- D2794 Test Method for Resistance of Organic Coatings to the Effects of Rapid Deformation (Impact)
- D2803 Guide for Testing Filiform Corrosion Resistance of Organic Coatings on Metal
- D3003 Test Method for Pressure Mottling and Blocking Resistance of Organic Coatings on Metal Substrates
- D3134 Practice for Establishing Color and Gloss Tolerances
- D3170 Test Method for Chipping Resistance of Coatings
- D3278 Test Methods for Flash Point of Liquids by Small Scale Closed-Cup Apparatus
- D3359 Test Methods for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test
- D3361 Practice for Unfiltered Open-Flame Carbon-Arc Exposures of Paint and Related Coatings
- D3363 Test Method for Film Hardness by Pencil Test
- D3960 Practice for Determining Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content of Paints and Related Coatings
- D4060 Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser
- D4138 Practices for Measurement of Dry Film Thickness of Protective Coating Systems by Destructive, Cross-Sectioning Means
- D4141 Practice for Conducting Black Box and Solar Concentrating Exposures of Coatings
- D4145 Test Method for Coating Flexibility of Prepainted Sheet
- D4146 Test Method for Formability of Zinc-Rich Primer/ Chromate Complex Coatings on Steel
- D4147 Practice for Applying Coil Coatings Using The Wire-Wound Drawdown Bar
- D4212 Test Method for Viscosity by Dip-Type Viscosity Cups
- D4214 Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films
- D4287 Test Method for High-Shear Viscosity Using a Cone/ Plate Viscometer
- D4518 Test Methods for Measuring Static Friction of Coating Surfaces (Withdrawn 2000)<sup>3</sup>
- D4585 Practice for Testing Water Resistance of Coatings

Using Controlled Condensation

- D4587 Practice for Fluorescent UV-Condensation Exposures of Paint and Related Coatings
- D5031 Practice for Enclosed Carbon-Arc Exposure Tests of Paint and Related Coatings
- D5178 Test Method for Mar Resistance of Organic Coatings
- D5402 Practice for Assessing the Solvent Resistance of Organic Coatings Using Solvent Rubs
- D5531 Guide for Preparation, Maintenance, and Distribution of Physical Product Standards for Color and Geometric Appearance of Coatings
- D5723 Practice for Determination of Chromium Treatment Weight on Metal Substrates by X-Ray Fluorescence
- D5796 Test Method for Measurement of Dry Film Thickness of Thin-Film Coil-Coated Systems by Destructive Means Using a Boring Device
- D5894 Practice for Cyclic Salt Fog/UV Exposure of Painted Metal, (Alternating Exposures in a Fog/Dry Cabinet and a UV/Condensation Cabinet)
- D6093 Test Method for Percent Volume Nonvolatile Matter in Clear or Pigmented Coatings Using a Helium Gas Pycnometer
- D6491 Practice for Evaluation of Aging Resistance of Prestressed Prepainted Metal In a Dry Heat Test
- D6492 Practice for Detection of Hexavalent Chromium On Zinc and Zinc/Aluminum Alloy Coated Steel
- D6578 Practice for Determination of Graffiti Resistance
- D6665 Practice for Evaluation of Aging Resistance of Prestressed Prepainted Metal in a Boiling Water Test
- D6695 Practice for Xenon-Arc Exposures of Paint and Related Coatings
- D6906 Test Method for Determination of Titanium Treatment Weight on Metal Substrates by Wavelength Dispersive X-Ray Fluorescence
- D6944 Practice for Determining the Resistance of Cured Coatings to Thermal Cycling
- D7091 Practice for Nondestructive Measurement of Dry Film Thickness of Nonmagnetic Coatings Applied to Ferrous Metals and Nonmagnetic, Nonconductive Coatings Applied to Non-Ferrous Metals
- D7376 Practice for Outdoor Evaluation of Wet Stack Storage Conditions on Coil-Coated Metals
- D7639 Test Method for Determination of Zirconium Treatment Weight or Thickness on Metal Substrates by X-Ray Fluorescence
- D7835 Test Method for Determining the Solvent Resistance of an Organic Coating using a Mechanical Rubbing Machine
- D7869 Practice for Xenon Arc Exposure Test with Enhanced Light and Water Exposure for Transportation Coatings
- D7897 Practice for Laboratory Soiling and Weathering of Roofing Materials to Simulate Effects of Natural Exposure on Solar Reflectance and Thermal Emittance
- E70 Test Method for pH of Aqueous Solutions With the Glass Electrode
- E84 Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- E284 Terminology of Appearance

 $<sup>^{3}\,\</sup>text{The}$  last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

- E308 Practice for Computing the Colors of Objects by Using the CIE System
- E408 Test Methods for Total Normal Emittance of Surfaces Using Inspection-Meter Techniques
- E643 Test Method for Ball Punch Deformation of Metallic Sheet Material
- **E903** Test Method for Solar Absorptance, Reflectance, and Transmittance of Materials Using Integrating Spheres
- E1164 Practice for Obtaining Spectrometric Data for Object-Color Evaluation
- E1356 Test Method for Assignment of the Glass Transition Temperatures by Differential Scanning Calorimetry
- E1541 Practice for Specifying and Matching Color Using the Colorcurve System (Withdrawn 2007)<sup>3</sup>
- E1545 Test Method for Assignment of the Glass Transition Temperature by Thermomechanical Analysis
- E1640 Test Method for Assignment of the Glass Transition Temperature By Dynamic Mechanical Analysis
- E1808 Guide for Designing and Conducting Visual Experiments
- E1918 Test Method for Measuring Solar Reflectance of Horizontal and Low-Sloped Surfaces in the Field
- E1980 Practice for Calculating Solar Reflectance Index of Horizontal and Low-Sloped Opaque Surfaces
- G7 Practice for Atmospheric Environmental Exposure Testing of Nonmetallic Materials
- G60 Practice for Conducting Cyclic Humidity Exposures
- G85 Practice for Modified Salt Spray (Fog) Testing
- G87 Practice for Conducting Moist SO<sub>2</sub> Tests
- G90 Practice for Performing Accelerated Outdoor Weathering of Nonmetallic Materials Using Concentrated Natural Sunlight
- G113 Terminology Relating to Natural and Artificial Weathering Tests of Nonmetallic Materials
- G151 Practice for Exposing Nonmetallic Materials in Accelerated Test Devices that Use Laboratory Light Sources
- G152 Practice for Operating Open Flame Carbon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
- G153 Practice for Operating Enclosed Carbon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
- G154 Practice for Operating Fluorescent Ultraviolet (UV) Lamp Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials
- G155 Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Non-Metallic Materials

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *coil coating*, *n*—application of coatings or films to continuous metal coil stock.

3.1.2 *direct roller coat, n*—coating with the applicator or coating roll revolving in the same direction as the strip.

3.1.3 *metal pretreatment, n*—chemical treatment normally applied to the metal substrate prior to prime or finish coating.

3.1.3.1 *Discussion*—The treatment is designed to react with and modify the metal substrate to produce a surface suitable for coating or adhesive bonding.

3.1.4 *reverse roller coat*, *n*—coating with the applicator or coating roll revolving in a direction opposite to that of the strip.

3.2 The definitions given in Terminology G113 are applicable to this guide.

#### 4. Significance and Use

4.1 This guide represents a collection of pertinent ASTM test methods used within the coil coatings industry. In the past coil coaters world wide depended on industry standards written by the National Coil Coaters Association. That association, working cooperatively with ASTM, will no longer issue new, nor update old, standards.

#### 5. General Requirements

5.1 All standard tests shall be made at  $25 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (77  $\pm 25^{\circ}$ F) and 50  $\pm 5$  % relative humidity, immediately after baking unless otherwise specified.

#### 6. Sampling

6.1 The number of samples per unit of production shall be agreed upon between the producer and user.

#### 7. Liquid Coating Properties

7.1 Viscosity:

7.1.1 It is common to measure the viscosity of coil coatings using an efflux technique (Ford or Zahn cup). This provides a simple, rapid technique for controlling the viscosity of a product, either in a paint production facility, or on-line at a coil coating facility. Coatings in the coil industry, however, cover a wide range of generic qualities, with many of them having non-Newtonian rheological characteristics. It is important, therefore, to consider the behavior of these coatings under different shear conditions, as well as measuring efflux viscosity. Some of the test methods require little expertise, where other test methods involve costly equipment and a high level of experience to run and interpret the rheological data.

7.1.2 *Efflux Viscosity*—Determine efflux viscosity in accordance with Test Method D4212 (Zahn cup) or D1200 (Ford cup).

7.1.3 *High-Shear Extrusion Viscosity*—Determine the highshear extrusion viscosity for plastisols and organosols in accordance with Test Method D1823.

7.1.4 Low-Shear Viscosity for Plastisols and Organosols— Test in accordance with Test Method D1824.

7.1.5 *Brookfield-type Viscosity*—Determine the Brookfield viscosity with a rotational viscometer in accordance with Test Method D2196.

7.1.6 *Cone and Plate Viscometer*—Determine the viscosity using a cone and plate viscometer in accordance with Test Method D4287.

7.2 *Weight Solids*—Determine the level of nonvolatile mass in accordance with Test Method D2369.

7.3 *Volume Solids*—Determine the level of nonvolatile volume in accordance with Test Method D2697 or D6093.

7.4 *Fineness of Dispersion*—Determine the fineness of grind of a coating in accordance with Test Method D1210.

7.5 *Density*—Determine the density (weight per gallon) in accordance with Test Method D1475.

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TABLE 1 List of Test Methods and Recommended Practices

	Section	ASTM Standard
Liquid Coatings Properties:	7	
Viscosity:	7.1	
Ford cup viscosity	7.1.2	D1200
Zahn cup viscosity	7.1.2	D4212
Plastisol and organosol low-shear viscosity	7.1.5	D1823
Brookfield-type viscometer	7.1.5	D2196
Cone and Plate viscometer	7.1.6	D4287
Weight Solids	7.2	D2369
Volatile Content	7.2	D2369
Volume Solids	7.3	D2697, D6093
Fineness of dispersion	7.4	D1210
Density (weight per gallon)	7.5	D1475
	7.0	D3960
Flash Point	7.8	D3278
Metal Pretreatment:	8	
Preparation of galvanized steel for painting	8.2	D2092
Detecting Cr+6	8.3.1	D6492
X-ray fluorescence, chrome determination	8.3.2	D5723
X-ray fluorescence, titanium determination	8.3.3	D6906
X-ray fluorescence, zirconium determination	8.3.4	D7639
Panel Preparation:	9	
Wire-wound drawdown bars	9.4.1.1	D4147
Blade film applicator	9.4.1.2	D823
Wet film thickness	9.5	D1212
Material Properties of a Cured Coil Coating System:	10	
Dry film thickness (DFT)	10.1	
DFT, destructive methods	10.1.1	
DFT, micrometer	10.1.1.1	D1005
DFT, microscope	10.1.1.2	D4138
DFI, boring method	10.1.1.3	D5796
DET eddy current pon-ferrous base	10.1.2	D7001
DET magnetic flux ferrous base	10.1.2.1	D7091
Color:	10.2 - VIEW	27001
Glossary of color	10.2.1	E284
Preparation and control of color standards	10.2.1	D5531
Color and gloss tolerances	10.2.1	D3134
Conducting visual experiments <u>ASTMD3794</u>	-10.2.1	E1808
Color differences by visual evaluation	10.2.2	84 - 17
Color differences by instrumental evaluation	10.2.3	DIVESCITE GOV STATI
Color matching, color curve system	10.2.3	E1541
CIE color difference	10.2.3	E308
Obtaining special data	10.2.3	E1164
Calculation of color differences	10.2.3	D2244
Specular gloss measurement	10.3	D523
Hardness:	10.4	Doooo
Pencil naraness	10.4.1	D3363
Flexibility	10.4.2	01474
Impact resistance	10.5.2	D2794
Mandrel bend	10.5.3	D522
T bends	10.5.4	D4145
Ball punch deformation	10.5.5	E643
Draw test	10.5.6	D4146
Adhesion:	10.6	Dooro
Cross hatch tape adhesion	10.6.2	D3359
	10.7	DEIGI
Glass transition, TMA	10.7.2	E1545
Glass transition, DMA	10.7.2	E1640
Glass transition, DSC	10.7.2	E1356
Solvent resistance	10.7.3	D5402
Solvent resistance, mechanical rub machine	10.7.3	D7835
Dry heat test	10.7.4	D6491
Boiling water test	10.7.5	D6665
Other tests:	10.8	Daooa
Pressure mottling/blocking resistance	10.8.2	D3003 D2454
Deteraent resistance	10.8.3	D2248
	-	

 TABLE 1
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Effect of household shemicals         10.8.4         D1308           Abrasion and mar resistance         10.8.5         D4060           Taber abraser         10.8.5.1         D4060           Falling (sand) abrasive         10.8.5.2         D968           Mar resistance         10.8.5.3         D5178           Flame spread         10.8.7         D3170           Coefficient of fucion         10.8.9         D4518           Resistance to thermal cycling         10.8.11         D6578           Rediative Properties of Cured Coil Coating Systems:         11         E1918           Solar Fedectance:         11         E1918         Massauring bodin reflectance index of horizontal and low-slope surfaces in the field         11.1.1.1         E1918           Ausain and the calcular surface and the field         11.1.1.3         E1930         Practice for calcularing solar reflectance, index of horizontal and low-slope dropaque         11.1.1.3         E1980           surfaces         11.2.1.1         C1371         C1371         Measurf horizontal emittance         11.2.1.2         E408           Weathering and Corrosion Resistance Properties of a Cured Coil Coating System:         12.1         D1014, G7         C1371           Thermal emittance         11.2.1.1         C1371         C1371         C1371 <th></th> <th>Section</th> <th>ASTM Standard</th>		Section	ASTM Standard
Abrasion and mar resistance         10.8.5         Pather absar           Taber absar         0.0.5.1         0.4060           Falling (sand) abrasive         0.0.5.3         0.5174           Mar resistance         0.0.6.6         E44           Chip resistance         0.0.6.7         0.3170           Coefficient of friction         0.6.7         0.3170           Coefficient of friction         0.6.9         0.4573           Resistance to thermal cycling         0.6.10         0.6944           Graftin resistance         1.1         1           Solar felectance in laboratory and field         11.1.1.2         C1549           Messuring solar reflectance of horizontal and low-slope surfaces in the field         11.1.1.3         E1980           Messuring solar reflectance in theoratory and field         11.1.1.4         E1980           Internationation absorbance, reflectance, and transmittance         11.1.1.4         E1980           Internationation absorbance, reflectance, and transmittance         11.2.1         Conducting value aburding, solar reflectance in the solar	Effect of household chemicals	10.8.4	D1308
Table abraser         10.8.5.1         De60           Falling (sand) abrasive         10.8.5.2         DE63           Mar resistance         10.8.6.3         DE178           Chip resistance         10.8.7         DE170           Coefficient of friction         10.8.7         DE170           Coefficient of friction         10.8.7         DE170           Coefficient of friction         10.8.10         DE678           Resistance to thermal cycling         10.8.11         DE578           Relative Properties of Cured Coil Coating Systems:         11.1         F118           Mathod for colar absorbance, reflectance index of horizontal and low-slope surfaces in the field         11.1.1         E1918           Measuring solar reflectance index of horizontal and low-slope surfaces         11.1.1.5         D7897           Practice for calculating solar reflectance index of horizontal and low-slope surfaces         11.1.1.5         D7897           Surfaces         12.1         C1371         E1980           Surfaces         12.1.1         C1371         E1980           Measuring hemispherical emittance         12.1.2         E4068           Weathering and Corrosion Resistance Properties of a Cured Coil Coating System:         12.1.2         D1014, G7           Chaik restance         1	Abrasion and mar resistance	10.8.5	
Failing (sand) abraive         0.8.5.2         De68           Mar resistance         0.8.5.3         D5178           Flame spread         0.8.6         E84           Chip resistance         0.8.7         D5170           Resistance to thermal cycling         0.8.1         D6944           Grafiti resistance         0.8.11         D6944           Bradiative Properties of Cured Coll Coating Systems:         11         E1918           Readiative Properties of Cured Coll Coating Systems:         11.1         E1918           Measuring solar reflectance in bioratory and field         11.1.1         E1918           Measuring solar reflectance index to horizontal and low-slope surfaces in the field         11.1.1         E1938           Laboratory soling test to simulate natural exposure         11.1.5         D7897           Thermal emittance:         11.2         E1931           Weathering and Corresion Resistance Properties of a Cured Coil Coating System:         12.1.1         C1371           Measuring head inormal emittance         12.1.2         D601         D601           Weathering and christor existance Properties of a Cured Coil Coating System:         12.1.2         Conducting existance         12.1.2.2         D610           Degree of nusting         12.1.2.3         D600         D601 </td <td>Taber abraser</td> <td>10.8.5.1</td> <td>D4060</td>	Taber abraser	10.8.5.1	D4060
Mare sistance10.8.8.3D1778Flame spread10.8.6E84Chip resistance10.8.7D370Coefficient of friction10.8.9D4518Resistance to thermal cycling10.8.10D6678Graffit resistance10.8.11D6678Rediative Properties of Cured Coll Coating Systems:11Solar Fedectance:11.1Measuring solar reflectance of horizontal and low-slope surfaces in the field11.1.1.2Keasuring solar reflectance in laboratory and field11.1.1.2Method for solar absorbance, reflectance, and transmittance11.1.1.3Practice for calculating solar reflectance index of horizontal and low-sloped opaque11.1.1.4Elaboratory solling lest to simulate natural exposure11.1.1.5Drawatory solling lest to simulate natural exposure11.2.1.2Laboratory solling lest to simulate natural exposure11.2.1.2Measuring total normal emittance12.1.1Conducting setator wathering:12Conducting setator wathering ists12.1.1Degree of rusting12.1.2.2Definition12.1.2.3Degree of rusting12.1.2.3Degree of rusting12.1.2.4Checking12.1.2.4Conducting setatore wathering tests12.1.2.3Degree of rusting12.1.2.4Degree of rusting12.1.2.4Definition creepage12.1.2.4Wat rog12.1.2.4Sut spray12.2.2Sut spray12.2.4Sut spray12.2.4Sut spra	Falling (sand) abrasive	10.8.5.2	D968
Finame spread         10.8 a         EB4           Chip resistance         10.8.7         D3170           Coefficient of friction         10.8.9         D4518           Resistance to thermal cycling         10.8.10         D6678           Radiative Properties of Cured Coil Coating Systems:         11         Use State Fieldecace           Solar Fieldecace:         11.1         E1918           Measuring solar reflectance of horizontal and low-slope surfaces in the field         11.1.1.2         C1649           Measuring solar reflectance in laboratory and field         11.1.1.3         E1908           surfaces         11.1.4         E1980           surfaces         11.1.1         C1649           ubactory soling test to simulate natural exposure         11.1.1.4         E1980           surfaces         11.1.1         C1371         C1371           Measung hemispherical emittance         11.2.1         C1371         C1371           Measung hemispherical emittance         11.2.1         C1371         C1371           Measung hemispherical emittance         12.1.2.2         D4214         C1402           Weathering and enrite exposure         12.1.2.2         D4214         C1402           Readimine weathering:         12.1.2.2         D4214 <td>Mar resistance</td> <td>10.8.5.3</td> <td>D5178</td>	Mar resistance	10.8.5.3	D5178
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	Accelerated outdoor tests (black box, heated black box, Fresnel)	12.3.7	D4141. G90

7.6 *VOC*—Determine the VOC (volatile organic component) content in accordance with Practice D3960.

7.7 *pH*—Controlling the level of acidity or alkalinity (pH) in the pretreatment section of a coil line, as well as that of waterborne coatings, is important. Determine pH in accordance with Test Method E70.

7.8 *Flash Point*—Test the flash point of a coating in accordance with Test Methods D3278.

### 8. Metal Pretreatment

8.1 The successful performance of any coil-coated system is dependent on metal substrate preparation. Metal preparation in the coil coating industry usually consists of one of the following methodologies: clean, rinse, formation of conversion coating, rinse, post-treatment of conversion coating, and dry; or, clean, rinse, application of a roll-on pretreatment, and dry. The metal pretreatment promotes maximum formability and adhesion of the organic coatings to the substrate, as well as promoting environmental exposure resistance, including anticorrosive properties, of the coil coated system. Cleaners, conversion coating treatments, dried-in-place roll-on pretreatments, and post-treatments vary with the performance desired, the coating system used, and the metal substrate. Because there is an interdependency between the cleaning, pretreating, and post-treatment steps, in order to obtain acceptable performance, it is necessary that the reaction times, concentrations, temperatures, and application methods used in the laboratory be as close as possible to those encountered under production condition, and that both laboratory and production conditions be in strict accordance with the pretreatment suppliers' specifications.

8.2 In the case of zinc coated steel surfaces, Guide D2092, Methods A, B, C, D, and F illustrate the variety of pretreatments available.

8.3 *Coating Weight of Metal Pretreatment*—The one parameter to ensure that a substrate is properly cleaned and pretreated is the measurement of the level of pretreatment and post-treatment.

8.3.1 Determine the presence of hexavalent chromium on zinc and zinc/aluminum alloy coated steel in accordance with Practice D6492.

8.3.2 *X-ray Fluorescence*—Determine the chromium weight in accordance with Practice D5723.

8.3.3 *X-ray Fluorescence*—Determine the titanium weight in accordance with Test Method D6906.

8.3.4 *X-ray Fluorescence*—Determine the zirconium weight or thickness with Test Method D7639.

#### 9. Panel Preparation

9.1 *Summary of Method*—This method includes substrate and pretreatment selection for application of coatings by wire wound draw-down bars on laboratory panels.

9.2 *Choice of Substrate*—The substrate to be coated, substrate size, gage, temper, alloy, and pretreatment to be used shall be agreed upon between the producer and user. Avoid using substrates that have been contaminated by handling.

9.3 *Degassing of Substrate*—Some galvanized substrates tend to absorb gasses on aging. To avoid blistering when the substrate is coated and baked it may be necessary to de-gas the substrate by heating and cooling to room temperature prior to application of the coating. The time and temperature of the degassing cycle shall be agreed upon between the producer and user.

#### 9.4 Drawdowns, Apparatus:

9.4.1 Stainless Steel Wire-wound Draw-down Bars, (preferably 12.7 mm ( $\frac{1}{2}$  in. in diameter to prevent bowing during application) are used to achieve dry film thickness up to 38  $\mu$  (1.5 mils). The choice of the specific drawdown bar is dependent on the dry film thickness required, the rheological properties of the coating, and the volume solids of the coating being tested. Other methods of applying thicker coating >38  $\mu$  (>1.5 mils) are available, such as a blade applicator.

9.4.1.1 *Drawdown Bars*—Prepare drawdowns in accordance with Practice D4147.

9.4.1.2 *Blade Film Applicator*—Prepare samples (at film thicknesses greater than >38  $\mu$  (>1.5 mils) in accordance with Practices D823.

9.5 *Wet Film Thickness*—Determine the wet thickness of an applied coating in accordance with Test Methods D1212.

9.6 *Bake Schedule*—Bake the panel at a time and temperature to meet a metal temperature range agreed upon between the producer and user. The critical parameter in this baking process is the "peak metal temperature." This term refers to the maximum temperature that the substrate has reached during the baking cycle. In addition to peak metal temperature, other baking conditions, which influence the long-term performance of a coil coating, are the oven air temperature, and the time in which the coated metal is exposed to the heat within the oven (also called "dwell time"). The peak metal temperature may be measured using infrared thermometry or a thermocouple, but the most common method is to utilize "temperature tapes." These self-adhesive strips contain temperature-sensitive indicators covering a range of temperatures.

## 10. Physical Properties of Cured Coil Coating System

10.1 Dry Film Thickness (DFT)—There are several methods used for determining the dry film thickness of a coil coating. The ability to measure the dry film thickness accurately is of utmost importance when one considers that the typical coil coating system (primer+topcoat) is often no more than 25-µ (1-mil) thick. It is always advisable to take at least three DFT measurements to obtain an average value of DFT. There are both non-destructive and destructive means of measuring film thickness for ferrous and aluminum substrates. Coatings applied to commercially available hot-dipped galvanized steel, zinc-aluminum, and other nonferrous alloys, may only be measured, due to the uneven nature of the alloy layer, by destructive means.

10.1.1 Destructive Determination of Dry Film Thickness:

10.1.1.1 *Micrometer*—Determine the DFT of a coil coating with a micrometer in accordance with Test Method D1005. The micrometer must be capable of reading to  $\leq 0.0005$  in. (0.05 mils).

10.1.1.2 *Microscope (Tooke Gage)*—Determine the DFT of a coil coating with a microscope in accordance with Test Method D4138.

10.1.1.3 *Boring Method*—Determine the DFT of a coil coating with a boring device in accordance with Test Method D5796.

10.1.2 Non-Destructive Determination of Dry Film Thickness:

10.1.2.1 *Eddy-Current*—Determine the DFT of a coil coating on aluminum in accordance with Test Method D7091.

10.1.2.2 *Magnetic Flux*—Determine the DFT of a coil coating on a ferrous substrate in accordance with Test Method D7091.

10.2 Color:

10.2.1 The color difference between two homogeneously colored opaque films may be determined by visual evaluation or by instrumental means. The color standard used shall be agreed upon between the producer and user. Terminology E284 provides a glossary of terms relating to the field of color. It is common to compare a color sample to a standard. Guide D5531 describes the control of standards, and Guide E1808 describes methods of conducting visual color experiments. Establish color and gloss tolerances in accordance with Practice D3134.

10.2.2 Color Differences of Opaque Materials by Visual Evaluation: