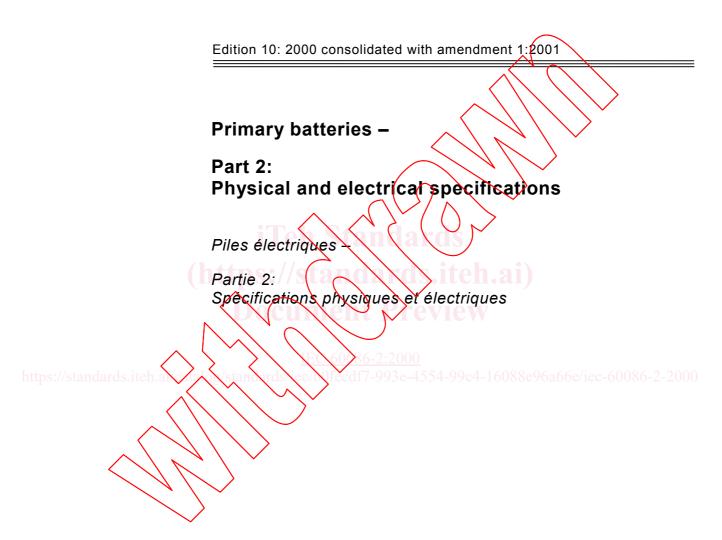
# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## IEC 60086-2

Edition 10.1

2001-10





Reference number IEC 60086-2:2000+A1:2001(E)

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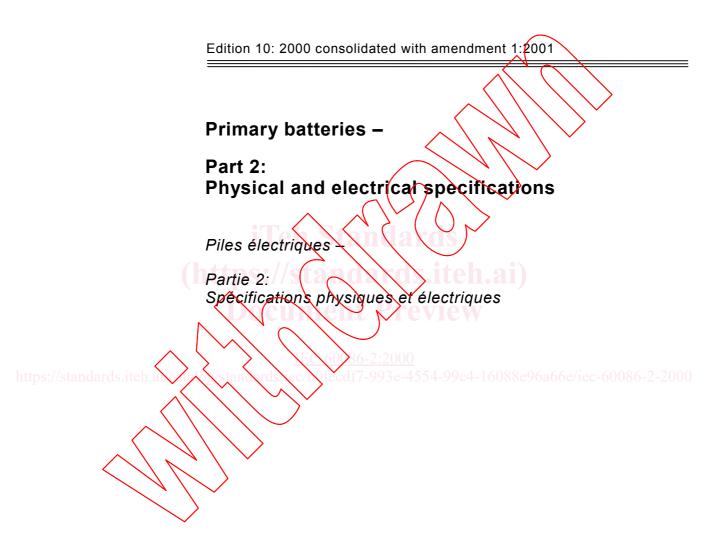
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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

#### PRIMARY BATTERIES -

## Part 2: Physical and electrical specifications

## FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object on the IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- 6) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. The IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.
- International Standard IEC 60086-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 35: Primary cells and patteries.

This consolidated version of IEC 60086-2 is based on the tenth edition (2000) [documents 35/1136/FDIS and 35/1147/R/D], and its amendment 1 (2001) [documents 35/1157/FDIS and 35/1163/R/D].

It bears the edition number 10.1.

A vertical line in the margin shows where the base publication has been modified by amendment 1.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Annexes A, B and C are for information only.

IEC 60086 consists of the following parts under the general title: Primary batteries

- Part 1: General
- Part 2: Physical and electrical specifications
- Part 3: Watch batteries
- Part 4: Safety of lithium batteries
- Part 5: Safety of batteries with aqueous electrolyte

The committee has decided that the contents of the base publication and its amendment will remain unchanged until 2002. At this date, the publication will be

- 4 -

- reconfirmed;
- withdrawn;
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this standard may be issued at a later date.

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## INTRODUCTION

The technical content of this part of IEC 60086 provides physical dimensions, discharge test conditions and discharge performance requirements. IEC 60086-2 complements the general information and requirements of IEC 60086-1 through provision of specification sheets for primary cells and batteries.

This part was prepared to benefit primary battery users, device designers and battery manufacturers by furnishing the specifics of form, fit and function for individual standardized primary cells and batteries. Over the years, this part has been changed to improve its contents and may again be revised in due course in the light of comments made by National Committees and experts on the basis of practical experience and changing technology. This current revision is the result of a reformatting initiative, as well as some content changes, aimed at making this part more user-friendly, less ambiguous, and, from a cross-reference basis, fully harmonized with other parts of IEC 60086.

NOTE	Safety	information	as	been	removed	from	IEC	60086-1,	andis	now	available in	ı iec	60086-4	and
IEC 60	086-5.	information							$\langle \langle \rangle$	$\nearrow$	$\mathcal{N}$			

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## PRIMARY BATTERIES -

## Part 2: Physical and electrical specifications

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 60086 is applicable to primary batteries based on standardized electrochemical systems.

It specifies – the physical dimensions

- the discharge test conditions and discharge performance requirements.

#### 2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of IEC 60086. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of IEC 60086 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

IEC 600050(481):1996, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Chapter 481: Primary cells and batteries

IEC 60086-1:2000, Primary batteries - Part 1: General

ISO 1101:1983, Technical drawings - Geometrical tolerancing – Tolerancing of form, orientation, location and run out – Generalities, definitions, symbols, indication on drawings

## 3 Definitions

For the purpose of this International Standard, the definitions of IEC 60050(481), as well as the following definitions, apply.

#### 3.1

#### application test

test which simulates the actual use of a battery in a specific application, for example, "portable lighting", "tape recorder" or "transistor radio" test

#### 3.2

#### end-point voltage (EV)

specified closed circuit voltage at which a service output test is terminated

#### 3.3

#### minimum average duration (MAD)

that minimum average time on discharge which shall be met by a sample of batteries

NOTE The discharge test is carried out according to the specified methods and designed to show conformity with the standard applicable to the battery types

## 3.4

#### nominal voltage of a primary battery (Vn)

suitable approximate value of voltage used to identify the voltage of a primary battery

#### 3.5

#### on-load voltage

#### (closed-circuit voltage) (CCV)

voltage across the terminals of a battery when it is on discharge

#### 3.6

#### open-circuit voltage (OCV)

(off-load voltage)

voltage across the terminals of a battery when no external current is flowing

#### 3.7

#### primary battery

one or more primary cells, including case, terminals and marking

#### 3.8

#### primary cell

source of electrical energy obtained by the direct conversion of chemical energy, that is not designed to be charged by any other electrical source

## 3.9

#### service output (of a primary battery)

service life, or capacity, or energy output of a battery under specified conditions of discharge

#### 3.10

#### service output test

test designed to measure the service output of a battery

NOTE A service output test may be prescribed, for example, when

a) an application test is too complex to replicate;

b) the duration of an application test would make it impractical for routine testing purposes

#### 3.11

#### storage life duration under specified conditions at the end of which a battery retains its ability to perform a specified service output

#### 3.12

#### terminals (of a primary battery)

conductive parts provided for the connection of a battery to external conductors

#### 4 Symbols and abbreviations

- 4.1 EV: end-point voltage
- 4.2 MAD: minimum average duration
- 4.3 OCV: open-circuit voltage (off-load voltage)
- 4.4 R: load resistance
- **4.5 Vn**: nominal voltage of a battery

## 5 Battery dimensions

The symbols used to denote the various dimensions are as follows:

- A: maximum overall height of the battery
- B: minimum distance between the flats of the positive and negative contacts
- C: minimum outer diameter of the negative flat contact surface
- D: maximum inner diameter of the negative flat contact surface
- E: maximum recess of the negative flat contact surface
- F: maximum diameter of the positive contact within the specified projection height

- 8 -

- G: minimum projection of the flat positive contact
- K: minimum projection of the flat negative contact
- L: maximum diameter of the negative contact within the specified projection height
- M: minimum diameter of the flat negative contact
- N: minimum diameter of the flat positive contact
- ø: maximum and minimum diameters of the battery
- ø P: concentricity of the positive contact

Recesses are permitted in the negative flat contact surface defined by dimensions C and D for batteries having the shape shown in figure 1a, provided that batteries placed end to end in series make electrical contact with each other and that the contact separation is an integral multiple of the contact separation for one battery. The following conditions must be satisfied:

C > F N > D C > F

## 6 Constitution of the battery specification tables

tros 6.1 Batteries are categorized into several groups according to their shapes. 666/jec-60086-2-2000

**6.2** In each category, batteries having the same shape but belonging to a different electrochemical system are grouped together and shown in succession.

**6.3** Batteries are always listed in ascending order of nominal voltage and, within each nominal voltage, in ascending order of volume.

6.4 One common shape drawing of these batteries which fall in the same group is exhibited.

**6.5** Designation, nominal voltage, dimensions, discharge conditions, minimum average duration and application for these batteries which fall into the same group are summarized in one table

**6.6** When a drawing represents only one type of battery, the dimensions of the relevant battery are directly shown on the drawing.

- 6.7 Batteries are categorized into the following groups:
- a) Category 1: Round batteries according to figures 1a and 1b
  R1, R03, R6C, R6P, R6S, R14C, R14P, R14S, R20C, R20P, R20S, 2R10
  LR8D425, LR1, LR03, LR6, LR14, LR20
  CR 12A604

- b) Category 2: Round batteries
  CR14250, CR17345, CR17450
  BR17335, BR17345
- c) Category 3: Round batteries according to figure 2 and figure 3 LR9, LR53
   CR 11108
- d) Category 4: Round batteries according to figure 4 PR70, PR41, PR48, PR43, PR44 LR41, LR55, LR54, LR43, LR44 SR62, SR63, SR65, SR64, SR60, SR67, SR66, SR58, SR68, SR59, SR69, SR41, SR57, SR55, SR48, SR56, SR54, SR42, SR43, SR44 CR1025, CR1216, CR1220, CR1616, CR2012, CR1620, CR2016. CR2025 CR2320. CR2032, CR2330, CR2430, CR2354, CR3032, CR2450 BR1225, BR2016, BR2020, BR2320, BR2325, BR3032 e) Category 5: Other round batteries - Miscellaneous R40 4LR44 2CR13252 4SR44 5AR40 f) Category 6: Non-round batteries - Miscellaneous **S**4 3LR 3R12C, 3R12P, 3R12S, 12 4LR61 BR-P2, CR-P2 2CR5 2EP3863 4R25X, 4 R25 4R25X 4R25-2, 4LR25 6AS4 6AS6 6F22, 6LR61

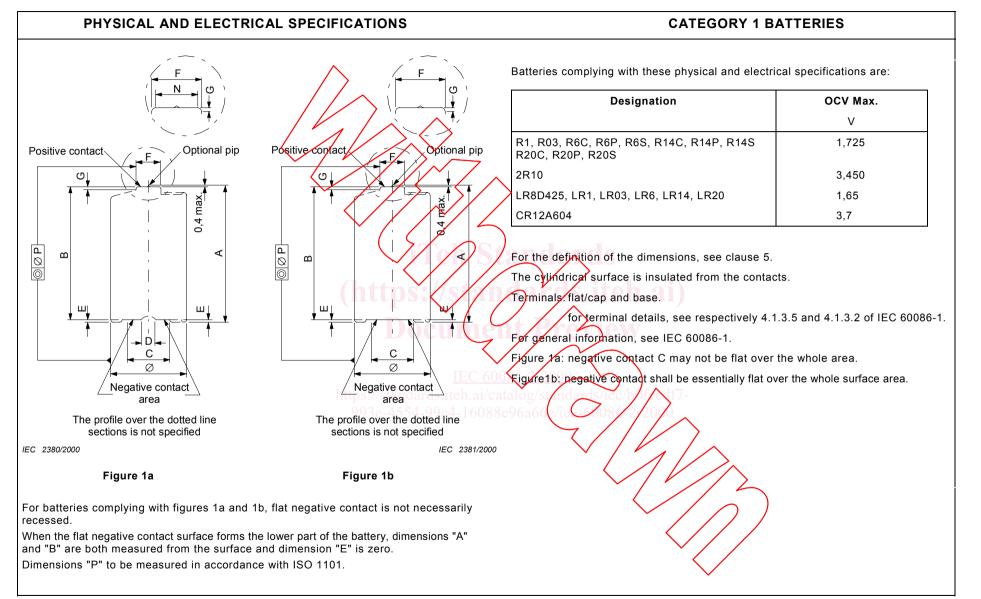
**6.8** Drawings of round batteries which correspond to figures 1a and 1b, figure 2, figure 3 and figure 4 are prepared by reduction or enlargement of the relevant original drawings. The other drawings are prepared by reduction or enlargement of conventional specification drawings.

In each case the drawings show the shape of the relevant batteries. Dimensions for each battery are shown in the tables.

### 7 Battery specification tables and sheets

NOTE See annex C for ease of locating battery sizes.

6F100



	PH	YSICAL	AND E	LECTR	ICAL S	PECIFI	CATIO	NS					CA	ATEGOR	Y 1 BATTE	RIES
Electro-	Designation	Vn				Di	mensio mm	ons			Dise	charge conditi	ons	MAD <sup>a</sup>		
chemical system		V	А	В	С	<u>/</u> Ę	F	G	Ø		ØP	R	Della secied	EV	(initial)	Applications
oyotom			Max.	Min.	Min.	Max.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Ω	Daily period	V	(,	l
(see note)	R1	1,5	30,2	29,1	5,0	0,2	4,0	0,5	12,0	10,9	0,5	300	12 h	0,9	76 h	Hearing aids
,		1,5	50,2	23,1	<b>9</b> ,0	0,2	<b>,</b> ,0	0,5	12,0	10,3	0,5	5,1	5 min	0,9	57 min	Portable lighting
					< >	$\langle    $		$\sim$				5,1	b	0,9	45 min	Portable lighting
					$\left \right\rangle$				$\sim$	7		10	1 h	0,9	1,4 h	Personal cassette playe and tape recorder
	R03	1.5	44,5	43,3	4,3	0,5	3,8	0.8	10,5	9,5	0,4	75	4 h	0,9	20 h	Radio
		1,0				0,5	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,0				24	15 s per min 8 h per day	1,0	4 h	Remote control
								7/		s	ano	3,6	s c	0,9	120 pulses	Pulse test
								$\langle \rangle$				43	4 h	0,9	25 h	Radio
							ntti	DS:	$\langle \gamma \rangle$	$\langle n \rangle$	$\gamma$	3,9	ten.a	0,8	47 min	Motor/toy
	R6C (high	1,5	50,5	49,2	7,0	0,5	5,5	1,0	14,5	13,5	0,5	10	1 h	0,9	3,5 h	Personal cassette playe and tape recorder
	capacity)	.,-		,_	.,.	htte		ndaud	<u>IE(</u>			24	15 s per min 8 h per day	1,0	10,9 h	Remote control
											$\checkmark$	1,8	) c)	0,9	46 pulses	Pulse test
		R6P igh power) 1,5	50,5			0,5	93e-4 5,5	554-9 1,0	9 <b>9c4-1</b> 14,5		96a66 0,5	48	7 4 h	0,9	27 h	Radio
												3,9	1 h	0,8	60 min	Motor/toy
				49,2	7,0							10	1 6	0,9	4,1 h	Personal cassette playe and tape recorder
	(ingli power)				,							24	15 s per min 8 h per day	1.0	1 <b>n</b> h	Remote control
												1,8	c	0,9	75 pulses	Pulse test
	R6S (standard)	1,5	50,5	49,2	7,0	0,5	5,5	1,0	14,5	13,5	0,5	43	4 h	0,9	2 <b>2</b> h	Radio
OTE Dela	ayed discharge p	erforma	nce afte	r 12 m	onths is	80 % c	of MAD.						·	$\sim$		
<sup>a</sup> Stanc	lard conditions.															
<sup>b</sup> 4 min	beginning at hou	urly inter	vals for	8 h pe	r day.											

<sup>c</sup> 15 s on, 45 s off for 24 h per day.

Electro-	Designation	Vn		Dimensions mm									charge conditio	MAD <sup>a</sup>		
chemical system		V	А	В	С	E	F	G	Ø		ØP	R	Deileeneried	EV	(initial)	Applications
oyotom			Max.	Min.	Min.	Max.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Ω	Daily period	V	, ,	
see note)							/		$\wedge$			3,9	b	0,9	250 min	Portable lighting
,	R14C	1,5	50,0	48,6	12 0	0,9	7.5	1,5	26,2	24,9	1,0	6,8	1 h	0,9	7 h	Tape recorders
	(high	1,5	50,0	40,0	13,0	0,9	1.3	1,5	20,2	Z4,9	1,0	20	4 h	0,9	25 h	Radio
	capacity)								· /			3,9	1 h	0,8	2,5 h	Тоу
						· /		1/	$\sim$			3,9	b	0,9	300 min	Portable lighting
	D14D	R14P 1,5 h power)	50,0	10.0	12.0	0,9	7,5	1,5	26,2	24,9	1,0	6,8	1 h	0,9	9 h	Tape recorders
	(high power)		50,0	48,6	13,0							20	4 h	0,9	30 h	Radio
												3.9	<b>1</b> h	0,8	4,8 h	Тоу
		- , -		48,6	13,0	0,9	7,5	1,5	26,2	24,9	$\overline{\mathcal{P}}_{0}$	3,9	b	0,9	120 min	Portable lighting
	R14S (standard)		50,0									6,8	<b>1e 1h 3i</b>	0,9	3,0 h	Tape recorders
			50,0							24,9	,0	20	4 h	0,9	15 h	Radio
										hen		3,9	lev1/h	0,8	1,5 h	Тоу
	(high	(high	61,5	59,5					1 0.01100111			2,2	b	0,9	300 min	Portable lighting (1)
					18,0	1,0	1959,5 <sub>18</sub> 93e-4	tan <b>1,5</b> rd 4554-9			1,0	3,9	Λh	0,9	9 h	Tape recorders
												10	$\rightarrow 4h$	0,9	30 h	Radio
			0.,0	00,0	. 0,0	-imil C					96a66	2,2	~ /1/ >	0,8	4 h	Тоу
	capacity)						950-4				90a00	1,5	4 min per 15	0,9	130 min	Portable lighting (2)
													8 h per day			
OTE Dela	ayed discharge p	perform	ance a	fter 12	months	is 80 %	of MA	D.				<b>i</b>	$\left[ \right]$	>	~	
a Sta	andard condition	s.											$\overline{}$		2	
b 4 n	nin beginning at	hourly	interva	ls for 8	h per d	ay.										