

Designation: A494/A494M - 17

# Standard Specification for Castings, Nickel and Nickel Alloy<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A494/A494M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

## 1. Scope\*

- 1.1 This specification covers nickel, nickel-copper, nickel-copper-silicon, nickel-molybdenum, nickel-chromium, and nickel-molybdenum-chromium alloy castings for corrosion-resistant service.
- 1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the standard.

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A488/A488M Practice for Steel Castings, Welding, Qualifications of Procedures and Personnel

A732/A732M Specification for Castings, Investment, Carbon and Low Alloy Steel for General Application, and Cobalt Alloy for High Strength at Elevated Temperatures

A781/A781M Specification for Castings, Steel and Alloy, Common Requirements, for General Industrial Use

A957/A957M Specification for Investment Castings, Steel and Alloy, Common Requirements, for General Industrial Use

E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic MaterialsE29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E30 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Steel, Cast Iron, Open-Hearth Iron, and Wrought Iron (Withdrawn 1995)<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.18 on Castings.

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E38 Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Chromium and Nickel-Chromium-Iron Alloys (Withdrawn 1989)<sup>3</sup>

E76 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Nickel-Copper Alloys (Withdrawn 2003)<sup>3</sup>

E354 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of High-Temperature, Electrical, Magnetic, and Other Similar Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys

# 3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 *master heat*—a single furnace charge of refined alloy, which may either be poured directly into castings or into remelt alloy for individual melts.
- 3.1.2 *melts*—a single furnace charge poured into castings. When master heats are used to prepare melts, a melt analysis shall be reported.

## 4. General Conditions for Delivery

- 4.1 Except for investment castings, castings furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A781/A781M, including any supplementary requirements that are indicated on the purchase order. Failure to comply with the general requirements of Specification A781/A781M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A781/A781M, this specification shall prevail.
- 4.2 Investment castings furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A957/A957M, including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the purchase order. Failure to comply with the general requirements of Specification A957/A957M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A957/A957M, Specification A957/A957M shall prevail.

## 5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for castings to this specification should include the following information:
  - 5.1.1 Quantity, in pieces, and
  - 5.1.2 Grade designation (Table 1) and class (Table 2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

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Note 1—Values are maximum unless otherwise indicated.

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Other	CY5SnBiM	N26055		0.05	1.5	0.5	0.03	0.02	:	2.0-3.5	2.0	balance	11.0-14.0	;		:	C C	3.0-5.0		
Ni-Cr	CY40	N06040		0.40	1.50	3.00	0.03	0.02 B	ì	В	11.0	balance	14.0-17.0	В	В	В		: :		
	CX2MW	N26022		0.02	1.00			0.020 B		12.5-	14.5 2.0-6.0	balance	20.0-	22.5 B	2.5-3.5	0.35		: :		
	CX2M	N26059		0.02	1.00	0.50	0.020	0.020 B	1	15.0-16.5 12.5-	1.50	balance	22.0-24.0	В	В	В		: :		
	SW12MW	N30002		0.12	900															
	CW6MC	N26625		90.0	1.00	1.00	0.015	0.015	1	8.0-10.0	5.0	balance	20.0-23.0	3.15-4.50	В	В		: :		
	CW6M	N30107		0.07	1.00	1.00	0.030	0.020 B	ì	17.0-	3.0	balance	17.0-	20.0 B		В		: :		
	CW2M	N26455		0.02	1.00	08.0	0.03	0.02 B	1	15.0-17.5	2.0	balance	15.0-17.5	В	1.0	В		: :		
	CUSMCuC	N08826	Composition, %	0.050				-	1.50-3.50	2.5-3.5	balance	38.0-44.0	19.5-23.5	a	В	В	ai	:):		
Ni-Cu	N12MV	N30012	Con	0.12	1.00	1.00	0.030	0.020	t	26.0-30.0	4.0-6.0	balance	1.00	le	V	0.20-0.60		: :		
	MŁN	V30007	<u>A\$</u> \$t/{	AS	0.07	1.00	1.00	0.030	0.020	<u>/A</u>	30.0-	33.00	balance	70:	:		В		: :	
	MSM	N30003		0.03	1.00 d	09:0	0.030	0.020 0.020	·16	30.0-	48 00:8	balance	-a9 0:	88	-39	9632	22	83: : :	9f4/astm-a494-a494m-17	
	Z-98M	N04020		0.35	1.50	1.50 2.00 0.03 0.02 26.0-33.0  3.50 balance 	:		: :											
	M35-1 <sup>A</sup>	N24135		0.35	1.50	1.25	0.03	0.02	33.0	:	3.50	balance	:	0.5	:	:		: :	<u>خ</u> د	
	H0EW	N24030		0.30 1.50 2.7-3.7 0.03 0.02 27.0-33.0  balance balance 	equired.															
	M30C <sup>A</sup>	N24130		0:30	0.30 1.50 1.0-2.0 0.03 0.03 26.0-33.0 3.50 balance 1.0-3.0	dability is noted for inf														
	M25S	N24025		0.25	1.50	5.			27.0-33.0	:	3.50	balance	:	В	:	:		: :	when welk	
Ë	CZ100	N02100		1.00				0.02	42.1	:		95.00 min	 ] :		: :	:		: :	1 or M30C be analyze	
Alloy Family	Grade	UNS Numbers		O				တ င်		Мо		Z	č	Cb (Nb)	×	>	ö	- S	A Order M35-1 or M30C when weldability is required.  B Element to be analyzed and reported for information only,	

 $^{\rm A}$  Order M35-1 or M30C when weldability is required.  $^{\rm B}$  Element to be analyzed and reported for information only.

### **TABLE 2 Heat-Treat Requirements**

Grade	Heat Treatment
CZ100, M35-1, M35-2, CY40 Class 1, M30H, M30C, M25S Class 1, CY5SnBiM	As cast
M25S, Class 2 <sup>A</sup>	Load into furnace at 600 °F [315 °C] maximum. Heat to 1600 °F [870 °C] and
	hold for 1 h plus an additional 30 min for each ½ in. [13 mm] of cross section
	over 1 in. $^{\mathcal{B}}$ Cool to 1300 °F [705 °C] $^{\mathcal{C}}$ and hold at temperature for 30 min then quench in oil to room temperature.
M25S, Class 3	Load into furnace at 600 °F [315 °C] maximum. Heat slowly to 1100 °F [605 °C]
	and hold to develop maximum hardness. Furnace or air cool to room
	temperature.
N12MV, N7M, N3M	Heat to 2000 °F [1095 °C] minimum, hold for sufficient time to heat castings to
	temperature, quench in water or rapid cool by other means.
CW12MW, CW6M, CW6MC, CW2M	Heat to 2150 °F [1175 °C] minimum, hold for sufficient time to heat castings to
	temperature, quench in water or rapid cool by other means.
CY40, Class 2	Heat to 1900 °F [1040 °C] minimum, hold for sufficient time to heat castings to
	temperature, quench in water or rapid cool by other means.
CX2MW	Heat to 2200 °F [1205 °C] minimum, hold for sufficient time to heat castings to
	temperature, quench in water or rapid air cool by other means.
CU5MCuC	Heat to 2100 °F [1150 °C] minimum, hold for sufficient time to heat castings to
	temperature, quench in water. Stabilize at 1725 - 1815 °F [940 - 990 °C], hold
	for sufficient time to heat castings to temperature, quench in water or rapid cool
	by other means.
CX2M	Heat to 2100 °F [1150 °C] minimum, hold for sufficient time to heat castings to
	temperature, quench in water or rapid air cool by other means.

A M25S, while machinable in the "as-cast" condition, is capable of being solution heat treated for improved machinability. It may be subsequently age hardened to the hardness specified in Table 3 and finished machined or ground.

<sup>B</sup> For cross sections over 6 in. [125 mm], it may be necessary to increase the hold time if maximum softness is desired.

- 5.2 The purchaser shall specify any of the following information required to adequately describe the desired material:
  - 5.2.1 Heat-treat condition (see 6.1 and 6.2),
  - 5.2.2 Repair welding (see Section 11),
- 5.2.3 Source inspection requirements, if any (see Specification A781/A781M),
- 5.2.4 Marking-for-identification requirements, if any (see 13.1), and
- 5.2.5 Supplementary requirements desired, including the standards of acceptance.

## 6. Heat Treatment

6.1 Castings shall be heat treated in accordance with the requirements in Table 2.

Note 1—Proper heat treatment of these alloys is usually necessary to enhance corrosion resistance and, in some cases, to meet mechanical properties. Minimum heat-treat temperatures are specified; however, it is sometimes necessary to heat treat at higher temperatures, hold for some minimum time at temperature, and then rapidly cool the castings in order to enhance the corrosion resistance and meet mechanical properties.

6.2 When Class 1 is specified, grades CY40 and M25S shall be supplied in the as-cast condition. When Class 2 is specified, grades CY40 and M25S shall be supplied in the solution heat-treated condition. When Class 3 is specified, grade M25S shall be supplied in the age-hardened condition.

## 7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 These alloys shall conform to the chemical composition requirements prescribed in Table 1.
- 7.2 The grades that pertain to this specification are placed into the five general categories given below. The producer shall report for information all elements in Table 1 for which a limit is given for any alloy in the same alloy family. The alloy families are:

- (1) Nickel CZ100
- (2) Nickel-copper M35-1, M35-2, M30C, M30H, M25S
- (3) Nickel-molybdenum N12MV, N7M, N3M
- (4) Nickel-chromium CY40, CW6M, CW2M, CW6MC, CX2MW, CU5MCuC, CX2M
  - (5) Other CY5SnBiM
- 7.3 An analysis of each master heat shall be made by the manufacturer to determine the percentages of the elements specified in Table 1. The analysis shall be made from a representative sample taken during the pouring of the master heat. Chemical composition shall be reported to the purchaser or his representative.
- 7.4 Test Methods E76 or Test Methods E354 shall be used for referee purposes. Test Methods E30 or Methods E38 shall be used if Test Methods E76 or Test Methods E354 do not include a method for some element present in the material.

## 8. Tensile Properties

- 8.1 One tension test shall be made from each master heat except for grades M25S and CY5SnBiM when the master heat is used to pour the castings. One tension test shall be made from each melt except for grades M25S and CY5SnBiM. Test results shall conform to the tensile requirements specified in Table 3. Test bars shall be poured in special blocks from the same heat as the castings represented.
- 8.2 The bar from which the test specimen is taken shall be heat treated in production furnaces to the same procedure as the castings it represents. If the castings are not heat treated, the bar used for the test specimen must not be heat treated.
- 8.3 Test specimens may be cut from castings, at the producer's option, instead of from test bars.
- 8.4 When castings are produced by methods other than investment process, tension test coupons shall be machined to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> For maximum softness and the least variation in hardness levels, castings should be transferred from an oven at 1600 °F [870 °C] to a second oven at 1300 °F [705 °C].