**Designation:** F1667 - 15 F1667 - 17

# Standard Specification for Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1667; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense. The Commercial and Government Entity (Cage) Code for ASTM: 81346.

#### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers nails, spikes, staples, and other driven fasteners, as listed in Table 1.

Note 1—Fastener ductility information is presented in Table 2 and dimensional information in Tables 3-65.

- 1.2 Fasteners described in this specification are driven by hand tool, power tool, or mechanical device in single or multiple strikes and are positioned by hand, tool, or machine.
- 1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.4 Fasteners in this specification are sold in bulk (loose) form and are collated for loading into the magazine of an application tool. Other than as covered in Section 9, Workmanship, cohering materials (including, but not limited to, plastic, adhesive bond, paper tape, plastic strip, plastic carrier, wire, etc.) and relative orientation of collated fasteners are not within the scope of this standard.
- 1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.6 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

<u>AS1M F166/-1/</u>

A153/A153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware 6-a457057cffb9/astm-f1667-17

A510MA510/A510M Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel (Metrie)Steel, and Alloy Steel (Withdrawn 2011)

A641/A641M Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire

B695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel

C514 Specification for Nails for the Application of Gypsum Board<sup>3</sup>

F547 Terminology of Nails for Use with Wood and Wood-Base Materials

F592 Terminology of Collated and Cohered Fasteners and Their Application Tools (Withdrawn 2017)<sup>4</sup>

F680 Test Methods for Nails

F1575 Test Method for Determining Bending Yield Moment of Nails

#### 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—The definitions used in this specification are those of common commercial acceptance and usage and also appear in Terminologies F547 and F592.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F16 on Fasteners and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F16.05 on Driven and Other Fasteners. Current edition approved Sept. 1, 2015March 1, 2017. Published October 2015April 2017. Originally approved in 1995. Last previous edition approved in 20132015 as F1667 – 15. DOI: 10.1520/F1667-15.10.1520/F1667-17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Additional material and dimensional tolerance for nails used in Gypsumboard are addressed in C514.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.



TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index

TABL	E 1	Continued

<u>16</u> <u>17</u>

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<u>34</u>

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<u>48</u>

Neith-Hills	Туре		Style	Style Identification	Table	Туре		Style	Style Identification	Т
	I—Nails (NL)						2.	Barrel		
Fig.   Box A   Box A   Box A   Box A   Box A   Box B							3.			
Boo-B   BNS										
		<del>-4.</del>					4.			
-8. Sinker SK 11 10. Control CKK 12 10. Control CKK 12 10. Control CKK 14 11. Control CKK 14 12. Control CKK 14 13. Control CKK 14 14. Control CKK 14 15. Control CKK 14 16. Control CKK 14 17. Control CKK 14 18. Control CKK 14 19. Fire FN 14 19. Control CKK 14 19. Contro		_					<u>5.</u>		CN	
-8. Sinker - 6. Sinker - 6. Contrer - 6. KK 12 - 10. Common - 6. CMA - 7. C							6.		CL	
-8. Sinker SK 11 10. Control CKK 12 10. Control CKK 12 10. Control CKK 14 11. Control CKK 14 12. Control CKK 14 13. Control CKK 14 14. Control CKK 14 15. Control CKK 14 16. Control CKK 14 17. Control CKK 14 18. Control CKK 14 19. Fire FN 14 19. Control CKK 14 19. Contro			•						SK	
-9. Corlere 6 Common 6 Common 6 CMA 14 Common 6 CMA 14 Common 6 CMC 6 Common 6 CMC 7 Common 6 CMC 6 Common 6 CMC 7 Common 6 CM							8.		CK	
## Common CAMS							9.		CMA	
Common									CMC	
Common		<del>10.</del>							CIVIC	
Common									CMS	
## 15 Concrete   CTS/CTM   17   Devaleh-headed   DH   18   Devaleh-headed   DH   18   Devaleh-headed   DH   18   Devaleh-headed   DH   Driven   Common   Com									ONIO	
12-   Double-heeded		11							CMP	
1-  Fire									<u>OWII</u>	
14- Finisheng										
15- Floreing		<del>14.</del>	Finishing	FH	<del>20</del>		10.		CTS/CTM	
Lash		<del>15.</del>	Flooring	<del>FL</del>	<del>21</del>		11.	Double-headed		
47. Masonry		<del>16.</del>	Lath	LHF	<del>22</del>			(Duplex)	<del></del>	
49.   Pellet   Pl.   25   14.   Lath			Lath	LHH	<del>23</del>		12.	Finish	<u>FH</u>	
1-9- Gypsum-wallboard GWM		<del>17.</del>	<del>Masonry</del>	MR/MRH	<del>24</del>		13.	Flooring	<u>FL</u>	
Cypsum-wellboard   CWM   27   27   15.   Masonny   MR/MRH   PR   PR   28   16.   Paller   CWM   PR   PR   PR   28   17.   Gypsum wallboard   GWS   G							14.	<u>Lath</u>		
20-   Reoling   RFA   28   Reoling   RFS   Reoling   RFS   29   Reoling   RFG   30   Reoling   RFB   32   Reoling   RFB   32   Reoling   RFB   32   Reoling   RFB   32   Reoling   RFB   33   Reoling   RFB   33   Reoling   RFB   34   Reoling   RFB   Reol		<del>19.</del>							<u>LHH</u>	
Reoling			* '							
Reoling   RFC   39   Reoling   RFC   39   Reoling   RFR   32   Reoling   RFR   32   Reoling   RFR   32   Reoling   RFP   33   RFC   Reoling   RFP   34   Reoling   RFP   REOLING   REOLI		<del>20.</del>								
Recoling			•				<u>17.</u>			
Reofing			•				40			
Reefing   RFD   38							18.		<u>RFA</u>	
Roofing			•			1			DEC	
Reoling			Hooling	1 6	33	tandaro			ni 3	
21			Roofing	BENS/BEND	24	out that t			BEC	
21.   Shingle   SHAD/SHAS   35   Shingle   SHS/SFSHNSB   36   Shingle   Shingle   SLA/SLC/SLS   38   Shingle   SLA/SLC/SLS   38   Shingle   SLA/SLC/SLS   38   Shingle			/ Tooling	4 4 1 1	4	1 1		Roofing	111 0	
Shingle   SHSS/SHNRSB   36   Head   Roofing   SDF/SDS/CISNK   37   Sizel   RFR   Roofing   SLAVSL6/SLS   38   Roofing   RFR   Roofing   RFR   Roofing   RFR   Roofing   RFR   Roofing   Roofing   RFR   Roofing   Roof		<del>21.</del>	Shingle	SHAD/SHAS	35	dards			RFL	
22.   Siding   SDF/SBC/SBK   37   Steel   RFR     24.   Rubber-heel   RH   39     25.   Underlayment   UL   40   Rooling     26.   Square-barbed   SB   41     27.   Masseny-drive   MD   42     28.   Square-barbed   SB   41     29.   Situation   Steel   Reinforced     29.   Rooling   Rooling     29.   Situation   Steel   Reinforced     20.   Rooling   Rooling     20.   Square-barbed   SB   41     21.   Masseny-drive   MD   42     22.   Steel   Reinforced   Rooling     29.   Steel   Rooling     29.   Steel   Reinforced   Rooling     29.   Steel   Rooling     20.   Steel   Rooling     21.   Steel   Rooling     22.   Steel   Rooling     23.   Steel   Rooling     24.   Steel   Rooling     25.   Steel   Rooling     26.   Steel   Rooling     27.   Massend   Rooling     28.   Steel   Rooling     29.   Steel   Rooling     20.   Steel   Rooling     21.   Steel   Rooling     22.   Steel   Rooling     23.   Steel   Rooling     24.   Steel   Rooling     25.   Steel   Rooling     26.   Steel   Rooling     27.   Albert   Rooling     28.   Steel   Rooling     29.   Steel   Rooling     20.   Steel   Rooling     20.   Steel   Rooling     21.   Steel   Rooling     22.   Steel   Rooling     23.   Steel   Rooling     24.   Steel   Rooling     25.   Steel   Rooling     26.   Steel   Rooling     27.   Albert   Rooling						COULT CADOL			_	
24.   Rubber-heel   RH   39   25.   Underlayment   Ut   40   40   25.   Underlayment   Ut   40   40   27.   Masonry-drive   MID   42   28.   Seuthehon   ES   43   43   28.   Seuthehon   ES   43   44   45   45   45   46   27.   Masonry-drive   MID   42   45   45   45   46   27.   Masonry-drive   MID   42   45   45   45   46   27.   Masonry-drive   MID   42   45   45   45   45   45   45   45		<del>22.</del>		SDF/SDC/SDK	<del>37</del>					
25		<del>23.</del>	Slating	SLA/SLC/SLS	38	nt Prev			RFR	
Part		<del>24.</del>	Rubber heel	RH	39			Reinforced		
27   Masenry-drive   MB		<del>25.</del>	<del>Underlayment</del>							
28.   Escutcheon   ES									MRH/PRH	
Authorities						F1667-17				
30-   Post-frame			■4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		/	1 40 50 4 0		Rooting	MDD/DDD CL C C	
Shank   Shan					J 6/ 1 22 / 1	ba42-ca58-4c8			MRP/PRP 1166/-	
Shank   CM										
H		<del>31.</del>		<del>nono</del>	40				RENS/REND	
CAN	IICut paile	_		CM	47				TII NO/TII ND	
-2: Basket		١.	Common	OW	47					
-3. Glout	(014)	_2_	Rasket	RK	48				RFE	
-4: Trunk									<u></u>	
19.   Shingle   SHAD/SHAS   Stel Shingle   State   S					<del>50</del>					
Figure   First   Fir							19.		SHAD/SHAS	
HI		<del>-6.</del>	Extra-iron clinching					Steel Shingle	SHSS/SHSR	
CSP   Coutter   CRF/GRO   S5   CR   CR   CR   CR   CR   CR   CR   C		<del>-7.</del>	Hob	HB	<del>53</del>			Siding		
-2. Gutter	III—Spikes	<del>-1.</del>	Common	CM	<del>54</del>			Slating	SLA/SLC/SLS	
V	(SP)									
Normalized   Action   Base   Action   Base   Action   Base   Ba					<del>55</del>				<u>UL</u>	
Normalized   Nor		<del>-3.</del>	Round						<u>SB</u>	
-2:         Poultry netting         PN         59           -3:         Flat top crown         FG         60           Flat top crown         FGC         61           -4:         Round or V crown         RG         62           -5:         Preformed         PG         63           -6:         Electrical         RE         64           -7:         Preformed hoop         PH         65           -8:         Cap         STG         66           TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index           Type         Style         Style Identification         Table           III—Spikes         1.         Common         CM									MD	
Post frame   PFRS   Post frame   PSRS   PSR		<del>-1.</del>	Fence	FN	<del>58</del>				<u>ES</u>	
Style   Styl	<del>(ST)</del>	_	D 11 111	DN			<u>27.</u>		GH DEDO	
Flat top crown   FCC   61   Roof Sheathing Ring   RSRS   Shank   Sha							28.	Ping Charle	<u>PFRS</u>	
A		<del>-3.</del>	•						Debe	
Table   Style   Style   Style   IIII—Spikes   III—Spikes   IIII—Spikes   III—Spikes   IIII—Spikes   IIII—Spikes   IIII—Spikes   IIII—Spikes   IIII—Spikes   IIII—Spikes   II		4							nono	
Common   Chapter   Chapt							20		MHQ/MHD	
TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index   Type   Style   Style   Style   Indept.   Style   Style   Indept.   Table   Indept.							<u>29.</u>		IVINO/IVINN	
—8: Gap         STC         66         II—Cut nails (CN)         1. Common         CM           TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index         2. Basket Clout Clout CL         BK           Type         Style         Style Identification Table         III—Spikes         1. Common         CM										
TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index  Type Style Style Identification Table    CN     2   Basket   Clout   CL   Common   CM   CM   CM   CM   CM   CM   CM   C						II—Cut nails	1		CM	
TABLE 1 Classification and Identification Index  Type Style Style Identification Table    CL   Common   CM   CM   CM   CM   CM   CM   CM   C		<del>-0.</del>	σαρ	010	90		<u> </u>	<u>Common</u>	<u>Oivi</u>	
Type Style Style Identification Table III—Spikes 1. Common CM	TAB	LE 1	Classification and lo	lentification Index		<u>, /</u>	2.			
	Type		Style	Style Identification	Table					
<u>i—ivalis (ivL) _ i biaos bri 3 _ I _ (SP)</u>		_					_1.	Common	<u>CM</u>	
	ı—ıvalis (NL)	<u>1.</u>	DIBUS	<u>p</u> H	<u>3</u>	<u>(5P)</u>				

TABLE 1 Continued
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Туре	Style	Style Identification	Table
	2. Gutter	GRF/GRO	52
	3. Round	RDC/RDF	53
IV—Staples	1. Fence	FN	54
(ST)			
	<ol><li>Poultry netting</li></ol>	PN	55
	<ol><li>Flat top crown</li></ol>	FC	
	Flat top crown	FCC	57
	4. Round or V crown	RC	58
	5. Preformed	PC	59
	6. Electrical	RC PC RE	60
	7. Preformed hoop	PH	61
	8. <u>Cap</u>	STC	56 57 58 59 60 61 62

TABLE 2 Bend Angles for Fasteners Using the Test Methods F680 Bend Test

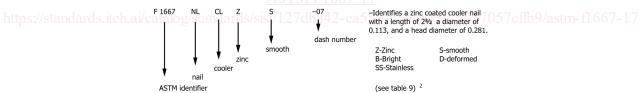
	Fastener Material	Bend Angle, °
1.	Steel wire: (low-carbon, medium-low carbon, medium-carbon) (unhardened)	180
2.	Stainless steel wire	180
3.	Hardened steel fasteners	20
4.	Sheet steel for cut nails, Type II, and cut spikes, Type III	90
5.	Copper (min 98 %)	180
6.	Copper clad wire (min 20 %)	180
7.	Aluminum alloy wire	90
8.	Brass wire	180

## iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai)

#### 4. Classification

4.1 The fasteners and their Table 1 classification are identified as follows:

Note 2—The identification of fasteners, classified by style and type (alpha indicators) followed by a dash number (numerical code) based on Tables 3–65,3–62, identifies dimensions specifically and establishes a PIN (part identifying number) system when preceded by the F1667 ASTM designator of this specification. For example:



4.2 The trade designation, S, pennyweight, used in commercial practice is referenced in Tables  $\frac{3-643}{4}$  wherever it applies.

#### 5. Ordering Information

- 5.1 Orders for driven fasteners under this specification shall include the following information:
- 5.1.1 Quantity or weight;
- 5.1.2 Part identifying number (PIN) or product description (see 4.1 and appropriate table);
- 5.1.3 Special material requirements, if specified, including coatings or finishes;
- 5.1.4 ASTM designation;
- 5.1.5 Packaging requirements;
- 5.1.6 A producer's or supplier's certification that the material and the finished fastener are in compliance with this specification, furnished only when specified in the purchase order;
  - 5.1.7 Supplementary requirements, if any; and
  - 5.1.8 Any additions agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

#### 6. Material Requirements

- 6.1 Steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall be of low carbon, medium-low carbon, or medium-high carbon.
- 6.2 Stainless steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall be of Types 302, 304, 305, or 316.

- 6.3 Carbon steel wire for the manufacture of hardened steel nails shall be suitable for heat treatment to a minimum hardness of 37 HRC.
  - 6.4 Sheet steel used in the manufacture of cut nails (Type II) and cut spikes (Type III) shall be a medium-carbon sheet steel.
  - 6.5 Copper used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall contain a minimum of 98 % pure copper.
- 6.6 Copper-clad steel wire used in the manufacture of driven fasteners shall contain not less than 20 % copper by weight. The average thickness of copper on the steel wire shall be not less than 10 % of the radius of the clad wire; the minimum thickness of copper on the steel wire shall be not less than 8 % of the radius of the clad wire.
- 6.7 Aluminum alloy wire used in the manufacture of fasteners shall conform to Alloy 2024, 5056, 6061, or 6110 and have a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 60 000 psi.

Note 3—Smooth shank nails are sometimes chemically treated to remove grease, oil, and foreign matter and to roughen the surface microscopically. Mechanically deformed nails are sometimes cleaned to remove grease and foreign matter.

6.8 Brass wire used in the manufacture of fasteners shall be of good commercial quality suitable for the purpose.

#### 7. Physical Properties

- 7.1 Ductility—The fasteners shall be sufficiently ductile to withstand cold bending without fracture, as specified in Table 2 for various materials used in the manufacture of fasteners utilizing the conventional bend test described in Test Methods F680. Mandrel diameter used in this test shall not exceed nail/wire diameter. The cold bend test shall not apply to unhardened nails with deformed shanks.
- 7.2 *Tensile Strength*—Finished driven fasteners are not normally subject to tension testing. However, the wire or sheet used to manufacture the fastener is tested as required for control in the production process during manufacture.
- 7.3 Number per pound—Number per pound figures are not requirements. Number per pound varies (1) as actual dimensions vary within tolerance ranges, (2) between bright and coated nails, and (3) with zinc coating thickness for galvanized nails. No tolerances have been established for these figures. They are for reference only and shall not be used as product acceptance/rejection criteria.

#### 8. Dimensions and Tolerances

8.1 Nominal dimensions of nails and spikes shall be as shown in Tables 3–56.3–53. The following dimensional designations shall apply:

S = trade designation (reference in penny weight),

L = length, in.,

H htt=shead diameter or width, in., standards/sist/127dba42-ca58-4c86-b4b6-a457057cffb9/astm-f1667-17

D = shank diameter, in.,

B = head separation, in. (Table 18), and B = head separation, in. (Table 17), and

No./lb = approximate count per pound.

- 8.1.1 The lengths, L, of nails and spikes with flat heads or parallel shoulders under the head shall be measured from under the head or shoulder to the tip of the point. All other nails and spikes shall be measured overall.
- 8.1.2 The diameter, *D*, of smooth shank nails and spikes shall be measured away from the gripper marks. The diameter, *D*, of formed or deformed shanks deformed shank nails shall be measured before deformation, or, if specified, the thread crest diameter after deformation, or both. or when available, the smooth section of the shank away from any gripper marks. All diameter dimensions shall be taken prior to the application of or after the removal of any coatings or finish.
  - 8.2 Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions for Nails and Spikes:
- 8.2.1 Length tolerances shall be  $\pm \frac{1}{32}$  in. for lengths up to and including 1 in.;  $\pm \frac{1}{16}$  in. for lengths over 1 in., up to and including  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in.;  $\pm \frac{3}{32}$  for lengths over  $2\frac{1}{2}$  in., up to and including 7 in.; and  $\pm \frac{1}{8}$  in. for all lengths over 7 in.
- 8.2.2 Shank diameter tolerances shall be  $\pm 0.002$  in. for diameters smaller than 0.076 in. and  $\pm 0.004$  in. for diameters 0.076 in. and larger.
  - 8.2.3 Head Diameter Tolerances:
- 8.2.3.1 Hand Driven—Tolerances on concentric round head diameters of roofing nails shall be +0, -10 % of the nominal head diameter (the mean of two readings 90° apart). For other brads, nails, and spikes, the tolerance shall be shall be ±10 % of the nominal head diameter (individual measurement). The difference in diameter across the long axis of a roofing nail shall not exceed that across the short axis by more than 20 %. For other brads, nails, and spikes, the difference in diameter across the long axis shall not exceed that across the short axis by more than 10 %. A fillet shall be provided under the head if not otherwise specified.
- 8.2.3.2 *PowerPower-Tool Driven*—Tolerances on head diameters of power-driven power-tool driven nails shall comply with the <u>nail</u> manufacturer's specifications and shall be suitable for use in the make and model of the tool specified.



- 8.3 Nominal dimensions of staples shall be as shown in Tables <del>57–65,54–60,</del> and the following dimensional designations shall apply:
  - 8.3.1 Hand Tool-Driven Nominal Dimensions:

L = leg length, inside, in.,
D = round leg diameter, in.,
C = crown width, inside, in., and

No./lb = approximate count per pound.

8.3.2 Power Tool–Driven Nominal Dimensions:

D = round leg diameter, in., L = leg length, outside, in.,

T = leg thickness, in. (see Tables 59 and 60),T = leg thickness, in. (see Tables 56 and 57),

 $\overline{W} = \overline{\text{leg width, in. (see Tables 59 and 60)}},$ 

 $\frac{W}{C} = \frac{\text{leg width, in. (see Tables 56 and 57),}}{\text{crown width, outside, in., and}}$ 

G = steel wire gage.

- 8.4 Tolerances on Nominal Dimensions for Staples:
- 8.4.1 Leg length, L, tolerances shall be  $\pm \frac{1}{32}$ ,  $-\frac{1}{64}$  in. for both hand tool–driven and power tool–driven staples.
- 8.4.2 Diameter tolerances for hand tool–driven round staples shall be  $\pm 0.002$  in. for diameters smaller than 0.076 in. and  $\pm 0.004$  in. for diameters 0.076 in. and larger.
- 8.4.3 Thickness and width tolerances on power-driven power-tool driven staples shall comply with the manufacturer's specification and shall be suitable for use in the make and model tool specified (see Tables 5956 and 60).57).
  - 8.4.4 Crown width tolerances are  $\pm \frac{1}{32}$  in. unless otherwise specified.
- 8.5 Nominal Dimensions for Cut Nails, Type II—Unless otherwise specified, cut nails shall be sheared from medium carbon sheet steel and shall have a wedge-shaped shank with a sheared square point end narrower than the upset head end. The designation T in Tables 46-5149-50 refers to sheet thickness in finished product. Other designations shall be the same as those for nails in 8.1.
- 8.6 When gage is used for a nominal diameter dimension in the application of this specification, it shall be in accordance with the decimal equivalents as shown in Specification A510MA510/A510M, unless otherwise specified.

#### 9. Workmanship

9.1 Fasteners covered by this specification shall be true to shape, well-finished, free from imperfections, clean, and free of corrosion. Mechanically Power-tool driven collated items shall be uniform and aligned properly in their assembled form for use in power tools.

#### 10. Protective Coatings and Finishes

- 10.1 Zinc Coating:
- 10.1.1 Driven fasteners required to be zinc coated shall be cut and formed from hot-dip, hard-wiped, galvanized steel wire, electrogalvanized electrodeposited (electrogalvanized) steel wire, or zinc flake/chromate dispersion-coated steel wire; or they shall be cut from uncoated (bright) steel wire and shall be hot-dip galvanized, electrodeposited zinc coated, mechanically deposited zinc coated, or zinc flake/chromate dispersion coated after forming. Power-driven staples are not normally zinc coated after forming.
- 10.1.2 Hot-dip galvanized or electrogalvanized steel wire for the manufacture of fasteners shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 1.
- 10.1.3 Hot-dip galvanized steel fasteners coated after forming shall have a coating weight in accordance with Specification A153/A153M, Class D, when a heavier coating for exterior use is specified. If not otherwise specified, the coating weight shall be in accordance with Specification A641/A641M, Supplementary Requirements, Class 1.
- 10.1.4 Mechanically deposited zinc coatings applied to fasteners after forming shall have a thickness in accordance with Specification B695, Class 40, unless otherwise specified.
  - 10.2 Other Coatings and Finishes (When Specified):
- 10.2.1 Cement coating shall be applied by tumbling, mechanical dispensing device, or immersion in resin or other similar material and shall not be tacky or gummy. Cement coatings on power-driven fasteners shall be uniform and applied before, during, or after the fasteners are cohered into strips, elips, or coils.
- Note 4—Cement coatings increase the holding strength in withdrawal of a driven fastener, depending on the fastener size, amount of cement coating applied, and method of driving.
  - 10.2.1 Chemical etching shall remove the polish of fabrication and roughen the surface microscopically.
  - 10.2.2 Blued nails shall be heated to form a thin, colored oxide on the surface.



- 10.2.3 Miscellaneous finishes, finishes and coatings, such as polymer coatings, tin plating, liquor, brass plating, copper plating, phosphate coating, or oil coating shall be applied.
  - Note 4—Polymer coatings are often used to assist in the driving of power-tool driven fasteners.
  - 10.3 Altered Shapes and Deformations:
- 10.3.1 Mechanically formed or deformed nail shanks shall have barbs, flutes, threads, or angular serrations formed onto the wire from which the nail is manufactured. Mechanically deformed shanks shall have vertical or helical flutes or screw-type or annular (ring)-type deformations rolled onto the shank. Symmetrical helical shank deformations shall be obtained by twisting square wire. The deformations shall pass entirely around the shank body, resulting in expanded ridges and depressions. Interruptions in shank deformation to facilitate attachment of materials for collating nails is permitted.
- 10.3.2 Mechanically formed or deformed nail heads shall be round or T-headed; or they shall be altered round for suitable use in a given make and model of a power-driving fastening system. power-tool.
- 10.3.3 Staples manufactured for intended use in power tools shall comply with the tool manufacturer's specification or Type IV, Style 3 (Table 5956 or Table 60):57).

#### 11. Certification

11.1 When specified in the purchase order, a producer's or supplier's certification shall be furnished to the purchaser, indicating that the fasteners are in compliance with this specification and the purchase order.

#### 12. Packaging and Package Marking

- 12.1 Unless otherwise specified, fasteners shall be in substantial commercial containers of the type, size, and kind commonly used for the purpose, so constructed as to preserve the contents in good condition and to ensure acceptance and safe delivery by common or other carriers to the point of delivery. In addition, the containers shall be so made that the contents can be removed partially without destroying the container's ability to serve as a receptacle for the remainder of the contents.
- 12.2 When specified, individual packages and shipping containers shall be marked with the part-identifying number and type,number, style (see Table 1), fastener length, diameter (or gage, as applicable) of the fastener, the material (other than carbon steel), coating/finish, for nails-shank style (smooth, ring, screw, etc.), for staples —crown width, the name of the manufacturer or distributor, country of origin, and the quantity or net weight.

#### 13. Keywords

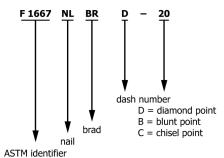
13.1 diameter; driven fasteners; head; length; nails; point; spikes; staples

ASTM F1667-17

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#### TABLE 3 Type I, Style 1—Brads<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel wire, brad head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish. When specified, brads shall have a modified brad head with a blunt or chiseled point for use with mechanical drivers.



– Identifies a brad nail with a length of  $1\frac{1}{2}$ , a diameter of 0.099, and a diamond point.





Dash No.	L	D	S	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	S	No./lb
01	3/8	0.035		9520	21	1¾	0.062		670
02	1/2	0.035		7060	22	13/4	0.080		400
03	1/2	0.048		3990	23	13/4	0.099	5d	270
04	5/8	0.035		5680	24	2	0.062		580
05	5/8	0.048		3200	25	2	0.080		350
06	3/4	0.035		4800	26	2	0.113	6d	180
07	3/4	0.048		2620	27	21/4	0.080		320
08	3/4	0.062		1550	28	21/4	0.113	7d	160
09	7/8	0.035		4220	29	21/2	0.080		290
10	7/8	0.048		2220	30	21/2	0.131	8d	110
11	7/8	0.062		1280	31	23/4	0.131	9d	97
12	1	0.054		1500	32	3	0.148	10d	70
13	1	0.062		1120	33	31/4	0.148	12d	65
14	1	0.072	4	904	34	31/2	0.162	16d	50
15	11/4	0.054	Ths:/	1210	35	4	0.192	20d	31
16	11/4	0.062	Post	940	36	41/2	0.207	30d	24
17	11/4	0.080	3d	560	37	5	0.225	40d	18
18	11/2	0.054		1040	38	51/2	0.244	50d	14
19	11/2	0.080	DUC	470	39	6	0.262	60d	11
20	11/2	0.099	4d	320					

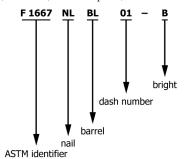
 $<sup>^{</sup>A}\!\text{All}$  dimensions are given in inches.

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#### TABLE 4 Type I, Style 2—Barrel Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel-Carbon steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or eement coated other coating as specified.



 Identifies a barrel nail with a length of ⅓, a diameter of 0.067, a head diameter of 0.148, and a bright finish.
 B = bright

Z= Zinc



Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	5/8	0.067	0.148	1.550	05	11/8	0.076	0.177	670
02	3/4	0.067	0.148	1.300	06	11/4	0.080	0.188	540
03	<sup>7</sup> /8	0.076	0.177	850	07	13/8	0.092	0.219	380
04	1	0.076	0.177	750	08	11/2	0.092	0.219	350

 $<sup>^{</sup>A}\!$ All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 5 Type I, Style 3—Boat nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel wire, oval countersunk head, chisel point, round smooth shank, bright or zine coated as specified.



https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standa

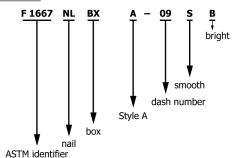


		F 1667	7 NLBTL					F 1667	NLBTH		
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	4d	11/2	0.188	0.406	82	01	4d	11/2	0.250	0.500	47
02	6d	2	0.188	0.406	62	02	6d	2	0.250	0.500	36
03	8d	21/2	0.188	0.406	50	03	8d	21/2	0.250	0.500	29
04	10d	3	0.250	0.500	24	04	10d	3	0.375	0.750	11
05	12d	31/4	0.250	0.500	22	05	12d	31/4	0.375	0.750	10
06	16d	31/2	0.250	0.500	20	06	16d	31/2	0.375	0.750	9
07	20d	4	0.250	0.500	18	07	20d	4	0.375	0.750	8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 65 Type I, Style 4A—Box3A—Box Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel\_Carbon steel, stainless steel or aluminium wire, flat head, diamond point, round, barbeddeformed or smooth shank, bright or cement eoated bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified. When specified, box nails shall have an altered or T-head with a diamond, blunt, or chisel point for use with mechanical drivers.power tools.



 Identifies a bright box nail, Style A, with a length of 3, a diameter of 0.128, a head diameter eter of 0.312, and a bright finish

bright finish.

B = bright S = smooth shank
A = aluminum D = deformed shank

SS = stainlessZ = zinc



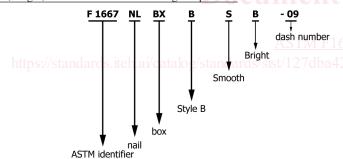


	F 1667 NLBXA										
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.067	0.188	940	08	9d	23/4	0.113	0.297	120
02	3d	11/4	0.076	0.219	590	09	10d	3	0.128	0.312	90
03	4d	11/2	0.080	0.219	450	10	12d	31/4	0.128	0.312	83
04	5d	13/4	0.080	0.219	390	11	16d	31/2	0.135	0.344	69
05	6d	2	0.099	0.266	220	12	20d	4	0.148	0.375	50
06	7d	21/4	0.099	0.266	200	13	30d	41/2	0.148	0.375	45
07	8d	21/2	0.113	0.297	140	14	40d	5	0.162	0.406	34

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

### TABLE 76 Type I, Style 4B—Box3B—Box Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel Carbon steel, stainless steel or aluminum wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, cement coated round, deformed or smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or other coating as specified.



Identifies a bright box nail,
 Style B, with a length of 2 7/8, a diameter of 0.113, a head diameter of 0.297 and
 a bright finish

B = bright S = smooth shank SS = stainless D= deformed shank

SS = stainless D= deformed shank A = aluminum



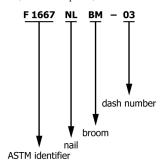
Z = zinc

	F 1667 NLBXB											
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	
01	2d	1	0.058	0.172	1250	06	7d	21/8	0.086	0.250	280	
02	3d	<b>11/</b> 8	0.062	0.188	980	07	8d	2³/8	0.099	0.266	190	
03	4d	<b>1³/</b> 8	0.067	0.203	680	08	9d	<b>2</b> 5/8	0.099	0.266	170	
04	5d	<b>1</b> 5/8	0.072	0.219	510	09	10d	2 <sup>7</sup> /8	0.113	0.297	120	
05	6d	17/8	0.086	0.250	315							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 87 Type I, Style 5—Broom4—Broom Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel wire, flat or star head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish, as specified.



 Identifies a broom nail with a length of ¾, a diameter of 0.072, and a head diameter of 0.203.

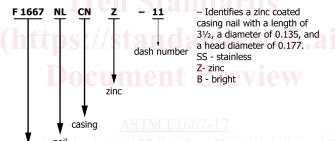


Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	5/8	0.072	0.203	1480
02	5/8	0.080	0.219	990
03	3/4	0.072	0.203	1170
04	3/4	0.080	0.219	840

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 98 Type I, Style 6—Casing5—Casing Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel-Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat countersunk cupped head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright finish or zinc coated.



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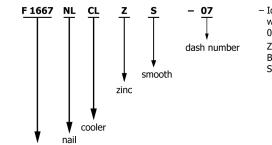
				<u> </u>			$\qquad \Longrightarrow \qquad$				
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.067	0.099	1090	07	8d	21/2	0.113	0.155	150
02	3d	11/4	0.076	0.113	650	08	9d	2¾	0.113	0.155	135
03	4d	11/2	0.080	0.120	490	09	10d	3	0.128	0.170	95
04	5d	13/4	0.080	0.120	415	10	12d	31/4	0.128	0.170	90
05	6d	2	0.099	0.142	245	11	16d	31/2	0.135	0.177	75
06	7d	21/4	0.099	0.142	215						

 $<sup>^{</sup>A}\!\mathsf{All}$  dimensions are given in inches.



#### TABLE 109 Type I, Style 7—Cooler 6—Cooler Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, eement coated or deformed shank, bright or zinc or other coating as specified. When specified, coolers shall have an altered or T-head for use with mechanical drivers.



 Identifies a zinc coated cooler nail with a length of 2 3/8, a diamter of 0.113, and a head diamter of 0.281.

Z - Zinc B - Bright S - smooth D- deformed

SS - Stainless

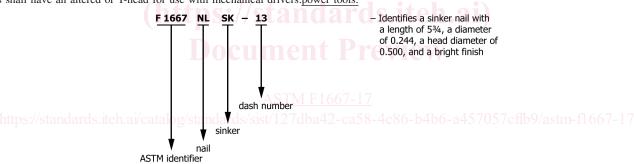
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.062	0.172	1110	06	7d	21/8	0.099	0.266	210
02	3d	11/8	0.067	0.188	840	07	8d	<b>2</b> <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	0.113	0.281	140
03	4d	13/8	0.080	0.219	490	08	9d	<b>2</b> 5/8	0.113	0.281	130
04	5d	15/8	0.086	0.234	370	09	10d	<b>2</b> <sup>7</sup> /8	0.120	0.297	100
05	6d	17/8	0.092	0.250	280						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

**ASTM** identifier

#### TABLE 1110 Type I, Style 8—Sinker7—Sinker Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel wire, flat countersunk head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright or eement coated. other coating as specified. When specified, sinkers shall have an altered or T-head for use with mechanical drivers.power tools.



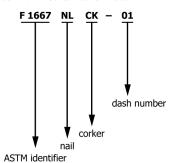


Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	3d	11/8	0.067	0.172	940	08	12d	31/8	0.135	0.312	81
02	4d	13/8	0.080	0.203	530	09	16d	31⁄4	0.148	0.344	64
03	5d	15/8	0.086	0.219	390	10	20d	3¾	0.177	0.375	40
04	6d	17/8	0.092	0.234	290	11	30d	41/4	0.192	0.406	30
05	7d	21/8	0.099	0.250	220	12	40d	43/4	0.207	0.438	23
06	8d	23/8	0.113	0.266	150	13	60d	53/4	0.244	0.500	14
07	10d	27/8	0.120	0.281	110						

 $<sup>^{</sup>A}\!$ All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 1211 Type I, Style 9—Corker8—Corker Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel wire, flat countersunk head, diamond point, round smooth shank, eement coated. or other coating as specified. When specified, corkers shall have an altered or T-head for use with mechanical drivers.



 Identifies a corker nail with a length of 1, a diameter of 0.062, and a head diameter of 0.156.



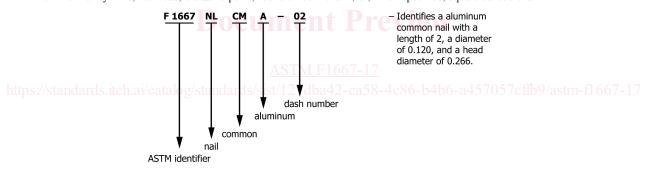
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb
01	2d	1	0.062	0.156	1220	09	10d	27/8	0.135	0.312	89
02	3d	11/4	0.072	0.188	720	10	12d	31/8	0.135	0.312	81
03	4d	11/2	0.086	0.219	420	11	16d	33/8	0.148	0.344	62
04	5d	<b>1</b> 5⁄8	0.086	0.219	320	12	20d	37/8	0.177	0.375	38
05	6d	17/8	0.099	0.250	250	13	30d	43/8	0.192	0.406	29
06	7d	21/8	0.099	0.250	220	14	40d	47/8	0.207	0.438	22
07	8d	23/8	0.120	0.281	130	15	50d	53/8	0.226	0.469	17
08	9d	<b>2</b> 5/8	0.120	0.281	120	16	60d	57/8	0.244	0.500	13

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

### iTeh Standards

#### TABLE 1312 Type I, Style 10—Common 9—Aluminum Common Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Aluminum alloy wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, or, when specified, square barbed shank.



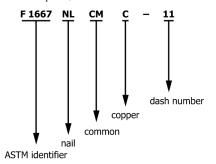


	F 1667 NLCMA													
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb			
01	4d	11/2	0.099	0.250	830	04	10d	3	0.162	0.312	170			
02	6d	2	0.120	0.266	430	05	16d	31/2	0.177	0.344	120			
03	8d	21/2	0.148	0.281	220	06	20d	4	0.199	0.406	78			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 1413 Type I, Style 10—Common 9—Copper Common Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Copper wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank.



 Identifies a copper common nail with a length of 2, a diameter of 0.134, and a head diameter of 0.281.

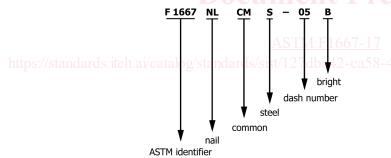


F 1667 NLCMC													
Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	L	D	Н	No./lb				
01	5/8	0.065	0.156	1380	10	2	0.120	0.266	130				
02	3/4	0.065	0.156	1160	11	2	0.134	0.281					
03	3/4	0.072	0.172	960	12	21/2	0.134	0.281	86				
04	7/8	0.072	0.172	810	13	3	0.148	0.312	56				
05	1	0.072	0.172	700	14	31/2	0.165	0.344	40				
06	11/4	0.083	0.203	420	15	4	0.203	0.406	23				
07	11/2	0.109	0.250	210	16	41/2	0.220	0.438	18				
08	13/4	0.109	0.250	180	17	5	0.238	0.469	14				
09	13/4	0.120	0.266	140	18	6	0.284	0.531	8				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 1514 Type I, Style 10 Common 9 Steel Common Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Steel Carbon steel or stainless steel wire, flat head, diamond point, round smooth shank, bright, zinc coated or cement coated other coating as specified.



- Identifies a steel common nail with a length of 2, a diameter of 0.113, a head diameter of 0.266, and a 057cffb9/astm-f1667-17

B = bright Z = zinc coated S = steel

SS = stainless

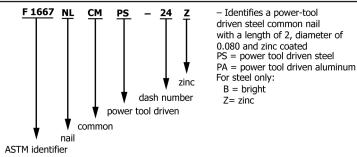


	F 1667 NLCMS														
Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb	Dash No.	S	L	D	Н	No./lb				
01	2d	1	0.072	0.172	850	09	10d	3	0.148	0.312	66				
02	3d	11/4	0.080	0.203	540	10	12d	31/4	0.148	0.312	61				
03	4d	11/2	0.099	0.250	290	11	16d	31/2	0.162	0.344	47				
04	5d	13/4	0.099	0.250	250	12	20d	4	0.192	0.406	30				
05	6d	2	0.113	0.266	170	13	30d	41/2	0.207	0.438	23				
06	7d	21/4	0.113	0.266	150	14	40d	5	0.226	0.469	17				
07	8d	21/2	0.131	0.281	100	15	50d	51/2	0.244	0.500	14				
08	9d	23/4	0.131	0.281	92	16	60d	6	0.262	0.531	11				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup>All dimensions are given in inches.

#### TABLE 1615 Type I, Style 10—Common 9—Power-tool Driven Common Nails<sup>A</sup>

Note 1—Aluminum alloy wire, stainless steel or <u>carbon</u> steel wire, (bright, zinc coated or <u>eement coated), other coating as specified), round, altered or T-head, diamond or chisel point, round smooth or <u>deformed shank</u>, as specified. For Primarily intended for use with <u>mechanical drivers</u>-power-tools.</u>





								F1667	NLCMM								
Dash No.	L	D	Dash	L	D	Dash No.	L	D	Dash	L	D	Dash	L	D	Dash	L	D
			No.						No.			No.			No.		
01	11/4	0.080	15	13/4	0.086	29	2	0.148	43	13/4	0.120	57	23/8	0.113	71	3	0.131
02	11/4	0.086	16	13/4	0.092	30	21/4	0.092	44	<b>1</b> 7/8	0.120	58	23/8	0.120	72	3	0.148
03	11/4	0.092	17	13/4	0.099	31	21/4	0.099	45	17/8	0.131	59	23/8	0.131	73	31/4	0.120
04	11/4	0.099	18	13/4	0.113	32	21/4	0.113	46	17/8	0.148	60	23/8	0.148	74	31/4	0.131
05	11/2	0.080	19	17/8	0.080	33	21/2	0.092	47	2	0.120	61	21/2	0.120	75	31/4	0.148
06	11/2	0.086	20	17/8	0.086	34	21/2	0.099	48	2	0.131	62	21/2	0.148	76	31/2	0.135
07	11/2	0.092	21	17/8	0.092	35	21/2	0.113	49	21/8	0.099	63	21/2	0.162	77	31/2	0.148
08	11/2	0.099	22	17/8	0.099	36	21/2	0.131	50	21/8	0.113	64	25/8	0.148	78	31/2	0.162
09	11/2	0.113	23	17/8	0.113	37	31/2	0.131	51	21/8	0.120	65	23/4	0.120	79	4	0.148
10	<b>1</b> 5/8	0.080	24	2	0.080	38	11/2	0.120	52	21/8	0.131	66	23/4	0.131	80	4	0.162
11	15/8	0.086	25	2	0.086	39	11/2	0.131	53	21/8	0.148	67	23/4	0.148	81	41/2	0.148
12	<b>1</b> 5/8	0.092	26	2	0.092	40	11/2	0.148	54	21/4	0.120	68	27/8	0.120	82	41/2	0.162
13	<b>1</b> 5/8	0.099	27	2	0.099	41	11/2	0.162	55	21/4	0.131	69	3	0.120			
14	13/4	0.080	28	2	0.113	42	15/8	0.113	56	21/4	0.148	70	3	0.128			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> All dimensions given in inches.

#### ASTM F1667-17

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/127dba42-ca58-4c86-b4b6-a457057cffb9/astm-f1667-17